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2011. - 1 (CD - ROM). - : Pentium IV ;
8 ; Windows 2003 ; (CD - ROM -) ; . - .

©
©

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1.

1.1.

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1.2.

1.3.

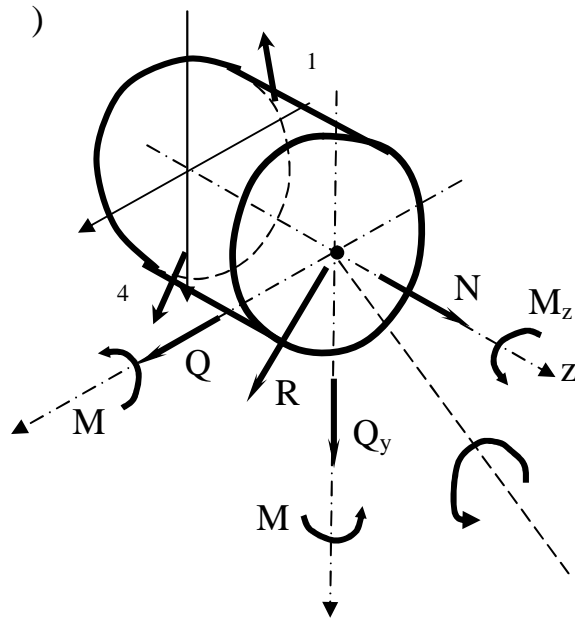
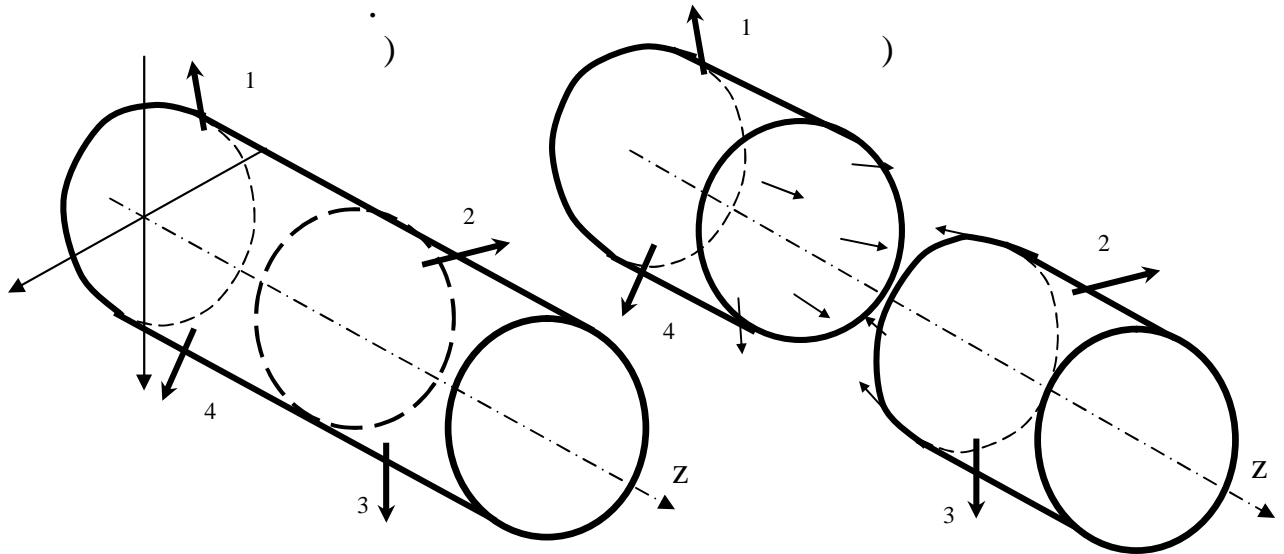
(1.1).

$$N, Q_y, Q_z, M_x, M_y, M_z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \dots &= 0, & \sum \dots &= 0, & \sum z &= 0, \\ \sum M_x &= 0, & \sum M_y &= 0, & \sum M_z &= 0. \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

$M_x, M_y, M_z.$

$N, Q_y, Q_z,$
(1.1),



.1.1.

()
(,)

: $N -$
, $z = -$

() ; $Q_y, Q_z -$
, $M, M_y -$

$N,$

Q_y, Q_z
 ().
 M_x, M_y
 1.3.

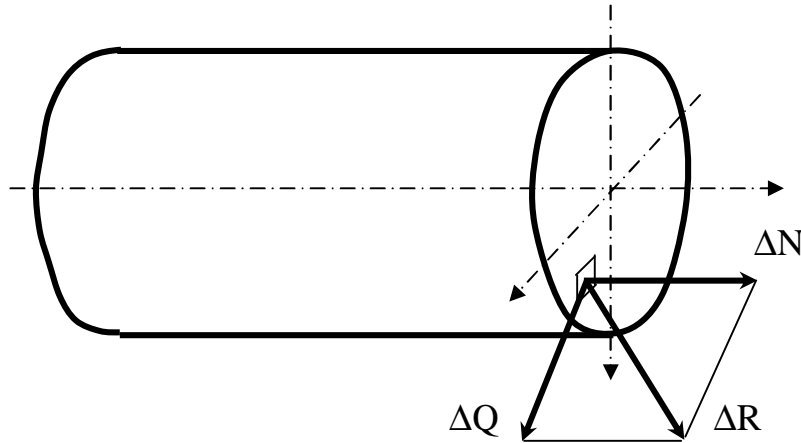
1. () - ();
 2. () - ;
 3. - ;
 4. - .
- 1.4.

$\Delta F,$ ΔR (. 1.2).

$$\frac{\Delta R}{\Delta F} = \frac{\Delta F}{\Delta F} \tag{1.2}$$

$\Delta F,$

$$= \lim_{\Delta F \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta R}{\Delta F}. \tag{1.3}$$



. 1.2.

ΔR ΔN $\Delta Q,$

$$\tau = \lim \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta F}; \tag{1.4}$$

$$\sigma = \lim \frac{\Delta N}{\Delta F}. \tag{1.5}$$

, σ τ

$$= \sqrt{\sigma^2 + \tau^2}. \tag{1.6}$$

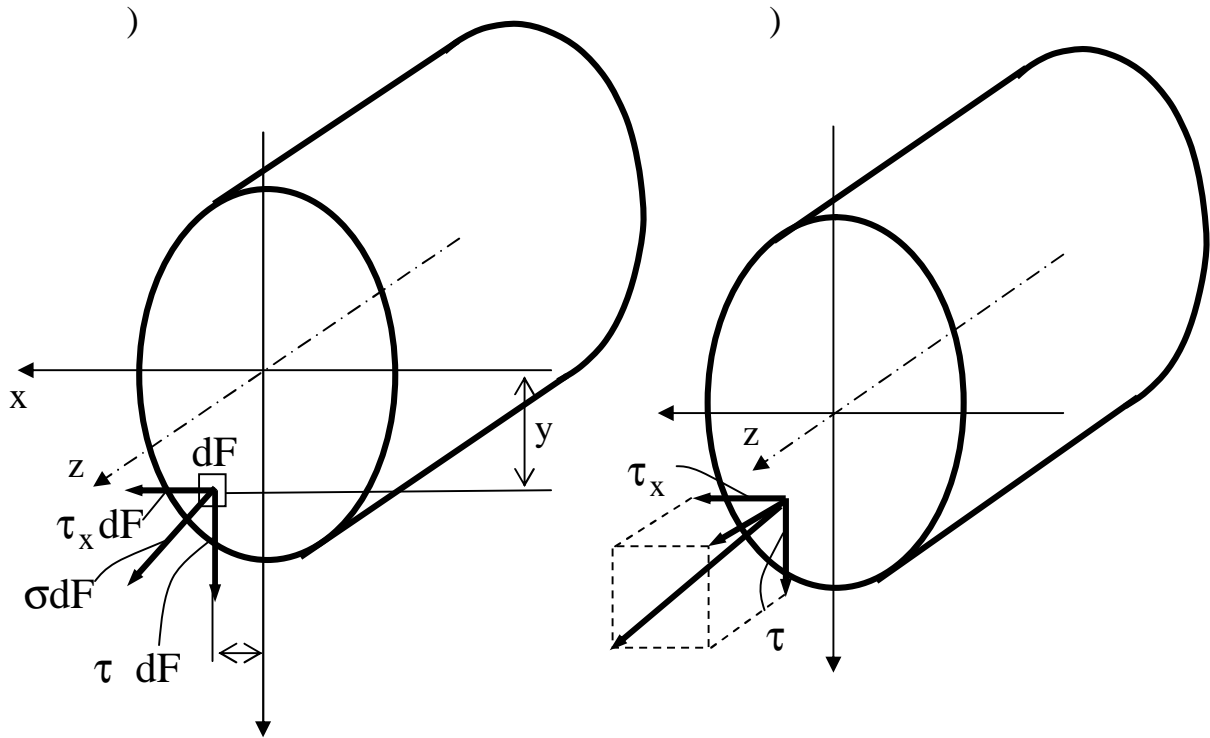
(/ ², / ²,).

1.6.

σ, τ, τ_z dF , -

(.1.3)

$$dN = \sigma dF, \quad dQ = \tau dF, \quad dQ = \tau dF.$$



. 1.3.

()

()

, -

$$\begin{aligned}
 N &= \int_F \sigma dF; \\
 Q &= \int_F \tau dF; \\
 Q &= \int_F \tau dF.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{1.7}$$

$$dM_x = \sigma y dF, \quad dM_y = \sigma x dF, \quad dM_z = (\tau_y x - \tau_x y) dF.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_x &= \int_F \sigma y dF; \\
 M_y &= \int_F \sigma x dF; \\
 M_z &= \int_F (\tau_y x - \tau_x y) dF.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{1.8}$$

$$(\ell_1 < \ell), \quad \varepsilon \quad (\ell_1 > \ell),$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta l}{\ell}. \quad (2.4)$$

$$\Delta l = \frac{N\ell}{EF}, \quad (2.5)$$

E — ; EF —

$$(2.1) \quad (2.4) \quad (2.5)$$

$$(2.5)$$

$$\sigma = E\varepsilon. \quad (2.6)$$

δ_{\max} .

$[\delta]$,

$$\delta_{\max} \leq [\delta]. \quad (2.7)$$

(2.2) (2.7)

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N

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— , N —
 , —
 , (). —

2.1.

(. 2.1,).

N ,
 δ N, σ , δ .
 $= 20$, $= 0,5$, $= 0,6$, $= 0,9$, $[\sigma] = 160$, $= 2 \cdot 10^5$.
 : 1. R .

$$\sum z = 0, -R_A + P_1 - P_2 - P_3 + P_4 = 0. \quad R_A = 20 .$$

2.

z_i

$$N_I = \sum P_{iz} = R_A = 20 ,$$

$$N_{II} = \sum P_{iz} = R_A - 1 = 20 - 40 = -20 ,$$

$$N_{III} = \sum P_{iz} = 4 - 3 = 45 - 35 = 10 ,$$

$$N_{IV} = \sum P_{iz} = 4 = 45 .$$

N . 2.1, .

3.

:

$$\sigma_I = \frac{N_I}{F_I} = \frac{20}{1,2F} = \frac{16,67}{F}, \quad \sigma_{II} = \frac{N_{II}}{F_{II}} = \frac{20}{0,8F} = \frac{25}{F},$$

$$\sigma_{\text{III}} = \frac{N_{\text{III}}}{1,5F} = \frac{10}{1,5F} = \frac{6,67}{F}, \quad \sigma_{\text{IV}} = \frac{N_{\text{IV}}}{F_{\text{IV}}} = \frac{45}{1,5F} = \frac{30}{F}.$$

4.
$$\frac{N_{\text{IV}}}{F_{\text{IV}}} = \frac{30}{F} \leq [\sigma]. \quad (2.2).$$

$$F \geq \frac{30}{[\sigma]} = \frac{30 \cdot 10^3}{160 \cdot 10^6} = 0,1875 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^2.$$

$$F_{\text{I}} = 1,2F = 0,225 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^2,$$

$$F_{\text{II}} = 0,8F = 0,150 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^2,$$

$$F_{\text{III}} = F_{\text{IV}} = 1,5F = 0,2812 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^2.$$

5.

$$\sigma_{\text{I}} = \frac{N_{\text{I}}}{F_{\text{I}}} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^3}{0,225 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 88,89,$$

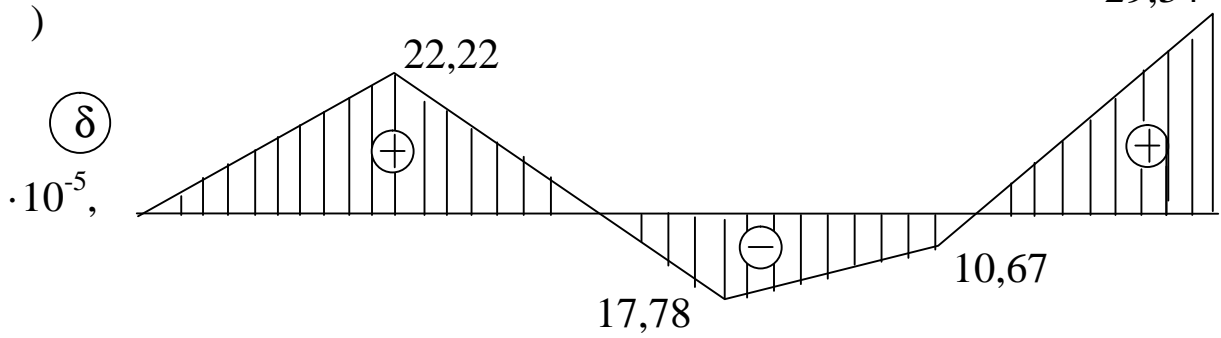
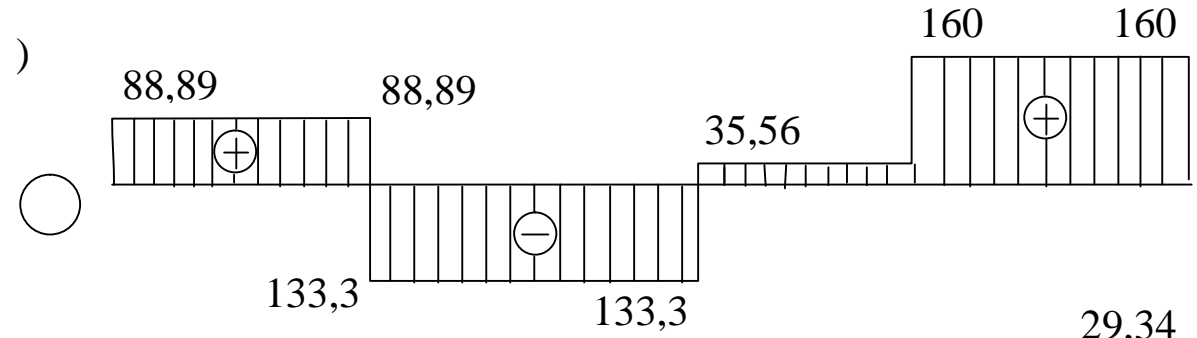
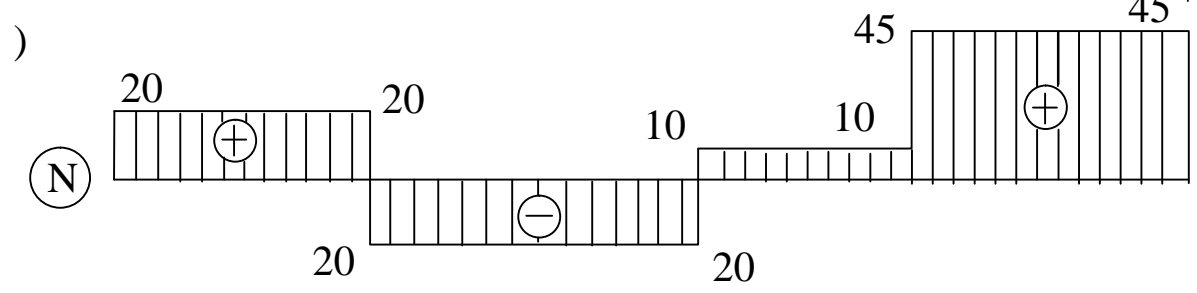
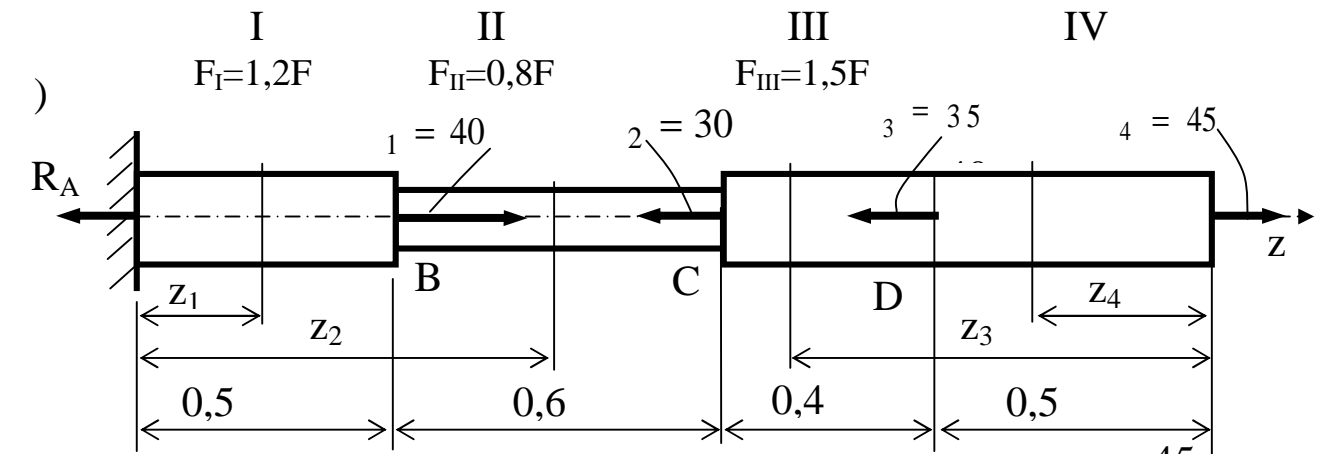
$$\sigma_{\text{II}} = \frac{N_{\text{II}}}{F_{\text{II}}} = \frac{-20 \cdot 10^3}{0,15 \cdot 10^{-3}} = -133,33,$$

$$\sigma_{\text{III}} = \frac{N_{\text{III}}}{F_{\text{III}}} = \frac{10 \cdot 10^3}{0,2812 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 35,56,$$

$$\sigma_{\text{IV}} = 160.$$

. 2.1, .

 σ



. 2.1. $\sigma(\cdot)$, $\delta(\cdot)$, $N(\cdot)$

6.

z.

(2.5):

$$\delta_A = 0,$$

$$\delta_B = \delta_A + \Delta l_I = 0 + \frac{N_I l_I}{E_I F_I} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{2 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot 0,225 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 2222 \cdot 10^{-5},$$

$$\delta_C = \delta_B + \Delta l_{II} = 2222 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{N_{II} l_{II}}{E F_{II}} = 2222 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{(-20 \cdot 10^3) 0,6}{2 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot 0,15 \cdot 10^{-3}} =$$

$$= -17,78 \cdot 10^{-5},$$

$$\delta_D = \delta_C + \Delta l_{III} = -17,78 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{N_{III} l_{III}}{E F_{III}} = -17,78 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,4}{2 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot 0,2812 \cdot 10^{-3}} =$$

$$= -17,78 \cdot 10^{-5} + 7,112 \cdot 10^{-5} = -10,67 \cdot 10^{-5},$$

$$\delta = \delta_D + \Delta l_{IV} = -10,67 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{N_{IV} l_{IV}}{E F_{IV}} = -10,67 \cdot 10^{-5} + \frac{10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,4}{2 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot 0,2812 \cdot 10^{-3}} =$$

$$= -10,67 \cdot 10^{-5} + 4001 \cdot 10^{-5} = 2934 \cdot 10^{-5}.$$

 δ

(2.1,).

2.2.

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. 2.2,

1 2

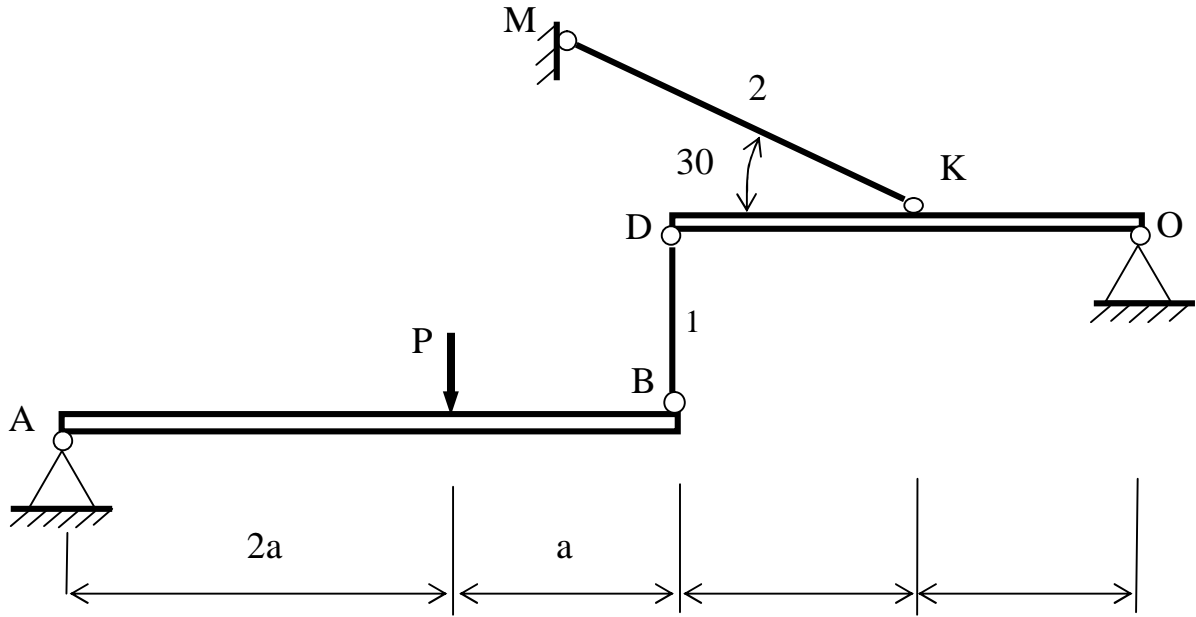
(, ,).

2.2

. 2.2.

2.2.

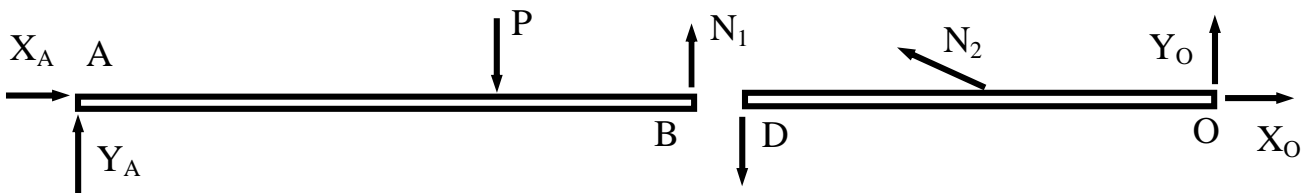
δ_{\max}



. 2.2.

$E = 2 \cdot 10^5$, $[\sigma] = 120$, $l_1 = 0,5$, $l_2 = 1,0$, $\alpha = 30^\circ$,
 $[\delta] = 0,015$.

1. :
 (. 2.3).



. 2.3.

1- 2- , , 1 2 -
 , , (. 2.3).
 2. N₁
 N₂.

$$\sum m_A = 0, -P2a + N_1 3a = 0, N_1 = \frac{2}{3}30 = 20 \text{ H},$$

$$\sum m_0 = 0, N_1 2a - N_2 2a \sin 30 = 0, N_2 = 2 \cdot 20 = 40 \text{ H}.$$

N₁ = 20 , N₂ = 40 .
 3.

$$F_1 \geq \frac{N_1}{[\sigma]} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^3}{120 \cdot 10^6} = 1,67 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ }^2,$$

$$F_2 \geq \frac{N_2}{[\sigma]} = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3}{120 \cdot 10^6} = 3,34 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ }^2.$$

4.

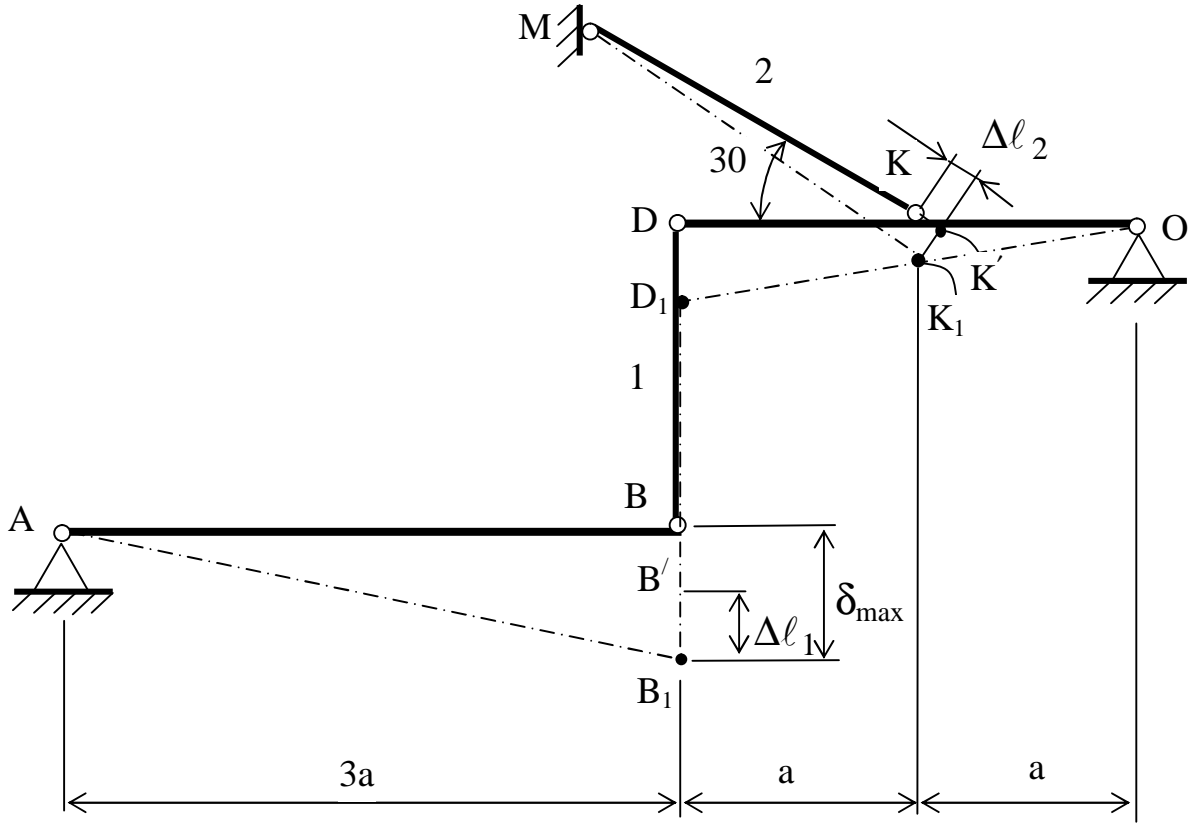
$$\Delta l_1 = \frac{N_1 l_1}{E_1 F_1} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 1,67 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 0,299 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ ,}$$

$$\Delta l_2 = \frac{N_2 l_2}{E_2 F_2} = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1,0}{2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 3,34 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 0,598 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\Delta l_1 \quad \Delta l_2$$

5.

(. 2.4).



. 2.4.

D

D.

K_1 .

M.

'M K_1

. D_1 .

'M.

1.

$l = DD_1$.

Δl_1 ,

δ_{max} .

. 1

6.

 $\delta_{\max} :$

$$\delta_{\max} = BB' + \Delta l_1 = DD_1 + \Delta l_1 = \frac{\Delta l_2 \cdot 2a}{\sin 30^\circ} + \Delta l_1 =$$

$$= (0,598 \cdot 4 + 0,299)10^{-3} = 0,269 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad .$$

(2.7)

$$\delta_{\max} \leq [\delta].$$

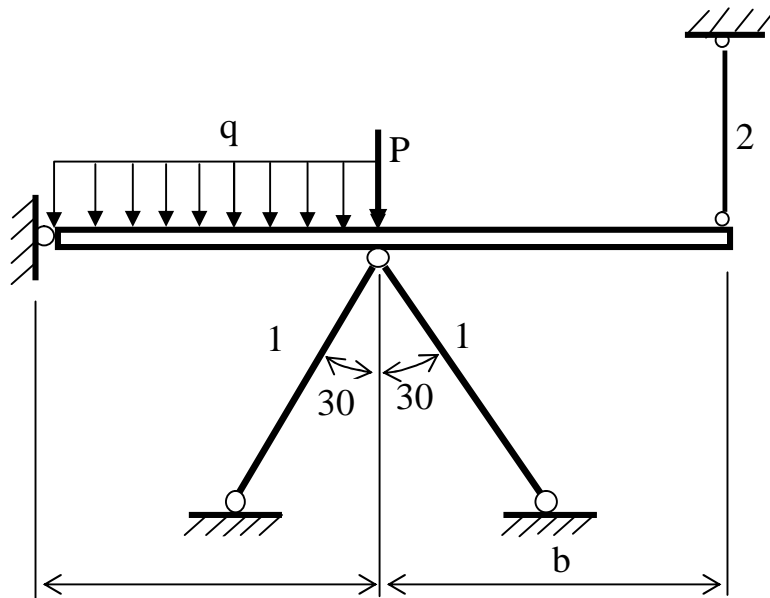
$$\delta_{\max} = 0,269 \cdot 10^{-2} < [\delta] = 0,015 \quad ,$$

.

2.3.

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 « » , « » -
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 . 2.5
 1
 , Δl_1
 , N_1 .
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 . Δl_i .
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. 2.5.

N_i Δl_i

$$\Delta l = \frac{Nl}{EF},$$

$$\Delta l_t = \alpha \Delta t l \quad (\alpha -$$

; Δt -

).

 N_i F_i

2.3.

2.6,

« » .

$$P = 20, q = 10 / ;$$

$$F_1/F_2 = 1,5; -$$

$$E_1 = 1 \cdot 10^5, E_2 = 2 \cdot 10^5 ;$$

$$l_1 = 1,5, l_2 = 1,0 ;$$

$$[\sigma]_1^- = 42, [\sigma]_2^- = 120 .$$

$$F_1, F_2, -$$

$$\sigma_{1p}, \sigma_{2p} -$$

1.

(2.6,)

$$\sum X_A = 0, \sum y = 0, \sum m = 0. ,$$

$$X_A, A, ,$$

$$N_1 + 2,31N_2 = 105. \tag{2.8}$$

$$(2.8) \quad N_1, N_2,$$

2.

$$1 \ 1 \ 1 \cdot$$

2.4.

$$\cdot 1$$

$$1$$

$$\Delta \ 1$$

:

$$1 \ 1 \cdot$$

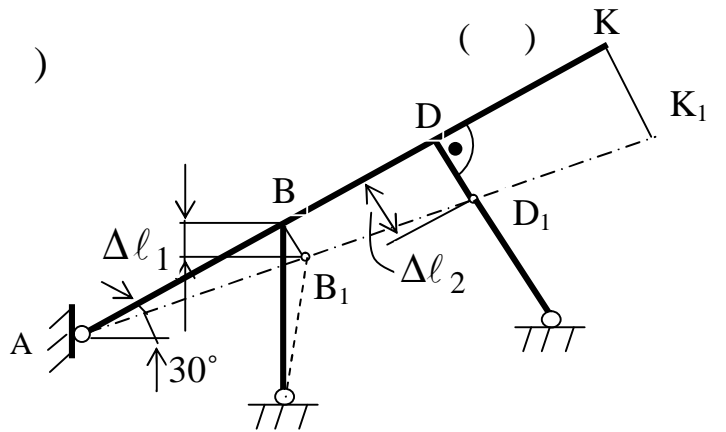
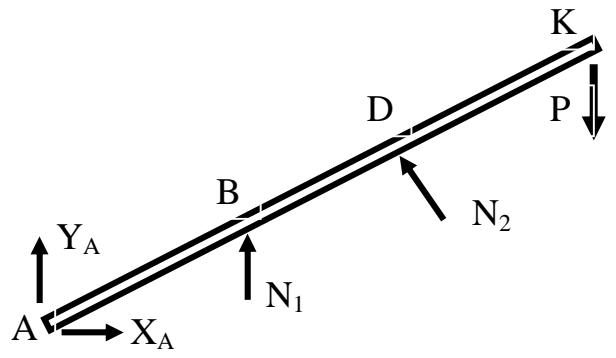
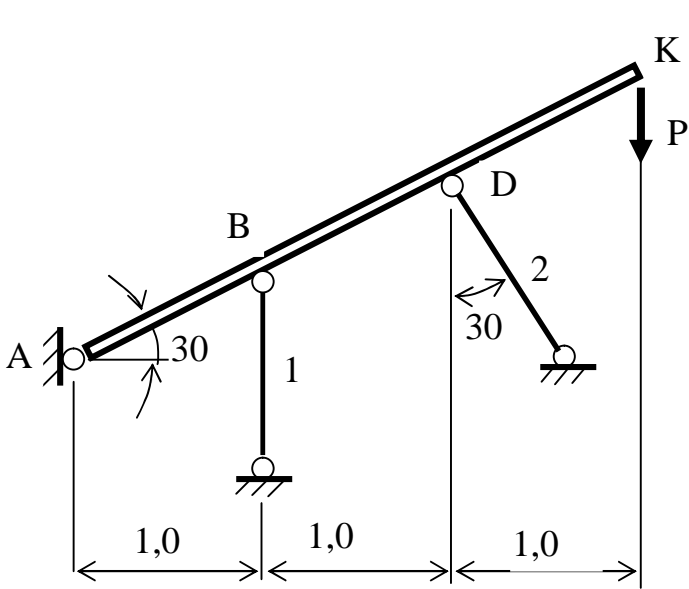
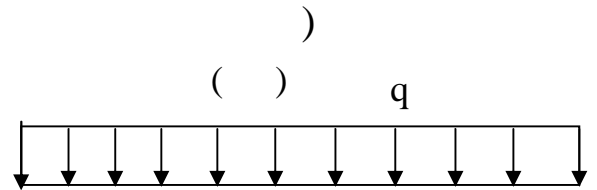
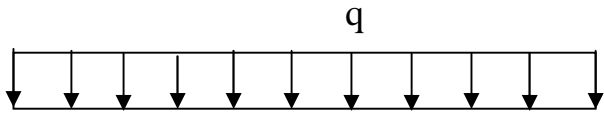
$$, \ 1 = \Delta l_2.$$

$$\Delta \ 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2,0}{\cos 30^\circ}, \quad = \frac{1,0}{\cos 30^\circ},$$

$$1 = \Delta l_2, \quad 1 = \frac{\Delta l_1}{\cos 30^\circ}.$$

a)



. 2.6.

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$$\frac{\Delta l_2}{\Delta l_1} \cos 30^\circ = \frac{2}{1}.$$

$$\sqrt{3} \Delta l_2 = 4 \Delta l_1. \quad (2.9)$$

3.

$$(2.9), \quad \Delta l_1 \quad :$$

$$\sqrt{3} \frac{N_2 l_2}{E_2 F_2} = 4 \frac{N_1 l_1}{E_1 F_1}. \quad (2.10)$$

(2.10),

$$N_2 = 4,62 N_1. \quad (2.11)$$

$$(2.8) \quad (2.11), \quad N_1 = 9 \quad ,$$

$$N_2 = 41,6 \quad .$$

$$N_1 = -9 \quad , N_2 = -41,6 \quad .$$

4.

$$F_1 \geq \frac{|N_1|}{[\sigma]_1^-} = \frac{9 \cdot 10^{-3}}{42} = 2,14 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2, \quad F_2 \geq \frac{|N_2|}{[\sigma]_2^-} = \frac{41,6 \cdot 10^{-3}}{120} = 3,47 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2.$$

$$= 5,20 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2 > 2,14 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2. \quad F_2 = 3,47 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2, \quad F_1 = 1,5 F_2,$$

$$\sigma_{1p} = \frac{N_1}{F_1} = \frac{-9 \cdot 10^3}{5,2 \cdot 10^{-4}} = -1,73 \cdot 10^7 \quad = -17,3 \quad ,$$

$$\sigma_{2p} = \frac{N_2}{F_2} = \frac{-41,6 \cdot 10^3}{3,47 \cdot 10^{-4}} = -12,0 \cdot 10^7 \quad = -120 \quad .$$

$\Delta t.$ (2.7,) , -
 $\Delta t = +30 ;$: -

$$\alpha_1 = 165 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{1}{\text{m}}, \quad \alpha_2 = 123 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{1}{\text{m}}.$$

$\sigma_{1t}, \sigma_{2t}.$

1. , 1 2 -

$$\Delta l_{1t} \quad \Delta l_{2t}, \quad , -$$

, 2 1 1 -

, 1. ,

, $N_{1t} (\quad) \quad N_{2t} (\quad)$ -

), ,

2.7, .

$$\sum m_A = 0; \quad -N_{1t} \cdot 1 + 2,31N_{2t} = 0. \quad \sum m_A = 0; \quad -N_{1t} \cdot 1 + 2,31N_{2t} = 0.$$

$F_1 F_2$

$$\frac{N_{1t}}{F_1 F_2} = 2,31 \frac{N_{2t}}{F_1 F_2}.$$

, $F_1 = 1,5 F_2, \sigma_{1t} = \frac{N_{1t}}{F_1}, \sigma_{2t} = \frac{N_{2t}}{F_2},$ -

$$\sigma_{1t} = 1,54 \sigma_{2t}. \quad (2.12)$$

2.

Δl_N . Δl_t - Δl_t -
 Δl_N , -
 Δl_{2N} , Δl_{1N} -
 .2.7, , -

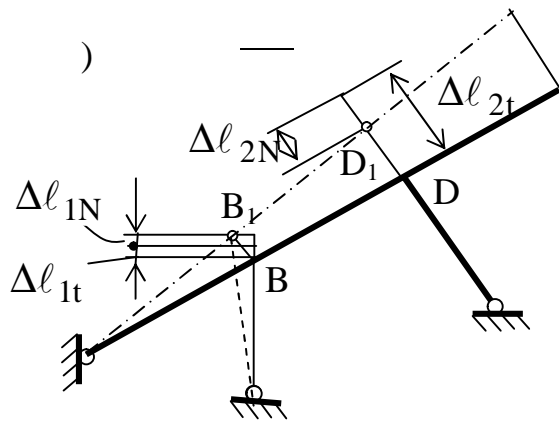
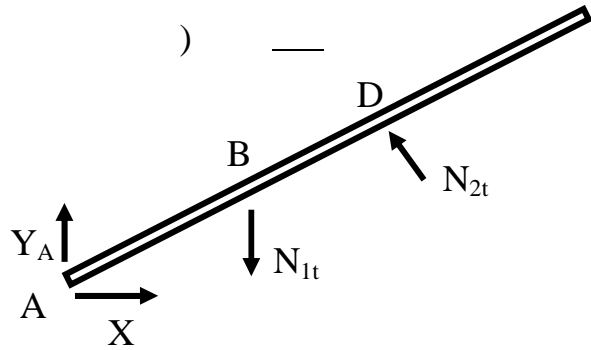
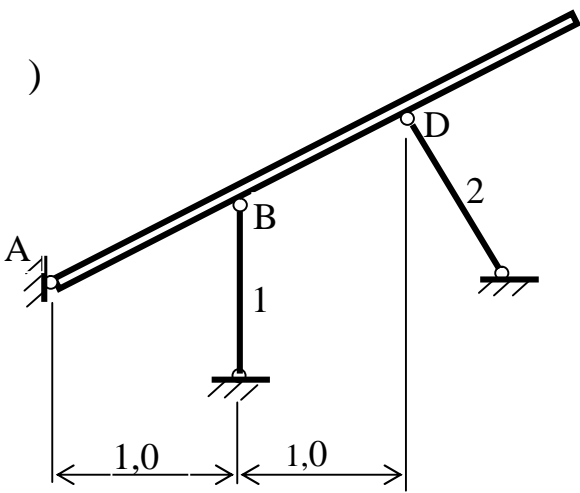
$$\Delta l_1 = \Delta l_{1t} + \Delta l_{1N}, \Delta l_2 = \Delta l_{2t} - \Delta l_{2N}.$$

(.2.6,)

(.2.7,),

N_{1t} N_{2t}

$$\sqrt{3}(\Delta l_{2t} - \Delta l_{2N}) = 4(\Delta l_{1t} + \Delta l_{1N}). \quad (2.13)$$



.2.7.

(), ()

3.

()

$$\Delta l_t = \alpha l \Delta t, \quad \Delta l_N = \frac{Nl}{EF}$$

(2.13)

$$\sqrt{3} \left(\alpha_2 l_2 \Delta t - \frac{N_2 l_2}{E_2 F_2} \right) = 4 \left(\alpha_1 l_1 \Delta t + \frac{N_1 l_1}{E_1 F_1} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{3} \left(125 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 30 \cdot 1,0 - \frac{\sigma_{2t} 1,0}{2 \cdot 10^5} \right) = 4 \left(165 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 30 \cdot 1,5 - \frac{\sigma_{1t} 1,5}{10^5} \right) \quad (2.14)$$

(2.12) (2.14),

$$\sigma_{1t} = -35,4, \quad \sigma_{2t} = -23,0$$

$$\sigma_{1t} = -35,4$$

$$\sigma_{2t} = 23,0$$

$$\sigma_2 = \sigma_{2p} + \sigma_{2t} = 23,0 - 120 = -97$$

$$[\sigma]_2^-, \quad \sigma_1 \quad [\sigma]_1^-$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_{1p} + \sigma_{1t} = -17,3 - 35,4 = 52,7 > [\sigma]_1^- = 42$$

 σ_Δ « Δ »,« Δ », σ_Δ .

2.3
 10,7
 $\sigma_{\Delta 1} = 12$

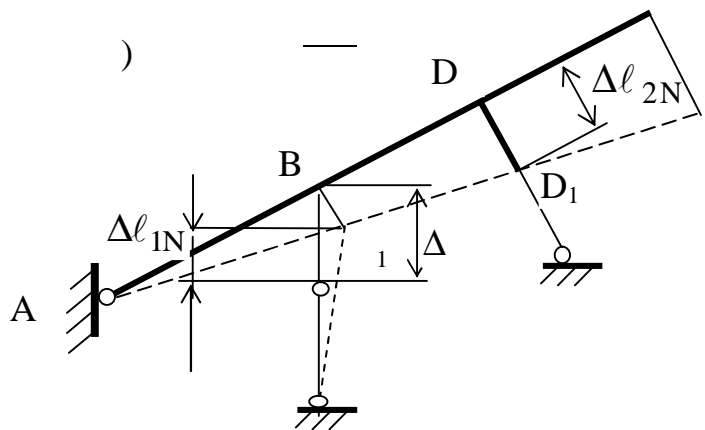
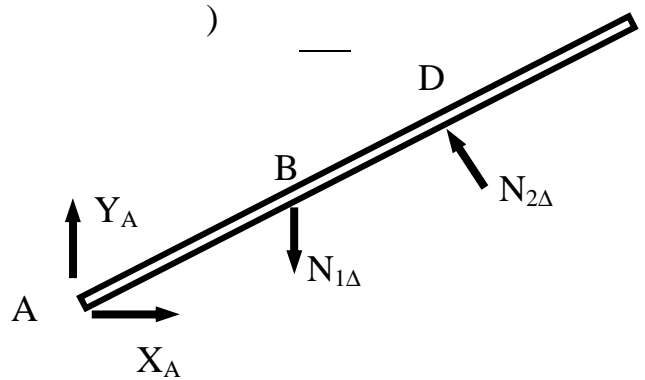
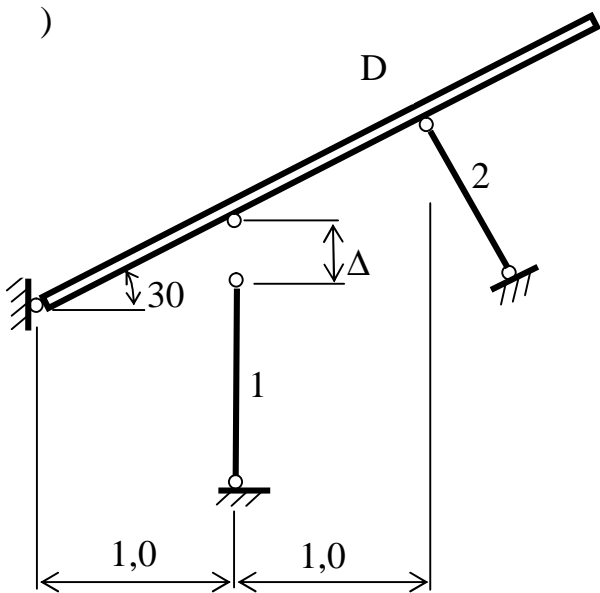
«Δ».

(. 2.8,)

«Δ».

«Δ»

$\sigma_{\Delta 1} = 12$



. 2.8.

(), (),
 ()

1. Δ , Δl_1 , Δl_2 , $N_{1\Delta}$, $N_{2\Delta}$.

$$\sum m_A = 0, \quad -N_{1\Delta} \cdot 1,0 + N_{2\Delta} \cdot 2/\sin 30 = 0.$$

$$F_1 = 1,5 F_2,$$

$$\sigma_{1\Delta} = 1,54 \sigma_{2\Delta}.$$

2. (2.8) , Δl_1 , Δl_2 .

$$l_1 = \frac{\Delta - \Delta l_1}{\cos 30^\circ}.$$

$$\frac{l_1}{1} = \frac{\Delta - \Delta l_1}{\cos 30^\circ}, \quad l_1 = \frac{\Delta - \Delta l_1}{\cos 30^\circ} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$l_1 = \Delta l_2,$$

$$\frac{\Delta - \Delta l_1}{\cos 30^\circ} = \frac{\Delta l_2}{2}. \tag{2.15}$$

3. (2.15)

$$\frac{\Delta - \frac{N_1 \ell_1}{E_1 F_1}}{\cos 30^\circ} = \frac{N_2 \ell_2}{2E_2 F_2}.$$

$$, \quad \sigma_{1\Delta} = \frac{N_{1\Delta}}{F_1}, \quad \sigma_{2\Delta} = \frac{N_{2\Delta}}{F_2},$$

$$(\sigma_{1\Delta} = 12, \quad \sigma_{2\Delta} = \frac{\sigma_{1\Delta}}{1,54} = 7,79),$$

$$\Delta - 12 \frac{1,0}{10^5} = 7,79 \frac{0,865 \cdot 1,5}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^5}. \quad (2.16)$$

$$(2.16) \quad \Delta, \quad \Delta = 1,45 \cdot 10^{-4}.$$

$$\sigma_{\Delta 1} = 12, \quad \sigma_{2\Delta} = -7,8.$$

$$\sigma_{.1} = -17,3 - 35,4 + 12 = -40,7,$$

$$\sigma_{.2} = -120 + 23 - 7,8 = -104,8.$$

3.

.

()

,

.

$x, y, z,$

$x, y, z.$

$P_x, P_y, P_z,$

.

:

.

9 , z,

$-\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \sigma_z, \tau_{xy}, \tau_{yx}, \tau_{zx}, \tau_{xz}, \tau_{zy}, \tau_{yz}$ (

$x, y, z).$

$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$

$\sigma_1 \geq \sigma_2 \geq \sigma_3.$

().

().

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$\sigma_1 > 0, \sigma_2 = \sigma_3 = 0,$

$-\sigma_3 < 0, \sigma_1 = \sigma_2 = 0.$

3.1.

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F},$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{P}{F_2} \quad \left(\quad \sigma_3 = -\frac{P}{F} \right).$$

$$\sigma_\alpha = \frac{P}{F_\alpha} = \frac{P}{F} \cos \alpha = \sigma \cos \alpha,$$

$$\sigma_\alpha = \sigma \cos^2 \alpha, \tag{3.1}$$

$$\tau_\alpha = \sigma \sin \alpha = \frac{\sigma}{2} \sin 2\alpha,$$

3.1 $\sigma_\alpha, \tau_\alpha$; α

n,

; σ

$$\sigma = \sigma_1$$

$$\sigma = \sigma_3$$

(3.1),

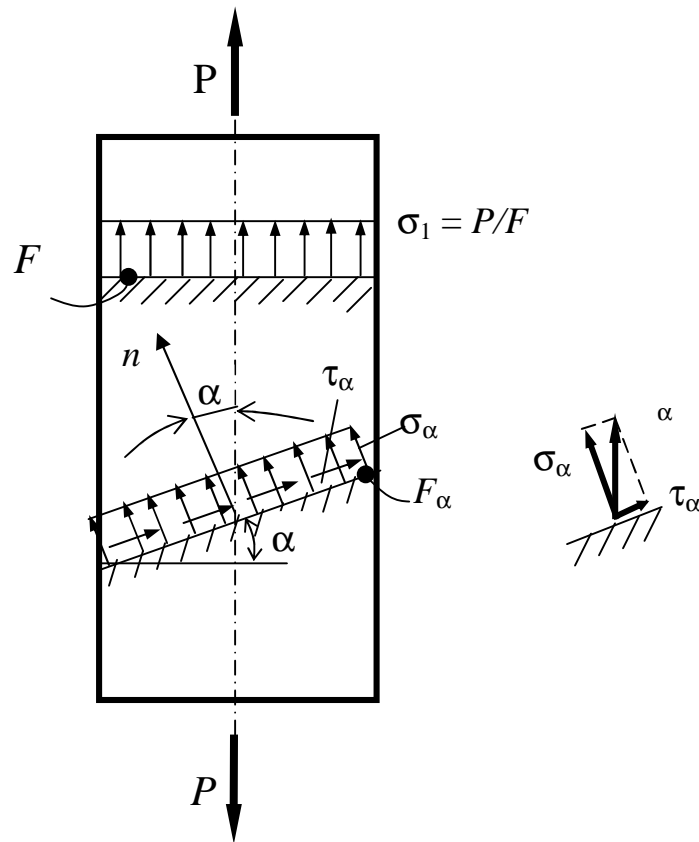
3.1.

$$\tau_\alpha = 16$$

$$(\text{3.1}): = 75, F = 15^2,$$

σ_α ;

α .



. 3.1.

I.

1. σ_1

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{P}{F} = \frac{75 \cdot 10^3}{15 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 50 \cdot 10^6 = 50 \quad ,$$

2. α

$$\tau_\alpha = \frac{\sigma_1}{2} \sin 2\alpha, \quad \sin 2\alpha = \frac{2\tau_\alpha}{\sigma_1} = \frac{2 \cdot 16}{50} = 0,64.$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \arcsin 0,64 = 39 \ 50'$$

, 180 .

$$2\alpha_1 = +39 \ 50', \quad \alpha_1 = +19 \ 55',$$

$$2\alpha_2 = 180 - 2\alpha_1 = +140 \ 10', \quad \alpha_2 = +70 \ 5'.$$

3.2, .

3. $n_1 \quad n_2$

(3.1)

$$\sigma_{\alpha_1} = \sigma_1 \cos^2 \alpha_1 = 50 \cos^2 19^\circ 55' = 42,27 \quad ,$$

$$\sigma_{\alpha_2} = \sigma_1 \cos^2 \alpha_2 = 50 \cos^2 70^\circ 5' = 5,75 \quad .$$

$\tau_2 \quad \sigma_2,$

$$p_{\alpha_1} = \sqrt{\sigma_{\alpha_1}^2 + \tau_{\alpha}^2} = \sqrt{44,27^2 + 16^2} = 47,07 \quad ,$$

$$p_{\alpha_2} = \sqrt{\sigma_{\alpha_2}^2 + \tau_{\alpha}^2} = \sqrt{5,75^2 + 16^2} = 17,0 \quad .$$

. 3.2,

$n_1 \quad n_2,$

II.

$\sigma -$, $\tau -$ (. 3.2,). $\sigma, \tau,$

$\sigma_1 > 0, \tau = 0,$ 1

$(\sigma_1, 0);$, $\sigma_2 = 0, \tau = 0,$

$_2 (0, 0);$ $n_1 c$ $\sigma_{\alpha_1}, \tau_{\alpha_1}$ (. 3.2,) -

$n_1 (\sigma_{\alpha_1}, \tau_{\alpha_1})$. . , , -

$_2 \quad _1$ (. 3.2,)

$_2 \quad _1$, -

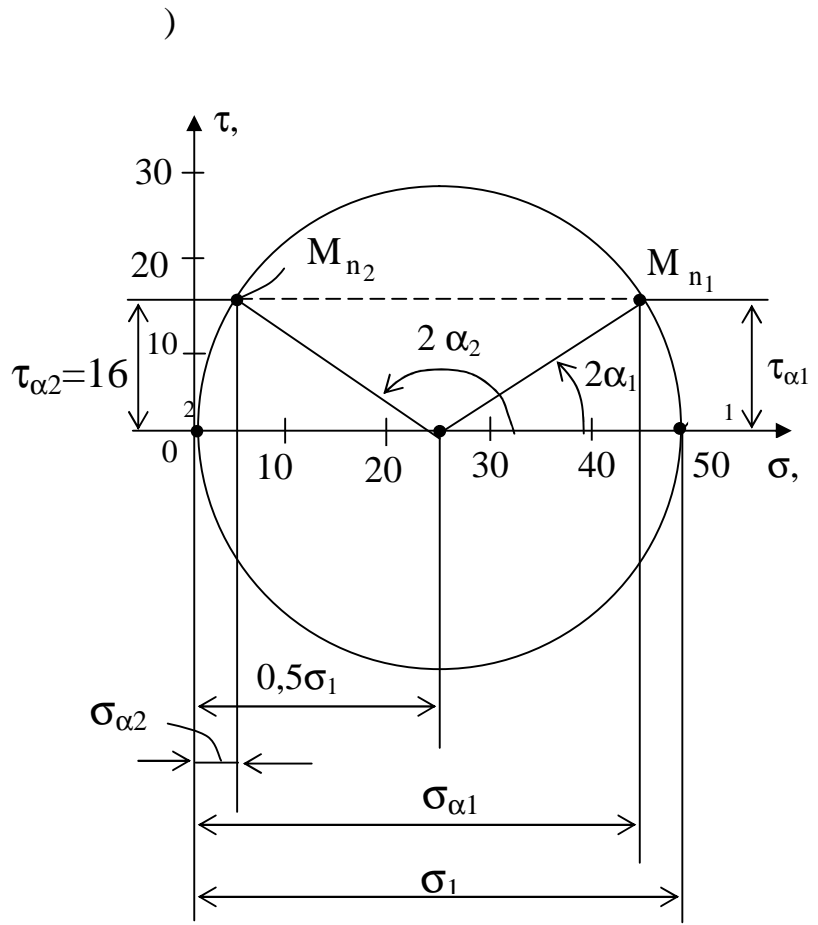
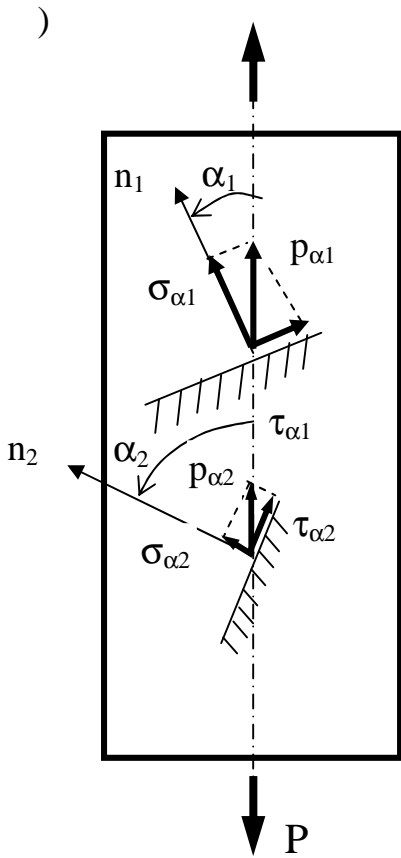
$\sigma_1/2$.

τ

τ .

τ ,

$\sigma_3/2$.



. 3.2.

n_1 n_2

(),

n_1 n_2 ,

()

3.1

. 3.2,

σ τ

10

$\sigma_1 = 50$

$\tau = 16$.
 n_1 n_2 , n_1 n_2 ,
 σ_{α_1} σ_{α_2} -
 $2\alpha_2$, 1 n_2 $2\alpha_1$,
 () .
 3.2.

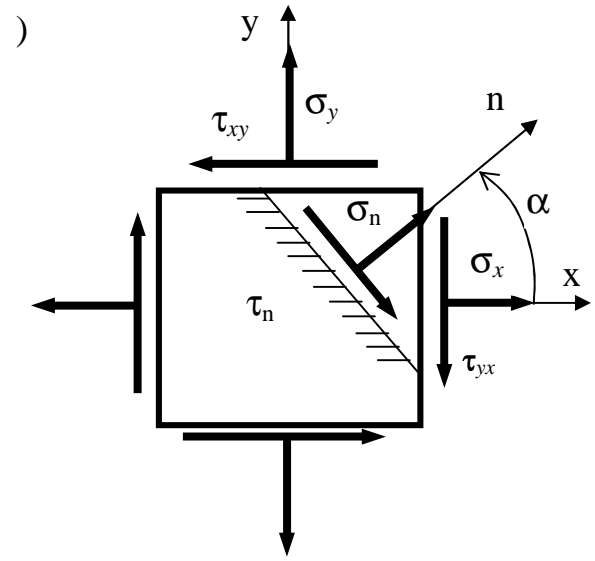
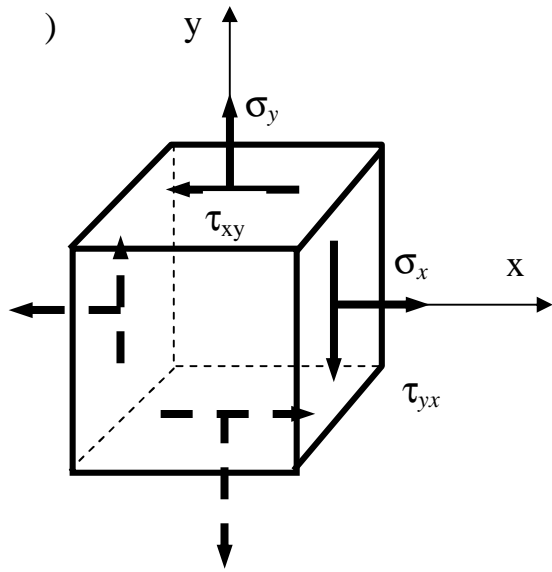
(. 3.3,) ,
 . 3.3,
 «n», α (
 σ_n , τ_n n) .

$$\sigma_n = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\alpha - \tau_{xy} \sin 2\alpha, \tag{3.2}$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \sin 2\alpha + \tau_{xy} \cos 2\alpha,$$

σ , σ , τ τ -
 $\sigma_n(\alpha)$ α
 τ_n

$$\frac{d\sigma_n(\alpha)}{d\alpha} = -2 \left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \sin 2\alpha + \tau_{xy} \cos 2\alpha \right) = -2\tau_n. \tag{3.3}$$



. 3.3.

(),
n ()

(3.2)
alpha.

$$\sigma_n = \sigma_n(\alpha) \quad \tau_n = \tau_n(\alpha)$$

alpha_2

$$\alpha_1 \quad \alpha_2 \quad \alpha_1$$

sigma_n(alpha).

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma_n(\alpha)}{d\alpha^2}$$

$$\sigma_{\max}, \quad -\sigma_{\min} \cdot \tau_n(\alpha_0) = 0,$$

$$\operatorname{tg} 2\alpha_0 = -\frac{2\tau_{yx}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}, \quad (3.4)$$

2 alpha_0 -

,
 , 90° .
 $\alpha_1 \quad \alpha_2, \quad \alpha_1 = \alpha_0, \quad \alpha_2 = \alpha_0 + 90^\circ$.

$$\sigma_{\max, \min} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(\sigma_x - \sigma_y)^2 + 4\tau_{yx}^2}. \quad (3.5)$$

$$\sigma_{\max} \quad \sigma_{\min} \quad (3.5),$$

$$\sigma_{\max} + \sigma_{\min} = \sigma_x + \sigma_y = \text{const.}$$

$$\sigma_{\max} \quad \sigma_{\min},$$

n.

$$\sigma_{\max} \quad \beta \quad \beta, \quad \text{«n} \quad \alpha). \quad (3.2)$$

$$\sigma_n = \frac{\sigma_{\max} + \sigma_{\min}}{2} + \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2} \cos 2\beta, \quad (3.6)$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2} \sin 2\beta.$$

$$(3.2), (3.4), (3.5), (3.6)$$

,

σ

σ

$$\sigma_1 \geq \sigma_2 \geq \sigma_3.$$

σ_1

1,

$n_1 M_{n_2}$

3.2,
 $2\alpha_1 \quad 2\alpha_2.$

3.2.

(. 3.4,)

$\sigma = 60$

$\sigma = 30$, $\tau = 20$.

I.

1.

σ , $\sigma = \sigma$.
 σ τ , .
 σ τ .
 α ,
 σ (,
 τ), +30 , .
 (3.2):

$$\sigma_n = \sigma = 30 = \frac{\sigma_x - 60}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - 60}{2} \cos 60 - \tau_{yx} \sin 60 ,$$

$$\tau_n = \tau = 20 = \frac{\sigma_x - 60}{2} \sin 60 + \tau_{yx} \cos 60 .$$

σ τ ,
 $\sigma = 63,09$, $\tau = 37,32$..

2. (3.5)

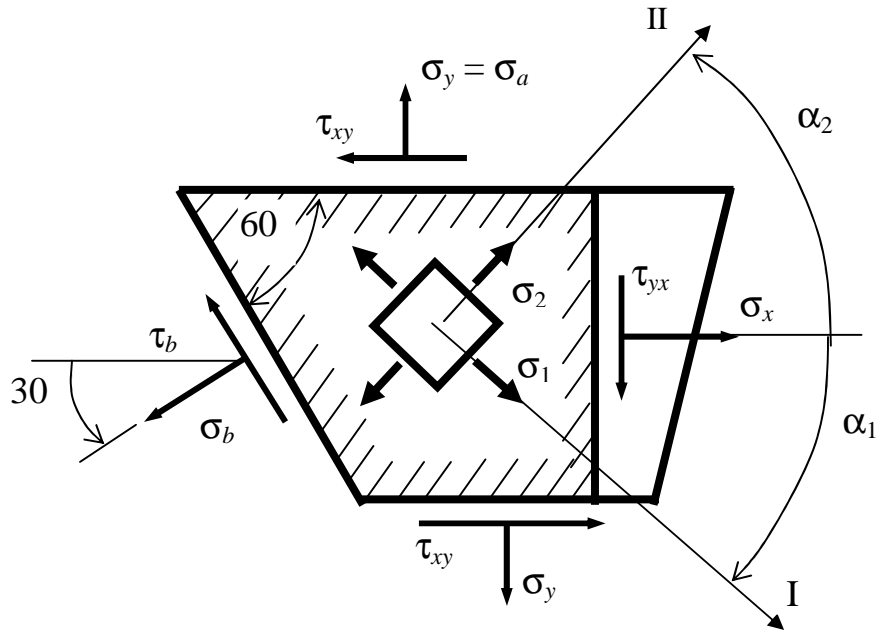
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\max, \min} &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(\sigma_x - \sigma_y)^2 + 4\tau_{yx}^2} = \\ &= \frac{63,09 + 60,0}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(63,09 - 60,0)^2 + 4(37,32)^2} = 61,54 \pm 37,35. \end{aligned}$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = 61,54 + 37,35 = 98,89 = \sigma_1,$$

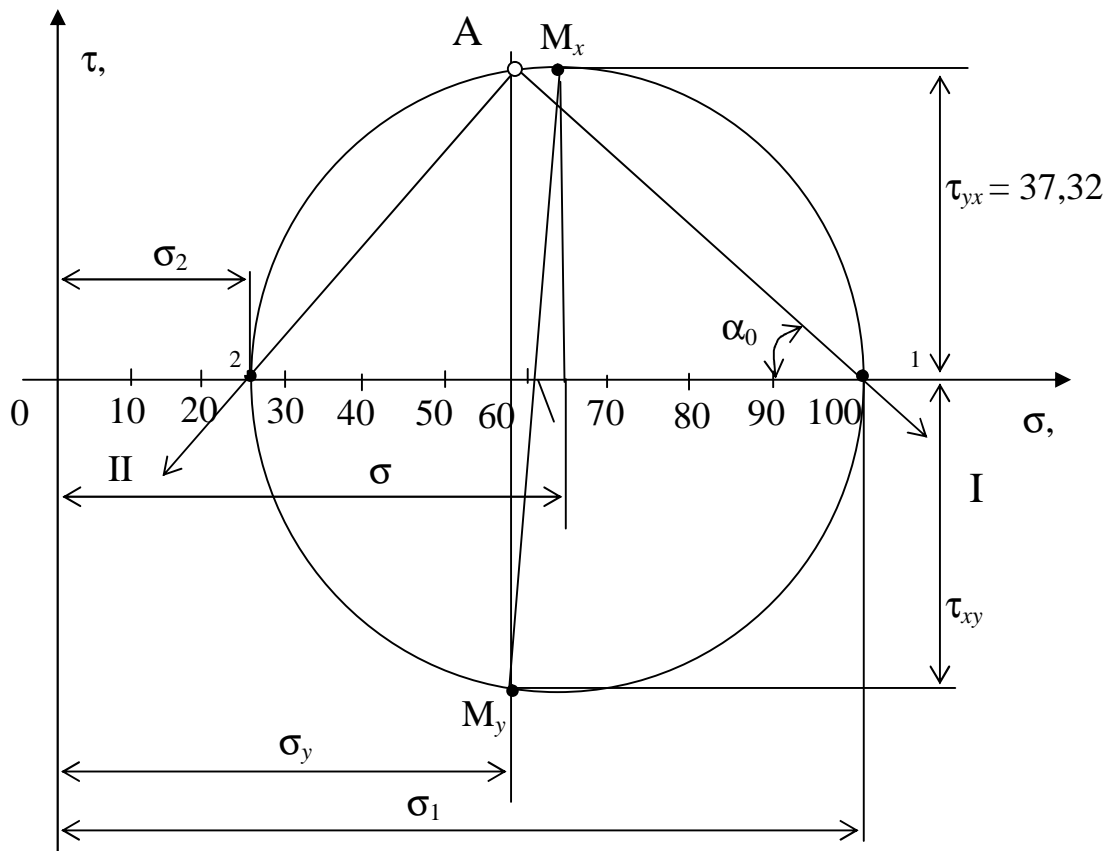
$$\sigma_{\min} = 61,54 - 37,35 = 24,19 = \sigma_2,$$

$$\sigma_3 = 0.$$

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)



. 3.4.

(),
()

3.

(3.4)

$$\operatorname{tg} 2\alpha_0 = -\frac{2\tau_{yx}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = -\frac{2 \cdot 37,32}{63,09 - 60} = -24,15.$$

$$2\alpha_0 = -87 \ 30',$$

$$\alpha_1 = -43 \ 45'',$$

$$\alpha_2 = \alpha_1 + 90 = +46 \ 15'.$$

4.

 α_0

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_n}{d\alpha^2} = -2(\sigma_x - \sigma_y)\cos 2\alpha + 4\tau_{yx}\sin 2\alpha.$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_1 = -43 \ 45' \quad \frac{d^2\sigma_n}{d\alpha^2},$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_n}{d\alpha^2} = -2(63,21 - 60)\cos(-2 \cdot 43^\circ 45') + 4 \cdot 37,59 \sin(-2 \cdot 43^\circ 45') < 0.$$

5. , α_0 σ_{\max} . 3.4, I II. α_1 (), α_2 (). - () - () .

II.

1.

 (σ_x, τ_{yx}) (σ, τ) ,

$$\sigma_x = 63,09 \quad , \quad \tau_{yx} = 37,32 \quad ,$$

$$\sigma = 60,0 \quad , \quad \tau = -\tau = -37,32 \quad .$$

$$\sigma_1 \quad \sigma_2,$$

2.

I II.

. 3.4, ,

3.3.

$$\sigma_{\max} = 100 \quad , \quad \sigma_{\min} = -50 \text{ M} \quad .$$

:

$$\beta = -30 \quad (\quad \sigma_{\max}), \quad - \quad \theta = 30 \quad (\quad \sigma_{\min}) \quad (\quad .3.5, \quad , \quad).$$

I.

1.

$$\beta = -30$$

(3.6)

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\beta} &= \frac{\sigma_{\max} + \sigma_{\min}}{2} + \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2} \cos 2(-30) = \\ &= \frac{100 + (-50)}{2} + \frac{100 - (-50)}{2} \cos(-60) = 57,5 \quad , \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau_{\beta} = \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2} \sin 2(-30) = \frac{100 + 50}{2} 0,866 = 64,95 \quad .$$

1.

$$\theta = +30 \quad (\quad \sigma_{\min}).$$

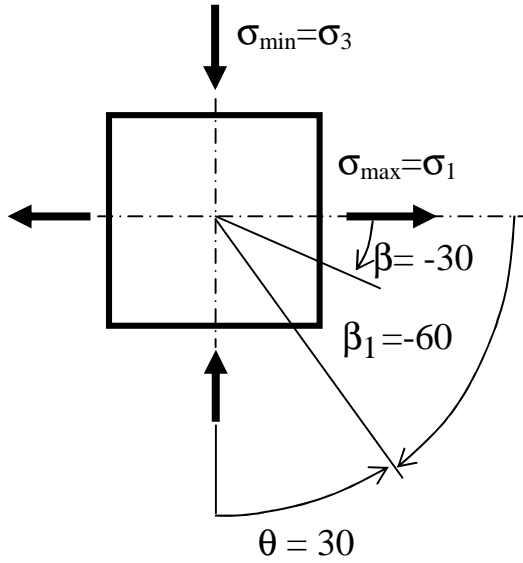
(3.6)

σ_{max} ,

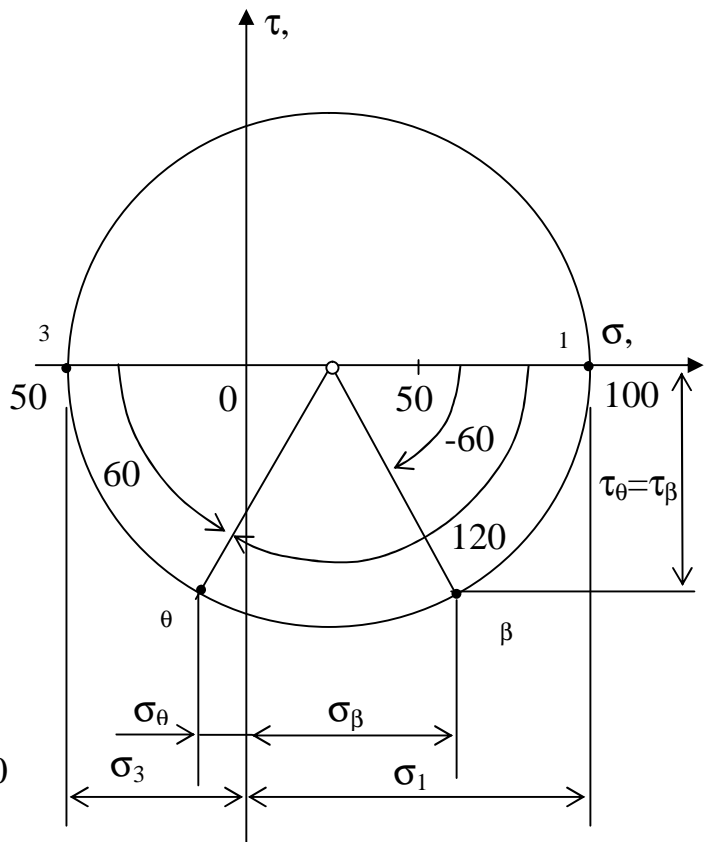
+30

-

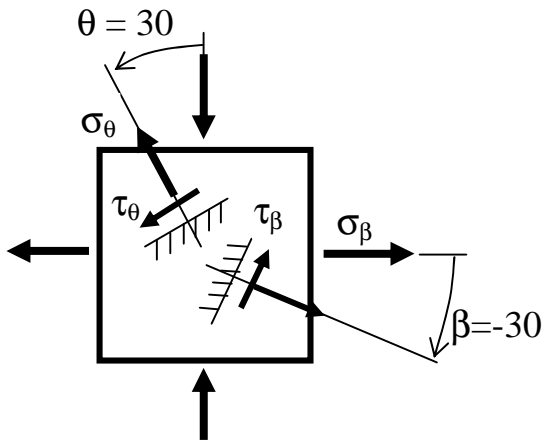
)



)



)



. 3.5.

β, θ

$\beta, \theta ()$;

$()$;

$\beta, \theta ()$

. 3.5,

$\beta_1 = -60$.

$$\sigma_{\theta} = \frac{100 + (-50)}{2} + \frac{100 - (-50)}{2} \cos 2(-60^{\circ}) = -12,5$$

$$\tau_{\theta} = \frac{100 - (-50)}{2} \sin 2(-60^{\circ}) = 64,95 \quad .$$

II.

1.

$(\sigma_3 = \sigma_{\min} = -50)$, $(\sigma_1 = \sigma_{\max} = 100)$,
 , $(\sigma_2 = 30)$,
 $-2 \cdot 30 = -60$, β ,
 120 , σ_{β} , τ_{β} , σ_{θ} , τ_{θ} (, $2(-60) = -$
 $\cdot 3.5$, θ , $2(+30) = +60$,
 θ) .

3.3.

$$\varepsilon_1 = \frac{1}{3} [\sigma_1 - \mu(\sigma_2 + \sigma_3)],$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = \frac{1}{3} [\sigma_2 - \mu(\sigma_1 + \sigma_3)], \quad (3.7)$$

$$\varepsilon_3 = \frac{1}{3} [\sigma_3 - \mu(\sigma_1 + \sigma_2)],$$

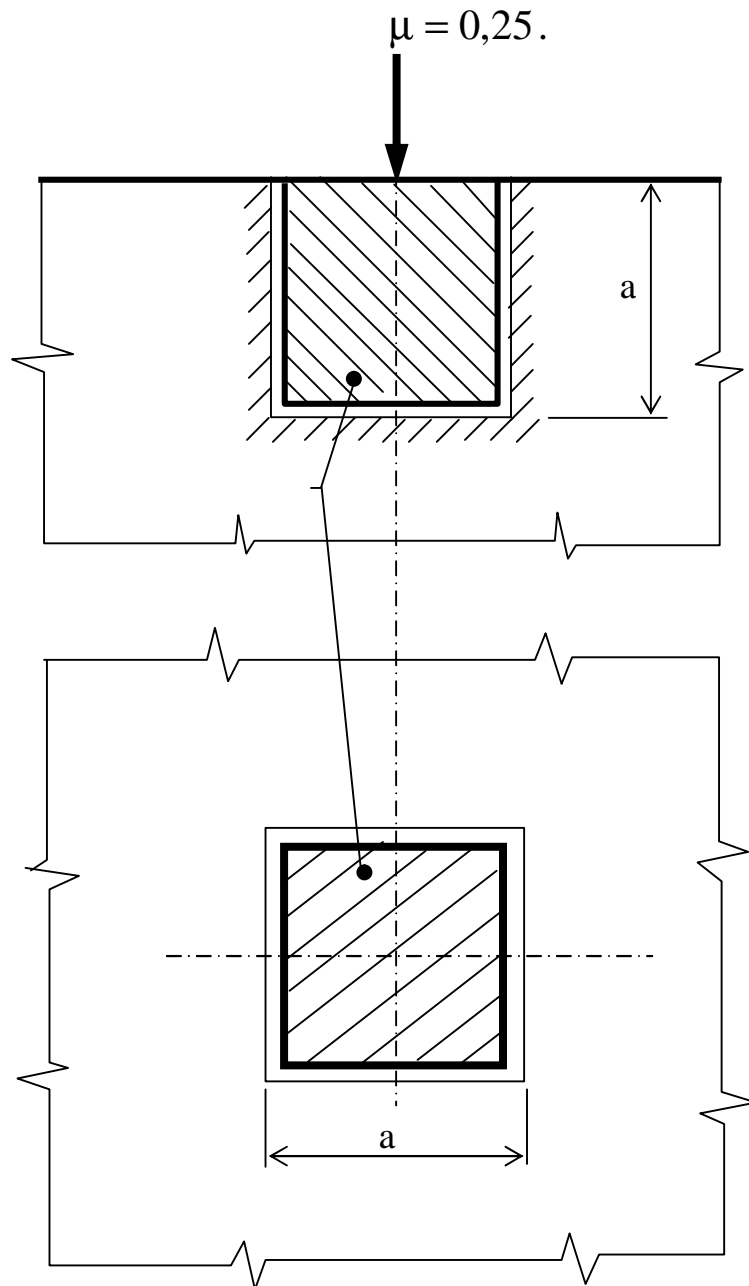
$\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \varepsilon_3 -$

$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3; \quad \mu -$

(3.7)

3.4.

. 3.6



. 3.6. ,

$$\sigma_3 = -\frac{P}{a^2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \sigma_3 & & \sigma_1, \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_1 & \sigma_2 & \end{matrix} :$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \epsilon_2 = 0.$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_2.$$

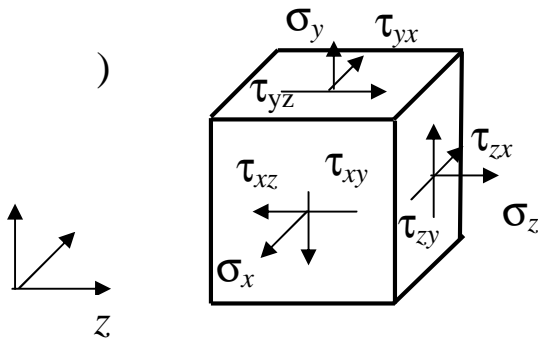
$$\epsilon_1 = \epsilon_2 = \frac{1}{3}[\sigma_1 - \mu(\sigma_2 + \sigma_3)] = 0,$$

$$\sigma_1 - \mu\sigma_2 = \mu\sigma_3.$$

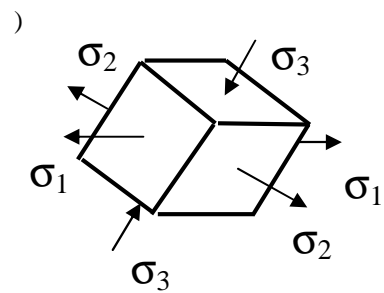
$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\mu\sigma_3}{(1-\mu)} = \frac{0,25\sigma_3}{(1-0,25)} = \frac{\sigma_3}{3} = -\frac{P}{3a^2}.$$

3.4.

$$= \tau_{zy}, \tau_{zx} = \tau_{xz} \quad (3.7).$$



. 3.7.



()
()

σ_2, σ_3 (.3.7,).

$$\begin{aligned} (\sigma - \sigma)l + \tau m + \tau n &= 0, \\ \tau l + (\sigma - \sigma)m + \tau_z n &= 0, \\ \tau_{zx} l + \tau_{zy} m + (\sigma_z - \sigma)n &= 0, \end{aligned} \quad (3.8)$$

$\sigma -$

; , $m, n -$

$$\begin{aligned} & , m \quad n. \\ (\ell = 0; m = 0; n = 0) & : \\ \ell^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1. & \end{aligned}$$

, m, n

$$\begin{vmatrix} (\sigma - \sigma) & \tau & \tau \\ \tau & (\sigma - \sigma) & \tau_z \\ \tau_{zx} & \tau_{zy} & (\sigma_z - \sigma) \end{vmatrix} = 0. \quad (3.9)$$

$$\sigma^3 - J_1 \sigma^2 + J_2 \sigma - J_3 = 0, \quad (3.10)$$

$J_1, J_2, J_3 -$

$$\begin{aligned} J_1 &= \sigma_x + \sigma + \sigma_z, \\ J_2 &= \sigma \sigma + \sigma \sigma_z + \sigma_z \sigma - \tau^2 - \tau_z^2 - \tau_{zx}^2, \\ J_3 &= \sigma \sigma \sigma_z + 2\tau \tau_z \tau_{zx} - \sigma \tau_z^2 - \sigma \tau_{zx}^2 - \sigma_z \tau_{xy}^2. \end{aligned} \quad (3.11)$$

$$\sigma_1 > \sigma_2 > \sigma_3.$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_1 &= \sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3, \\ J_2 &= \sigma_1 \sigma_2 + \sigma_2 \sigma_3 + \sigma_3 \sigma_1, \\ J_3 &= \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3. \end{aligned} \tag{3.12}$$

(, - I, II ;
 - III IV .

$\sigma_{\text{I}} = \sigma_1 - \chi\sigma_3 \leq [\sigma]^+, \quad (3.13)$

$\chi = \sigma / \sigma -$

$\sigma_{\text{I.I}} = \sigma_1 \leq [\sigma]^+. \quad (3.14)$

$\sigma_{\text{II}} = \sigma_1 - \mu(\sigma_2 + \sigma_3) \leq [\sigma]^+. \quad (3.15)$

III
 IV

. III : ()
 , - - - . -
 :
 $\sigma_{.III} = \sigma_1 - \sigma_3 \leq [\sigma].$ (3.16)

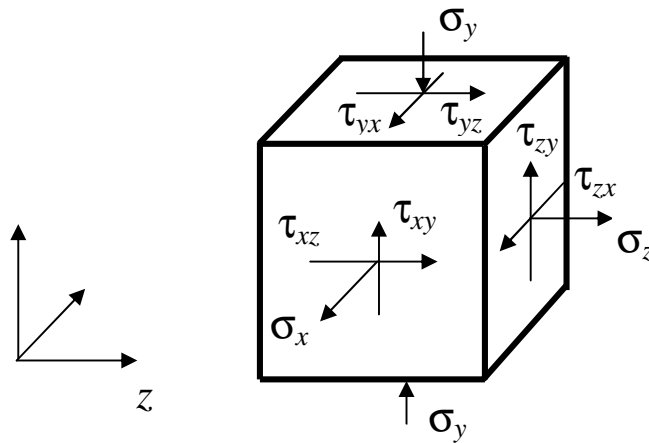
IV . III
 , III
 IV , III
 : -
 , -
 , :
 $\sigma_{.IV} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} [(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2]} \leq [\sigma].$ (3.17)

3.5.

(. 3.8),

$\sigma_x = 20$, $\sigma_y = -40$, $\sigma_z = 60$, $\tau_{xy} = -10$,
 $\tau_{xz} = 30$, $\tau_{yz} = -50$. - .3: $[\sigma]$
 $= 160$.

IV .



. 3.8.

I.
1. (3.15)

$$\sigma^3 - J_1 \sigma^2 + J_2 \sigma - J_3 = 0.$$

2. (3.17)

$$J_1 = \sigma_x + \sigma_y + \sigma_z = 20 + (-40) + (+60) = 40,$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_2 &= \sigma_x \sigma_y + \sigma_x \sigma_z + \sigma_y \sigma_z - \tau_{xy}^2 - \tau_{yz}^2 - \tau_{zx}^2 = \\ &= (+20)(-40) + (-40)(+60) + (+60)(+20) - \\ &\quad - (-10)^2 - (+30)^2 - (-50)^2 = -5500, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_3 &= \sigma_x \sigma_y \sigma_z + 2\tau_{xy} \tau_{yz} \tau_{zx} - \sigma_x \tau_{yz}^2 - \sigma_y \tau_{zx}^2 - \sigma_z \tau_{xy}^2 = \\ &= (+20)(-40)(+60) + 2(-10)(+30)(-50) - \\ &\quad - (+20)(+30)^2 - (-40)(-50)^2 - (+60)(-10)^2 = 58000. \end{aligned}$$

3. (3.15)

$$\sigma = \frac{J_1}{3} + \dots \quad (3.18)$$

4. (3.15)

$$\sigma^3 + p\sigma + q = 0. \quad (3.19)$$

5. (3.20)

$$p = J_2 - \frac{J_1^2}{3} = (-5500) - \frac{(+40)^2}{3} = -6033,33,$$

$$\begin{aligned} q &= -\frac{2}{27} J_1^3 + \frac{1}{3} J_1 J_2 - J_3 = -\frac{2}{27} (+40)^3 + \frac{1}{3} (+40)(-5500) - (-58000) = \\ &= -136074,07. \end{aligned} \quad (3.20)$$

$$6. \quad (3.20) \quad -$$

,

$$\varphi,$$

$$\cos(\varphi) = \frac{q}{2r^3}, \quad (3.21)$$

$$r = \pm 0,5774 \sqrt{|p|} = -0,5774 \sqrt{6033,33} = -44,85 \quad . \quad (3.22)$$

$$r \quad q, \quad s(\varphi) \quad : \quad 0.$$

$$s(\varphi) = \frac{q}{2r^3} = \frac{(-136074,07)}{2(-44,85)^3} = 0,754, \quad (3.23)$$

$$\varphi = 41,06 \quad .$$

$$7. \quad (3.19)$$

$$_1 = -2r \cos\left(\frac{\varphi}{3}\right) = -2(-44,85) \cos\left(\frac{+41,06^\circ}{3}\right) = 87,15 \quad , \quad (3.24)$$

$$_2 = +2r \cos\left(60^\circ - \frac{\varphi}{3}\right) = +2(-44,85) \cos\left(60^\circ - \frac{+41,06^\circ}{3}\right) = -61,95 \quad ,$$

$$_3 = +2r \cos\left(60^\circ + \frac{\varphi}{3}\right) = +2(-44,85) \cos\left(60^\circ + \frac{+41,06^\circ}{3}\right) = -25,19 \quad .$$

8.

$$_1 + _2 + _3 = 0. \quad (3.25)$$

$$_1 + _2 + _3 = (+87,15) + (-61,95) + (-25,19) = +0,01 \approx 0. \quad (3.26)$$

9. :

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma^I &= \sigma_1 + \frac{J_1}{3} = (+87,15) + \frac{(+40)}{3} = 100,48 \quad , \\ \sigma^II &= \sigma_2 + \frac{J_1}{3} = (-61,95) + \frac{(+40)}{3} = -48,62 \quad , \\ \sigma^III &= \sigma_3 + \frac{J_1}{3} = (-25,19) + \frac{(+40)}{3} = -11,86 \quad .\end{aligned}\tag{3.27}$$

10.

$\sigma_1, \sigma_2,$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_3 \quad \sigma_1 &\geq \sigma_2 \geq \sigma_3 . \\ &: \\ \sigma_1 &= \sigma^I = 100,48 \quad , \\ \sigma_2 &= \sigma^III = -11,86 \quad , \\ \sigma_3 &= \sigma^II = -48,62 \quad .\end{aligned}\tag{3.28}$$

11.

(3.16)

J_1, J_2, J_3

$$\begin{aligned}J_1 &= \sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3 = 100,48 + (-11,86) + (-48,62) = 40 \quad ; \\ J_2 &= \sigma_1 \sigma_2 + \sigma_2 \sigma_3 + \sigma_3 \sigma_1 = 100,48 (-11,86) + (-11,86) (-48,62) + \\ &\quad + (-48,62) 100,48 = -5000,4 \approx -5500 \quad ^2; \\ J_3 &= \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3 = 100,48 (-11,86) (-48,62) = 57940,10 \approx \\ &\quad \approx 58000 \quad ^3.\end{aligned}\tag{3.29}$$

(3.17) (3.29)

12.

IV

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{IV} &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}[(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2]} = \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\{[(+100,48) - (-11,86)]^2 + [(-11,86) - (-48,62)]^2 + [(-48,62) - (+100,48)]^2\}} = \\ &= 134,60 \quad < [\sigma] = 160\end{aligned}$$

II.

(

).

1.

-
-
:

$$\begin{aligned}
\sigma_1 &= \sigma_1, m_1, n_1, \\
\sigma_2 &= \sigma_2, m_2, n_2, \\
\sigma_3 &= \sigma_3, m_3, n_3.
\end{aligned} \tag{3.30}$$

2.

 σ_1 .

$$\begin{cases}
(\sigma - \sigma_1) \ell_1 + \tau m_1 + \tau n_1 = 0, \\
\tau \ell_1 + (\sigma - \sigma_1) m_1 + \tau_z n_1 = 0, \\
\tau_{zx} \ell_1 + \tau_{zy} m_1 + (\sigma_z - \sigma_1) n_1 = 0
\end{cases} \tag{3.31}$$

 n_1

$$\begin{cases}
(\sigma - \sigma_1) \frac{\ell_1}{n_1} + \tau \frac{m_1}{n_1} = -\tau, \\
\tau \frac{\ell_1}{n_1} + (\sigma - \sigma_1) \frac{m_1}{n_1} = -\tau_z, \\
\tau_{zx} \frac{\ell_1}{n_1} + \tau_{zy} \frac{m_1}{n_1} + (\sigma_z - \sigma_1) = 0.
\end{cases} \tag{3.32}$$

(3.32). -

:

$$\begin{cases}
[(+20) - (+100,48)] \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) + (-10) \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right) = -(-50), & () \\
(-10) \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) + [(-40) - (+100,48)] \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right) = -(+30), & () \\
(-50) \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) + (+30) \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right) + [(+60) - (+100,48)] = 0. & ()
\end{cases} \tag{3.33}$$

$$3. \quad (3.34, \quad) \quad (3.34, \quad), \quad \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) \quad \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right).$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) &= -0,653 \\ \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right) &= 0,256, \end{aligned} \quad (3.34)$$

(3.34,)

$$(-50) (-0,653) + (+30) (0,256) + [(+60) - (+100,48)] = 0. \quad (3.35)$$

4.

:

$$\ell_1^2 + m_1^2 + n_1^2 = 1, \quad (3.36)$$

 n_1

$$\left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right)^2 + 1 = \frac{1}{n_1^2}. \quad (3.37)$$

5.

(3.38) n_1 :

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right)^2 + 1 &= \frac{1}{n_1^2}, \\ (-0,653)^2 + (0,256)^2 + 1 &= \frac{1}{n_1^2}, \end{aligned} \quad (3.38)$$

$$n_1 = \pm 0,819.$$

6.

$$\ell_1 = \left(\frac{\ell_1}{n_1} \right) n_1 = (-0,653)(\pm 0,819) = \mp 0,535, \quad (3.39)$$

$$m_1 = \left(\frac{m_1}{n_1} \right) n_1 = (0,256)(\pm 0,819) = \pm 0,21. \quad (3.40)$$

7.

$$\ell_2, m_2, n_2, \quad (3.31)$$

$$\sigma_2 = -11,88 \quad \sigma_1, \quad \ell_3, m_3, n_3, \quad (3.31)$$

$$\sigma_3 = -48,62 \quad \sigma_1.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ell_2 &= \pm 0,841, m_2 = \pm 0,224, n_2 = \pm 0,491, \\ \ell_3 &= \pm 0,815, m_3 = \mp 0,95, n_3 = \pm 0,302. \end{aligned} \quad (3.41)$$

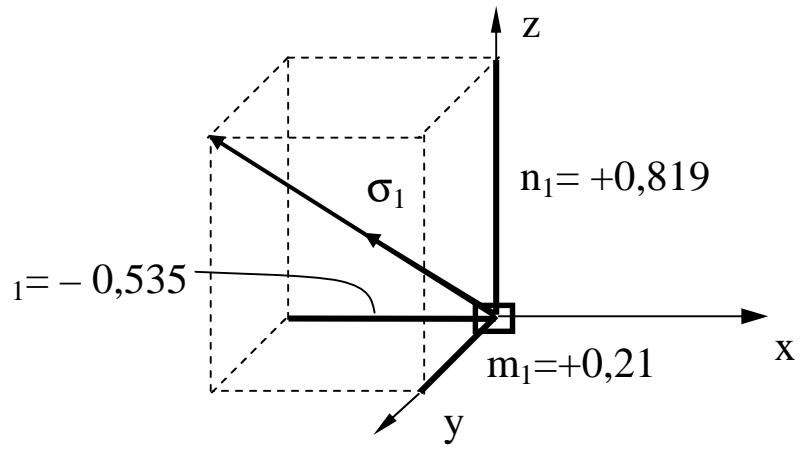
8.

$$\begin{aligned} \ell_1 \ell_2 + m_1 m_2 + n_1 n_2 &= 0, \\ (-0,535)(0,841) + (0,21)(0,224) + (0,819)(0,491) &= -0,00086 \approx 0; \\ \ell_2 \ell_3 + m_2 m_3 + n_2 n_3 &= 0, \\ (0,841)(0,0815) + (0,224)(-0,95) + (0,491)(0,302) &= +0,0037 \approx 0; \\ \ell_3 \ell_1 + m_3 m_1 + n_3 n_1 &= 0, \\ (0,0815)(-0,535) + (-0,95)(0,21) + (0,302)(0,819) &= 0,0042 \approx 0. \end{aligned} \quad (3.42)$$

9.

 $\sigma_1.$

$$\begin{aligned} \ell_1 &= -0,535; m_1 = +0,21; n_1 = +0,819, \\ \sigma_1 & \quad x, y, z (\quad . 3.9). \end{aligned}$$



. 3.9.

σ_1

3.5.

1/30

δ

()

...

:

1. (
2.),

1. $\delta < \rho_{\min} / 30$, ρ_{\min} -
2. ;
3. , ;

(. 3.10). σ_m () σ_t -

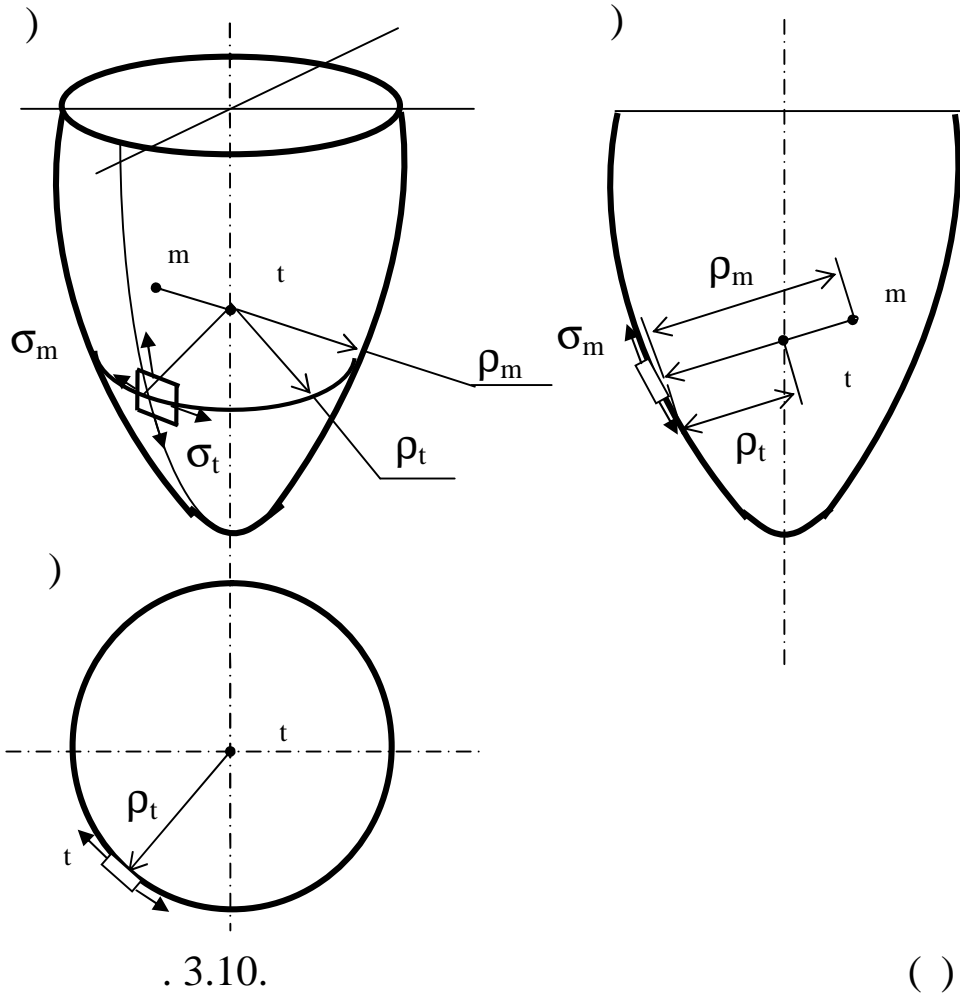
(. 3.10), ρ_m () ρ_t .

q .

$$\frac{\sigma_m}{\rho_m} + \frac{\sigma_t}{\rho_t} = \frac{q}{\delta}. \tag{3.43}$$

($\rho_m = \infty$), . . .

$$\frac{\sigma_t}{R} = \frac{q}{\delta}. \tag{3.44}$$



() () ()

$\rho_m, \rho_t,$, δ $q.$ -

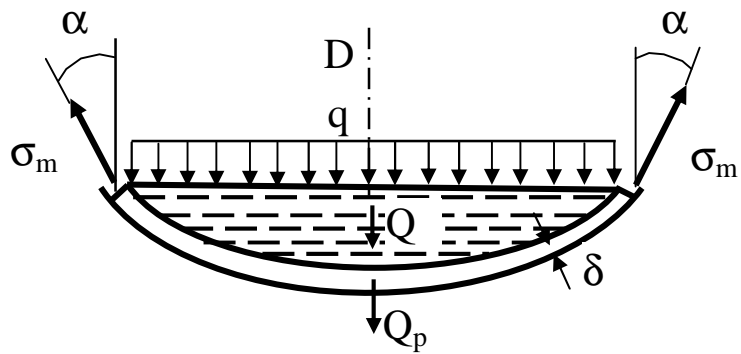
$$\sigma_m \quad \sigma_t \quad (3.43)$$

(. 3.11).

$$\sigma_m = \frac{qD}{4\delta \cos \alpha} + \frac{Q + Q_p}{\pi D \delta \cos \alpha}, \quad (3.45)$$

q - ; Q - - ; Q_p - -

: ; D -
 ; δ -
 ; α -
 ; α ,
 , ;
 α .
 ,
 ,
 -
 .

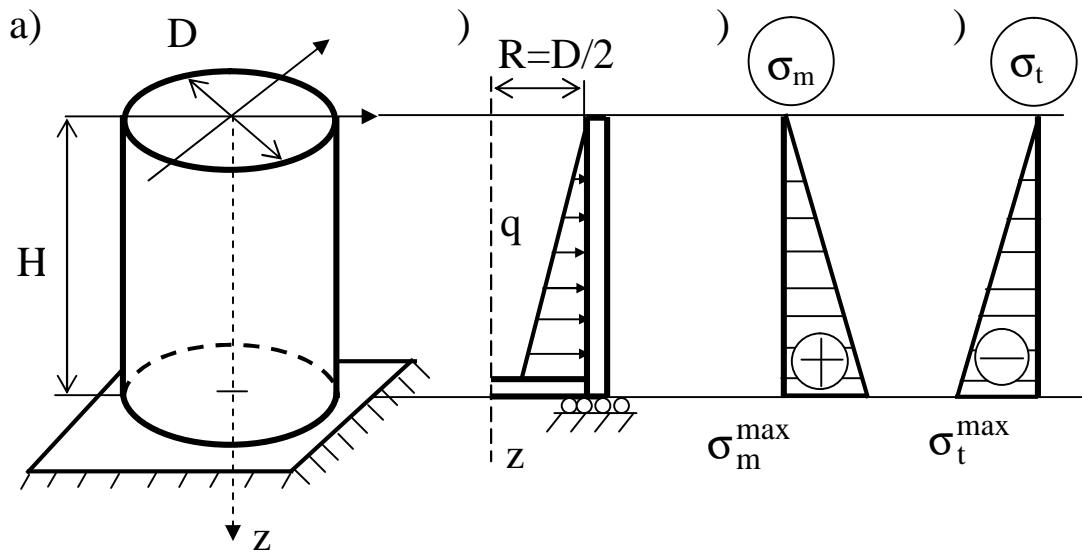


. 3.11.

σ_m σ_t ,
 ,
 σ_m σ_t ,
 .
 .
 .

3.6.

, (. 3.12)
 $\gamma = 10 / ^3$.
 $H = 5$, $D = 10$, $\delta = 0,01$.
 $\gamma = 78 / ^3$,
 $[\sigma] = 160$.



. 3.12.

(),
 $q()$, $\sigma_m()$ $\sigma_t()$

1. q ,
 $() q$
 z ,

;

$q = z$. (3.46)
: $z = 0, q = 0$; $z = H, q = q_{max} = \gamma H$.

2. σ_t
) (3.43).
 $(\rho_m = \infty)$,
 $D/2$,

$\frac{\sigma_t}{D/2} = \frac{q}{\delta}$, (3.47)

$\sigma_t = \frac{q D}{\delta 2} = \frac{\gamma z D}{\delta 2}$. (3.48)
: $z = 0, \sigma_t = 0$;
 $z = H$,

$$\sigma_t = \sigma_{\max} = \frac{\gamma H D}{\delta} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5 \cdot 10 \cdot 10}{0,01 \cdot 2} = 25000 = 25$$

$$\sigma_m$$

(3.45),

$$z = 0, \sigma_m = 0;$$

$$z = H, \sigma_m = \gamma_c = -78 \cdot 5 = -390 = -0,39$$

2.

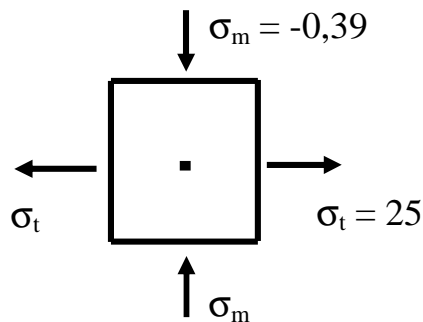
(3.13),

$$\sigma_m = 25$$

$$\sigma_t = 0,39$$

(3.17)

$$\sigma_{III} = \sigma_1 - \sigma_3 = (+25) - (-0,39) = 25,39 < [\sigma] = 160$$



. 3.13.

3.7.

(. 3.14),

$\gamma = 10 \text{ / }^3$ -
 $\gamma = 78 \text{ / }^3$ -
 $[\sigma] = 160$. -
 $\delta = 0,01$, $= 5$, $D = 10$.

1.

z $q = \gamma z$,

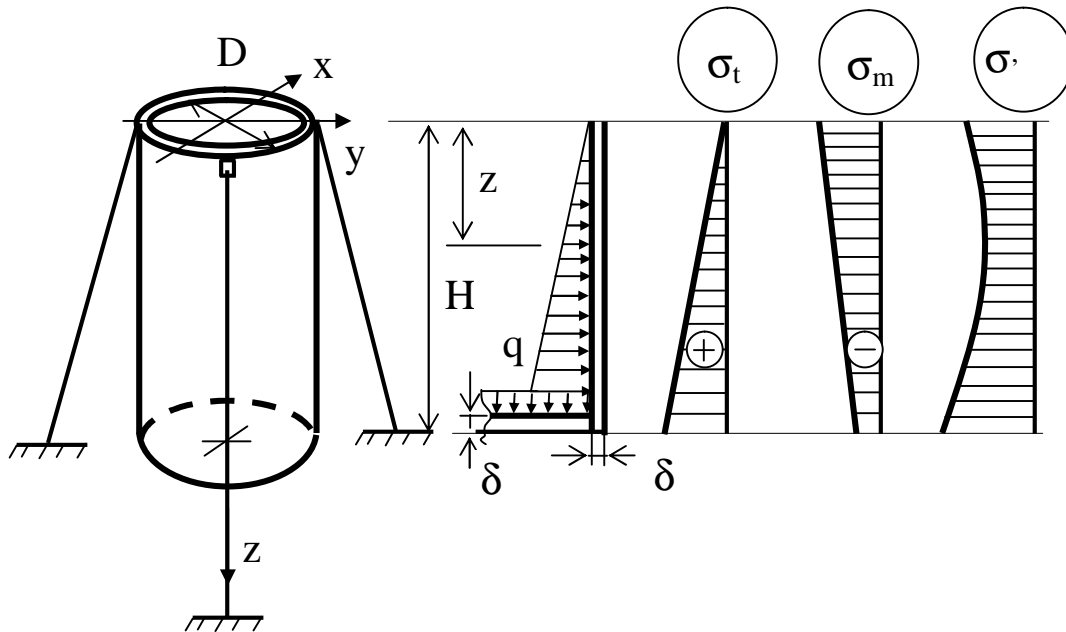
$q = \gamma H$,

: $q = 0$.

3.

(3.48),

$$\sigma_m = \frac{q}{\delta} \frac{D}{2} = \frac{z\gamma}{\delta} \frac{D}{2}.$$



. 3.14.

$$\sigma_t = \sigma_{\max} = \frac{H\gamma}{\delta} \frac{D}{2}.$$

$$\sigma_t = 0$$

$$\sigma_m$$

3.

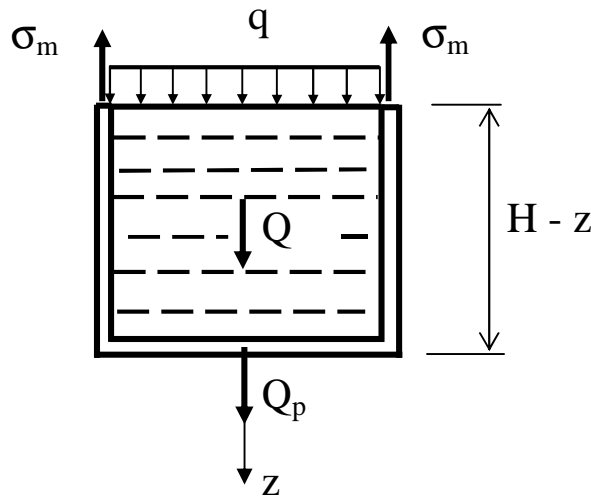
(. 3.11).

(3.45).

$$\alpha = 0, \cos \square \square \square \square \square.$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{qD}{4\delta} + \frac{Q + Q_p}{\pi D \delta}.$$

Q
 Q_p .



. 3.15.

4.

$$Q = \gamma \frac{\pi D^2}{4} (H - z).$$

5.

$$Q = \gamma \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} \right) \delta + \gamma [\pi D (H - z)] \delta .$$

6.

$$\sigma_m = \frac{(\gamma - z) D}{4 \delta} + \frac{\gamma \frac{\pi D^2}{4} (H - z) + \gamma \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} \right) \delta + \gamma [\pi D (H - z)] \delta}{\pi D \delta} .$$

7.

 σ_m

z.

 σ_m

8.

9.

z = 2 :

$$\sigma_t = \frac{q D}{\delta 2} = \frac{z \gamma}{\delta} \frac{D}{2} = \frac{2 \cdot 10 \cdot 10}{0,01 \cdot 2} = 10000 = 10 .$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{(\gamma - z) D}{4 \delta} + \frac{\gamma \frac{\pi D^2}{4} (H - z) + \gamma \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} \right) \delta + \gamma [\pi D (H - z)] \delta}{\pi D \delta} =$$

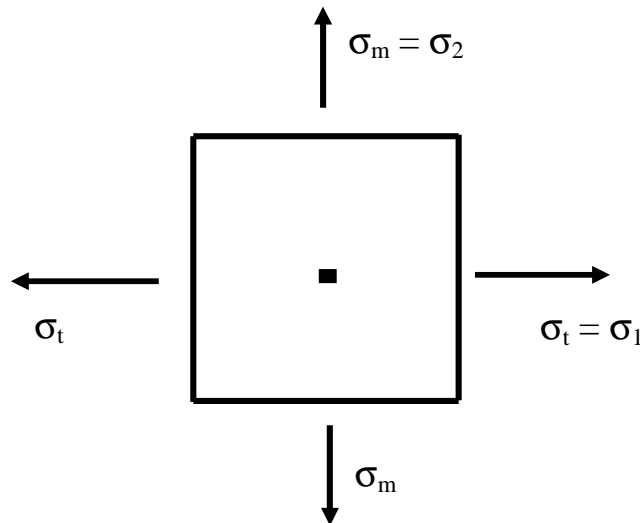
$$= \frac{(10 \cdot 2)10}{4 \cdot 0,01} + \left\{ 10 \frac{3,14 \cdot 10^2}{4} (5 - 2) + 78 \left(\frac{3,14 \cdot 10^2}{4} \right) 0,01 + \right. \\ \left. + 78[3,14 \cdot 10 \cdot (5 - 2)] \cdot 0,01 \right\} / (3,14 \cdot 10 \cdot 0,01) = 12900 = 12,9 .$$

IV (3.11).

$$: \sigma_1 = \sigma_t = 10 ,$$

$$\sigma_2 = \sigma_m = 8,2 , \sigma_3 = 0 (. 3.15).$$

$$\sigma_{.IV.} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} [(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2]} = \\ = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \{ [(+10) - (+13,32)]^2 + [(+13,32) - (0)]^2 + [(0) - (+10)]^2 \}} = \\ = 9,44 < [\sigma] = 160 .$$



. 3.16.

10.

$$z = 0 .$$

$$\sigma_t = 0;$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\gamma \frac{\pi D^2}{4} H + \gamma \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} \right) \delta + \gamma (\pi D H) \delta}{\pi D \delta} = [10 \frac{3,14 \cdot 10^2}{4} 5 +$$

$$+ 78 \left(\frac{3,14 \cdot 10^2}{4} \right) 0,01 + 78 (3,14 \cdot 10 \cdot 5) 0,01] / (3,14 \cdot 10 \cdot 0,01) =$$

$$= 13085 \quad = 13,08 \quad .$$

:

$$\sigma_m(z=0) = 13,08 < [\sigma] = 160 \quad [\sigma] = 160$$

11.

3.1

	z,	σ_t ,	σ_m ,	σ ,
1	0	0	13,08	13,08
2	1	5	13,01	11,37
3	2	10	12,92	11,73
4	3	15	12,85	14,57
5	4	20	12,77	17,54
6	5	25	12,69	21,65

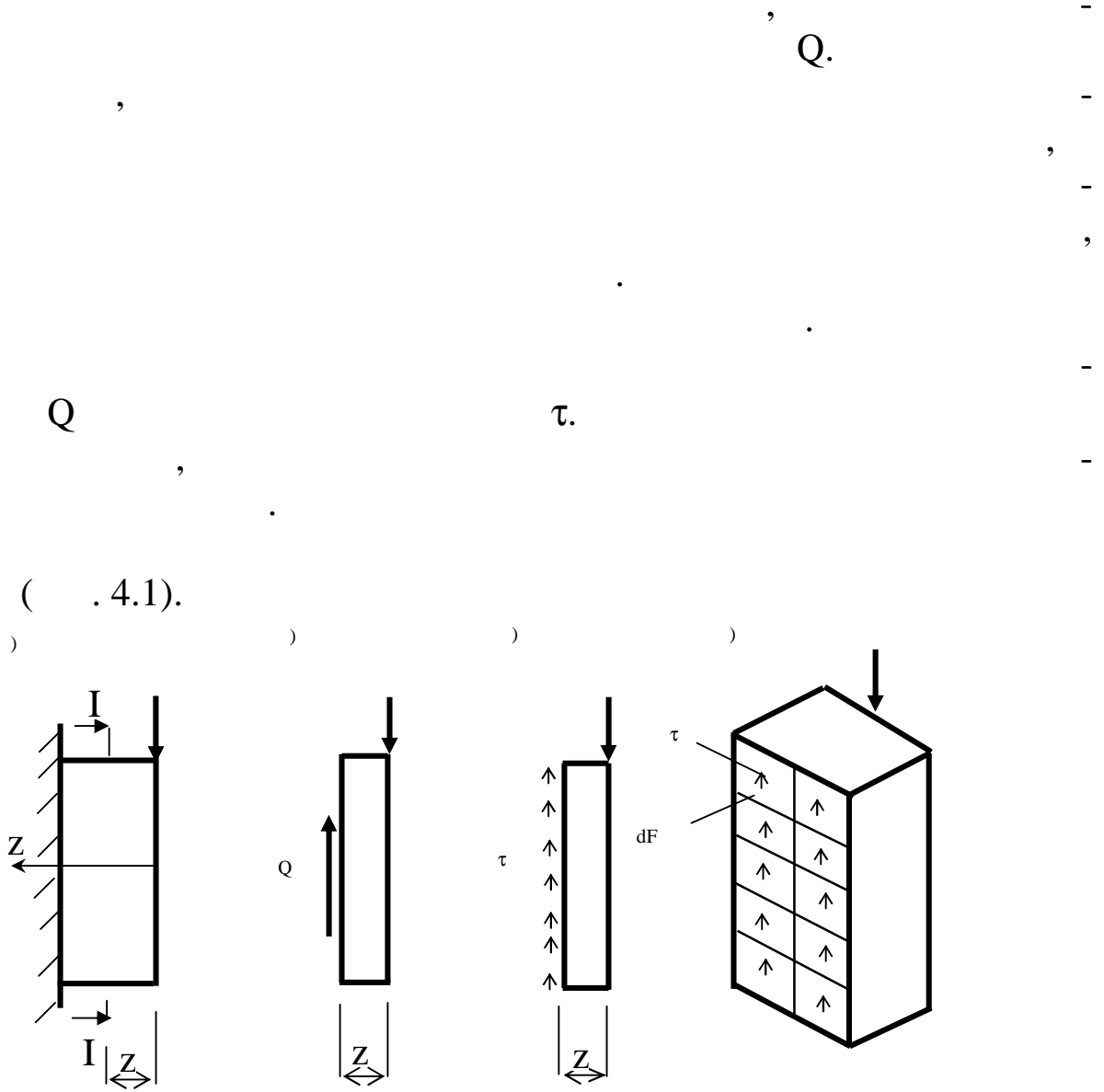
. 3.1 ,

$$: \sigma_{\max} = 21,65 < [\sigma] = 160 .$$

. 3.14.

4.

4.1.



.4.1.

();

(,)

();

Q

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,

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-

$$\tau = \frac{Q}{F}. \quad (4.1)$$

$$\tau = \frac{Q}{F} \leq [\tau], \quad (4.2)$$

$[\tau]$ — , :

$$[\tau] = \frac{\tau}{[n]}, \quad (4.3)$$

τ — ; $[n]$ — .

$$[\tau] = \frac{[\sigma]}{2}. \quad (4.4)$$

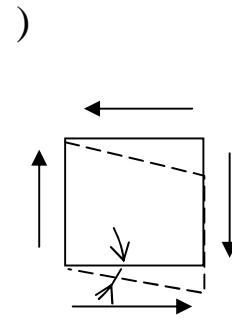
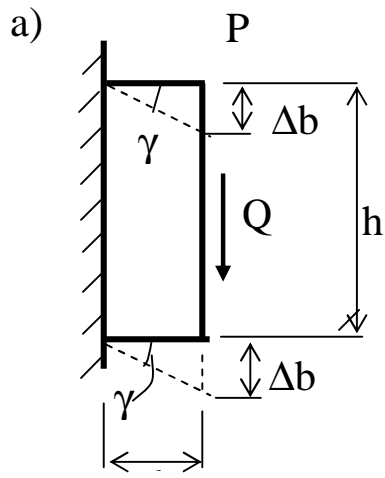
4.2. .

(. 4.2,),

() : Δb — ; γ —

Δb ℓ

$$\gamma = \frac{\Delta b}{\ell}. \quad (4.5)$$



. 4.2.

()
()

(. 4.2,),

$$\tau = G \cdot \gamma \tag{4.5}$$

G ,
().

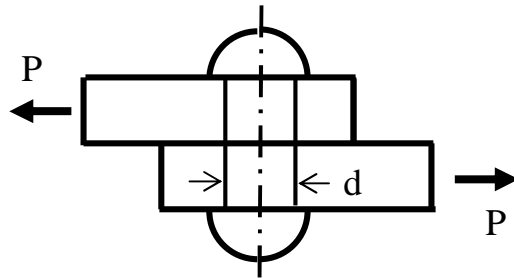
μ)

$$G = \frac{E}{2(1+\mu)} \tag{4.7}$$

4.3.

4.1.

(4.3),
 ;
 $[\sigma] = 160$; $d = 0,01$;
 , $= 20$.



. 4.3.

1.

– Q (4.4).

$Q = P = 20$.
 2.

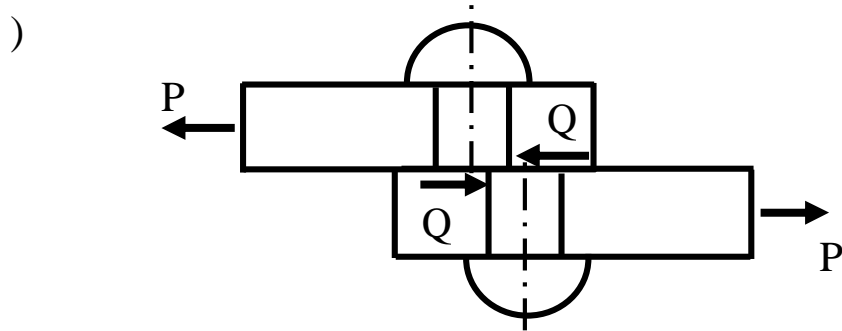
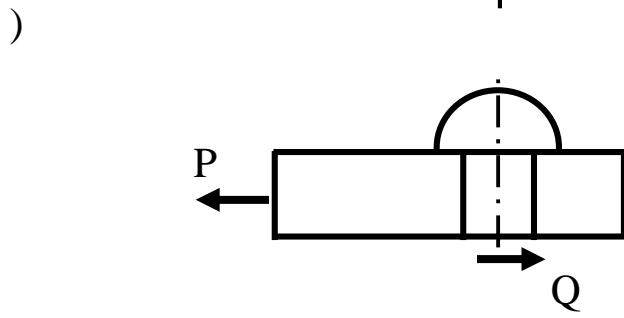
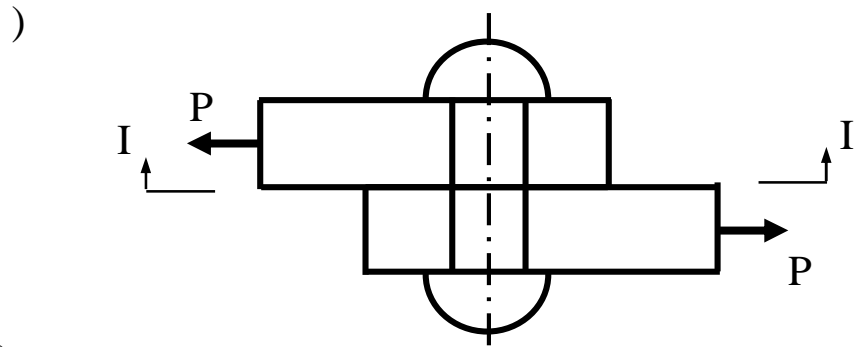
$$F = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,01^2}{4} = 7,85 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

:

$$\tau = \frac{Q}{F} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^{-3}}{7,85 \cdot 10^{-5}} = 254,8$$

3.

$$\tau = 254,8 > [\tau] = \frac{[\sigma]}{2} = \frac{160}{2} = 80 .$$



.4.4.

(); (); ()

4.

:

$$F \geq \frac{Q}{[\tau]} = \frac{20}{80 \cdot 10^3} = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ }^2.$$

$$F = 7,85 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ }^2 \quad (\dots . 2$$

).

$$n = \frac{F}{F} = \frac{2,5 \cdot 10^{-4}}{7,85 \cdot 10^{-5}} = 3,18 \text{ } .$$

4 -

4.2.

(\dots 4.5).

$$\delta_1 = 0,02 \text{ } ;$$

$$\delta_2 = 0,018 \text{ } .$$

$$d_1 = 0,022 \text{ } , d_2 = 0,033 \text{ } .$$

$$n = 5 \text{ } ,$$

$$- 3 \text{ } .$$

$$m = 2.$$

.3;

$$[\sigma] = 160 \text{ } .$$

$$, P = 121,5 \text{ } .$$

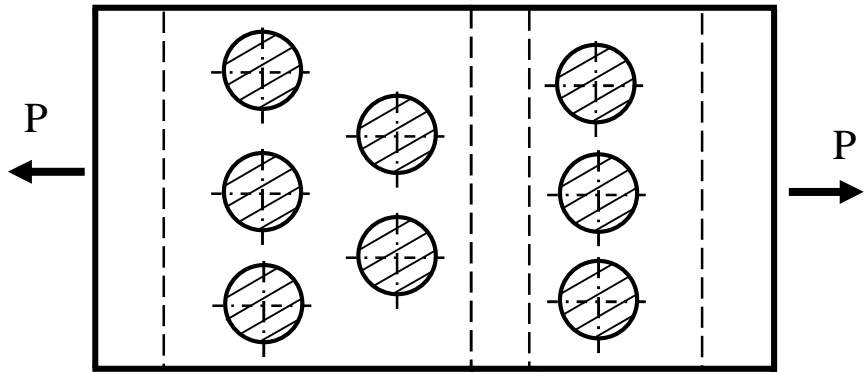
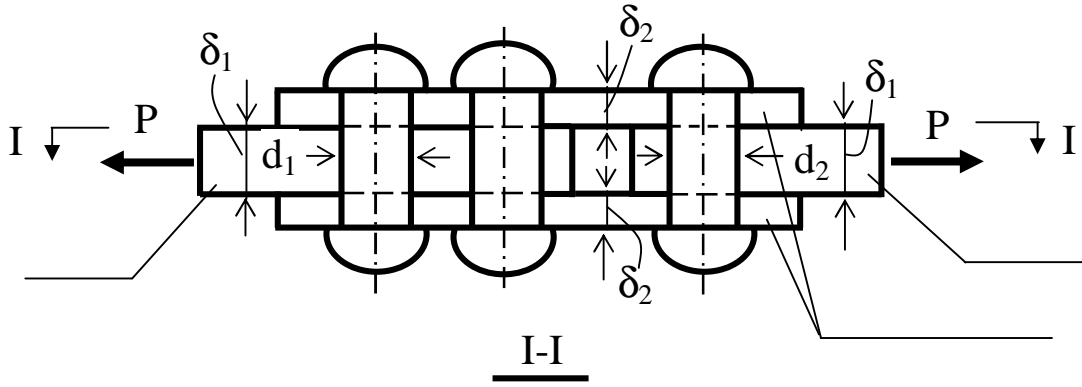
I.

1.

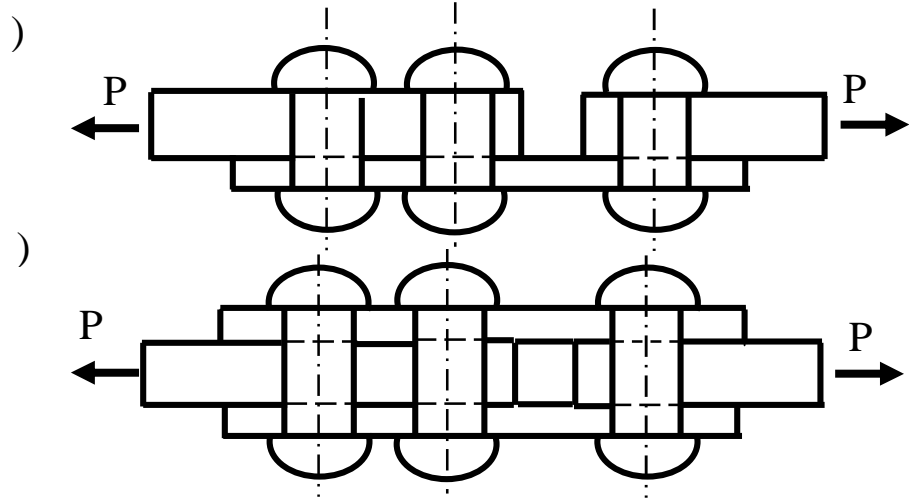
(\dots 4.6).

$$F_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,022^2}{4} = 3,79 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ }^2 ,$$

$$F_2 = \frac{\pi d_2^2}{4} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,033^2}{4} = 8,5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ }^2 .$$



. 4.5.



. 4.6.

()

()

Q

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.

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$$\tau_1 = \frac{Q_1}{F_1} = \frac{12,15 \cdot 10^{-3}}{3,79 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 32,05 \quad ,$$

$$\tau_2 = \frac{Q_2}{F_2} = \frac{20,25 \cdot 10^{-3}}{8,5 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 23,82 \quad .$$

2.

$$\tau_m = \tau_1 = 32,05 < [\tau] = \frac{[\sigma]}{2} = \frac{160}{2} = 80 \quad .$$

II.

1.

()

(. 4.7).

d,

 δ .

I –

;

II –

III –

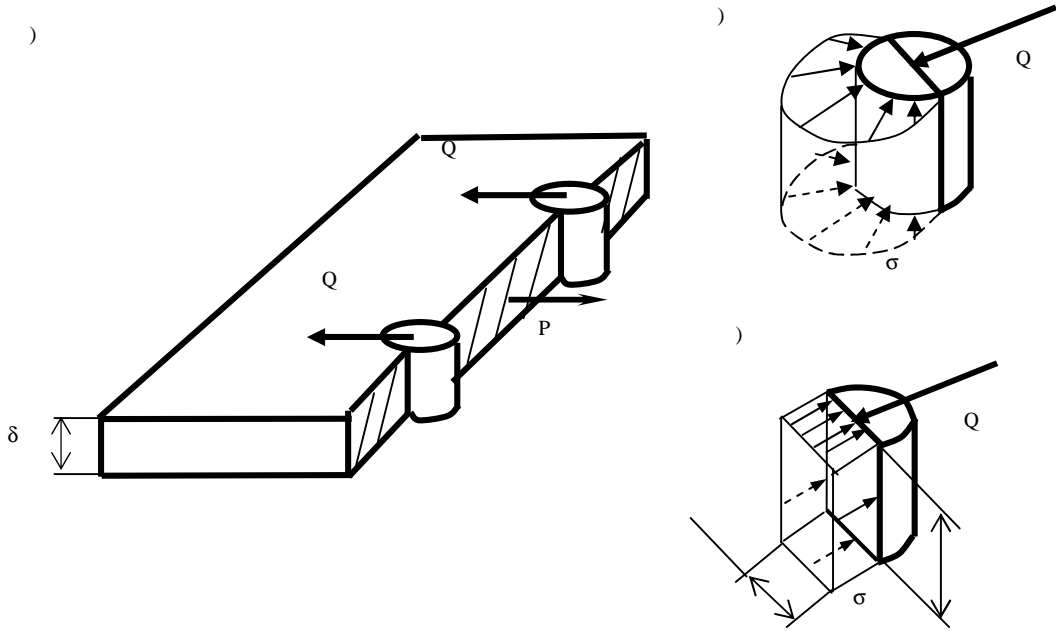
IV –

5

 $\delta_1 = 0,02$,

–

 $d_1 = 0,022$.



. 4.7.

)
)
)

;
;
:

$$F^I = \delta_1 d_1 = 0,02 \cdot 0,022 = 4,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad 2,$$

$$F^{II} = 2\delta_2 d_1 = 2 \cdot 0,018 \cdot 0,022 = 7,92 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad 2$$

$$F^{III} = \delta_1 d_2 = 0,02 \cdot 0,033 = 6,6 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad 2$$

$$F^{IV} = 2\delta_2 d_2 = 2 \cdot 0,018 \cdot 0,033 = 11,88 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad 2$$

:

$$\sigma^I = \frac{121,5}{F^I} = \frac{121,5}{0,00044} = 55230 = 55,23$$

:

$$\sigma^{II} = 61,36$$

III IV

I II,

$$\sigma^{\text{III}} = \frac{3}{F^{\text{III}}} = 61260 = 61,26 \quad ,$$

$$\sigma^{\text{IV}} = 68,18 \quad .$$

2.

$$\sigma_m = \sigma^{\text{IV}} = 68,18 < [\sigma] = 2,5 \cdot [\sigma] = 2,5 \cdot 160 = 400 \quad .$$

4.4.

, , ; -
 , , .

4.3.

$$b = 0,5 \quad (\quad . 4.8), \quad -$$

$$.3; [\sigma] = 160 \quad \delta = 0,02 \quad ; \quad -$$

$$\frac{13}{48} \quad [\sigma]^+ = 100 \quad . \quad -$$

$$= 100 \quad .$$

N,

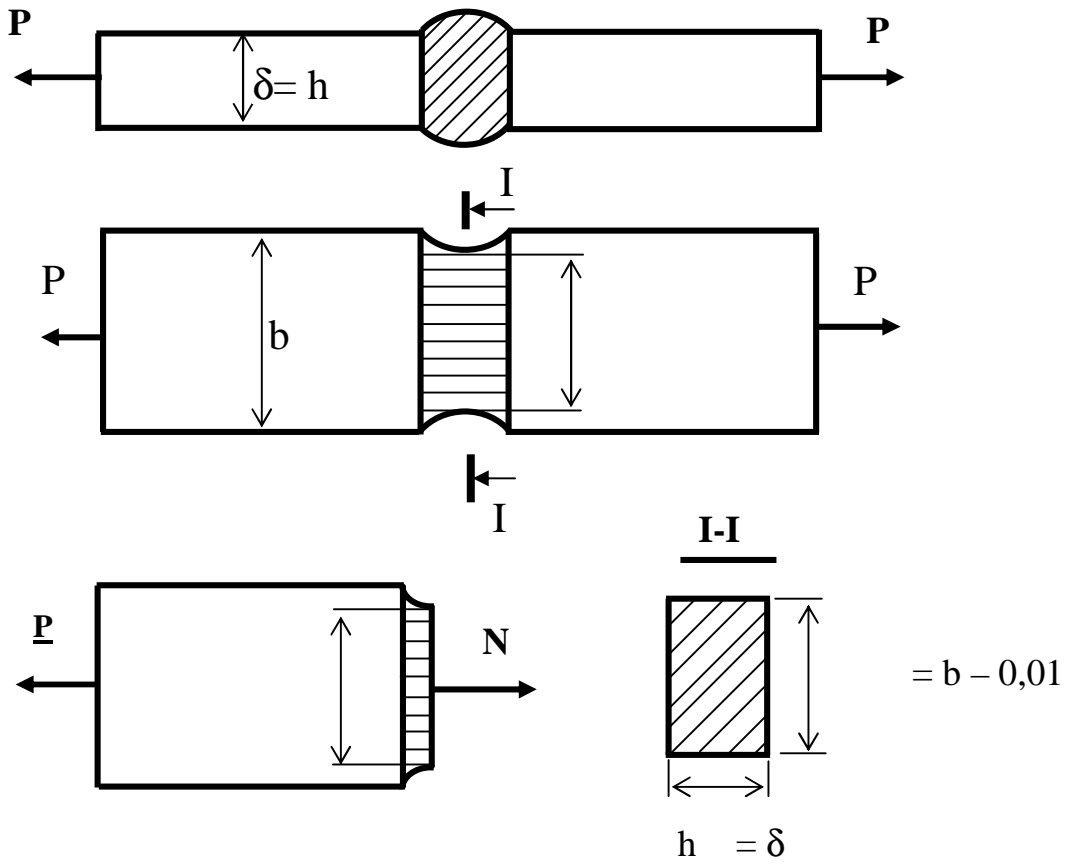
 σ ,

$$\frac{l}{0,01} -$$

$$F = l \quad h \quad ,$$

$$l = b - 0,01 = 0,5 - 0,01 = 0,49 \quad .$$

$$h = \delta = 0,2 \text{ .}$$



. 4.8.

$$\sigma = \frac{N}{F} = \frac{1000}{0,2 \cdot 0,49} = 10200 = 10,2 < [\sigma]^+ = 100 \text{ .}$$

4.4.

(. 4.9). $\delta = 0,015 \text{ ,}$

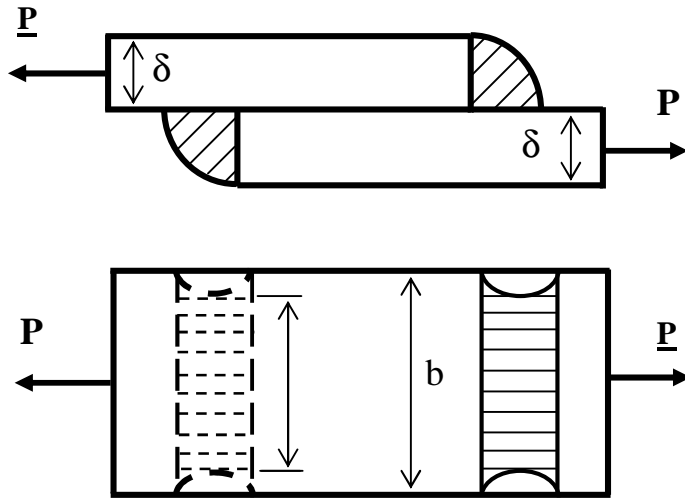
$b = 1,0 \text{ ,}$.3.

13/48, $[\] = 80$
 $= 200$

1.

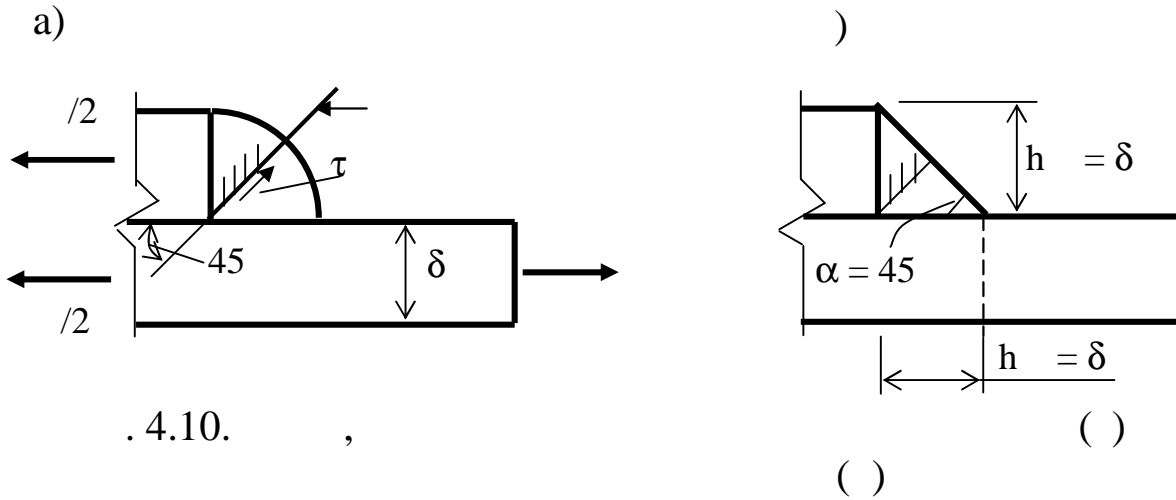
τ (.4.10,).

2.



.4.9.

(
).
 .4.10 , h



0,01 (0,005).

$$l = b - 0,01.$$

$$F = h \sin 45^\circ l = \delta \sin 45^\circ (b - 0,01).$$

$$\tau = \frac{P/2}{F} = \frac{200/2}{0,15 \cdot 0,707 \cdot (1 - 0,01)} = 952 = 0,952 .$$

2. .

$$\tau = 0,952 < [\tau] = 80 .$$

4.5.

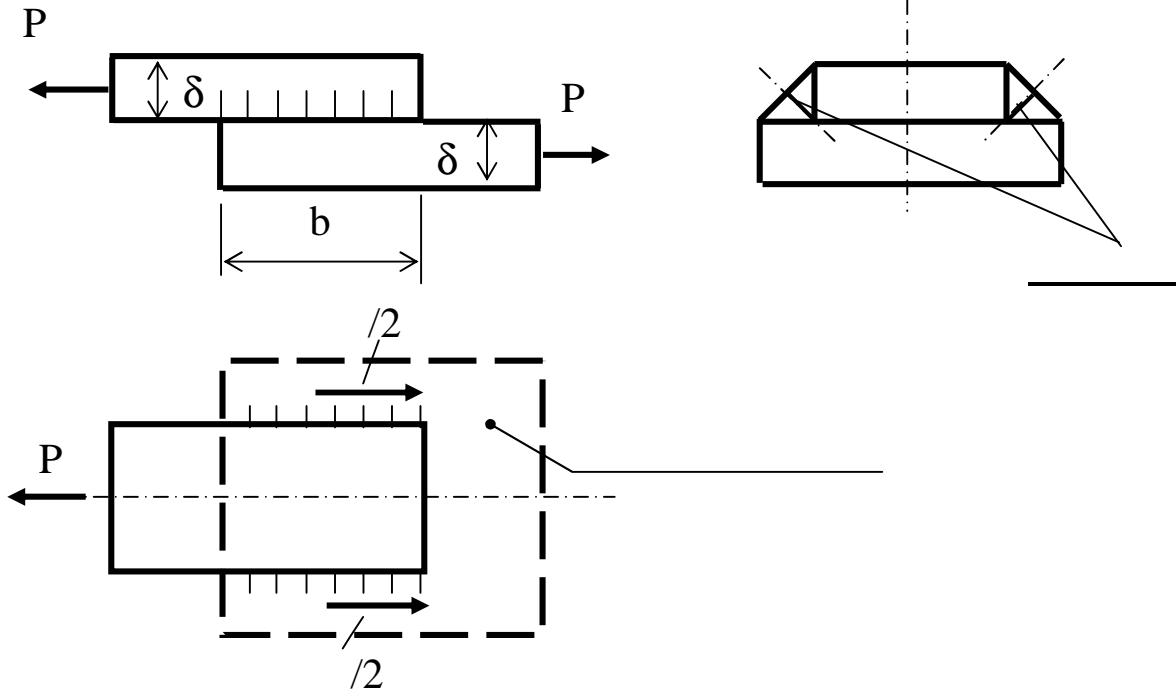
(. 4.11), $\delta = 0,01$,

$b = 0,6$, .3.

$13/48, [\tau] = 80$. $= 300$.

1.

()
4.11.



.4.11.

τ ,

.4.10, .

0,01

$$l = b - 0,01.$$

$$F = \delta \sin 45^\circ (b - 0,01).$$

$$\tau = \frac{P/2}{F} = \frac{300/2}{0,1 \cdot 0,707 \cdot (0,6 - 0,01)} = 3596,0 = 3,6 \quad .$$

2.

$$\tau = 3,6 < [\tau] = 80 \quad .$$

4.5.

() , -

.

-

□.

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-

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,-

(. 4.12).

:

1)

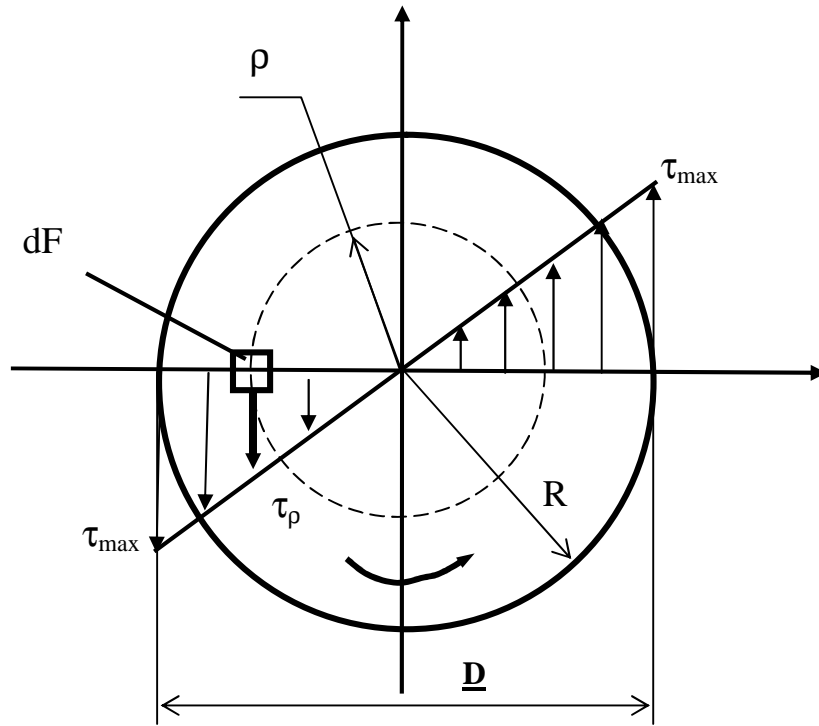
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2)

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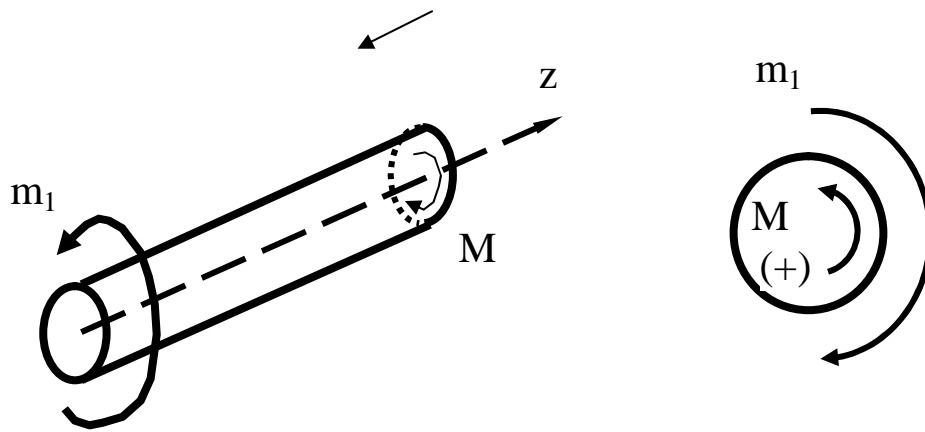


. 4.12.

4.5.1.

, , -
 , -

(. 4.13).



. 4.13.

() -
 . -
 . -
 .

4.5.2.

(. . 4.12),

$$\tau_{\rho} = \frac{M}{I_{\rho}} \rho, \quad (4.8)$$

□

, 0 R = D/2.

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M}{I_{\rho}} R = \frac{M}{I_{\rho}} \frac{D}{2} = \frac{M}{\left(\frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2}\right)}. \quad (4.9)$$

$$W_{\rho} = \frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2}. \quad (4.10)$$

$$I_{\rho} = \frac{\pi D^4}{32}, \quad (4.11)$$

:

$$I_{\rho} = \frac{\pi}{32} (D^4 - d^4) = \frac{\pi D^4}{32} (1 - \alpha^4), \quad (4.12)$$

$\alpha = \frac{d}{D}$

(0,7÷0,8).

$$\alpha = \frac{d}{D}. \quad (4.13)$$

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M}{W_{\rho}}. \quad (4.14)$$

(4.14)

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M}{W_{\rho}} \leq [\tau], \quad (4.15)$$

[] -

- [σ]⁺.

(4.15).

1.

,

$$W_{\rho} \geq \frac{|M|}{[\tau]}, \quad (4.16)$$

2.

(4.16)

(4.10)

-

$$\frac{|M|}{[\tau]} \leq W_{\rho} = \frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2} = \frac{\pi \cdot D^4/32}{D/2} = \frac{\pi \cdot D^3}{16}, \quad (4.17)$$

$$D = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\cdot 16}{\pi \cdot [\tau]}}, \quad (4.18)$$

$$\frac{|M|}{[\tau]} \leq W_{\rho} = \frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2} = \frac{\pi D^4 (1 - \alpha^4)}{32} = \frac{\pi D^3 (1 - \alpha^4)}{16}, \quad (4.19)$$

$$D = \sqrt[3]{\frac{16}{\pi (1 - \alpha^4) [\tau]}}, \quad (4.20)$$

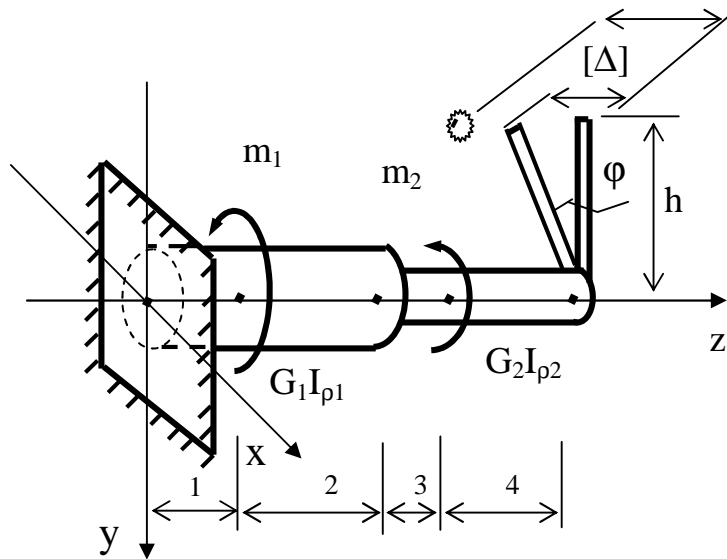
$$d = \alpha D .$$

4.5.3.

(.4.14)

$$\varphi = \sum \Delta\varphi_i = \sum \frac{m_i l_i}{G I_{\rho_i}} \leq [\varphi], \tag{4.21}$$

φ – ; $\Delta\varphi_i$ –
 i - ; l_i – i -
 ; G – () –
 ; $[\varphi]$ – .



.4.14.

$$\Theta = \frac{\varphi}{l} = \frac{M}{G I_{\rho}}. \quad (4.22)$$

$$\Theta = \frac{M}{G I_{\rho}} \leq [\Theta], \quad (4.23)$$

$[\Theta]$ –

$$[\Theta] = 2 \quad / \quad = 34 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad / \quad .$$

4.6.

N,

. 4.15 (

UN_i

).

$n = 10 \quad / \quad .$

.3

: $[\tau] = 80 \quad ; G = 0,8 \cdot 10^5 \quad .$

$[\theta] = 0,3 \quad / \quad = 5,1 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad / \quad .$

I.

1.

$$m = 9,736 \frac{N}{n},$$

$m -$, \cdot ; $N -$, ; $n -$

$$m_1 = 10 \frac{N_1}{n} = 10 \cdot \frac{50}{10} = 50 \cdot \cdot$$

$$m_2 = 20 \cdot ; m_3 = 80 \cdot ; m_4 = 50 \cdot \cdot$$

2. (. 4.16),

)

Z

$$, \Sigma m_z = 0.$$

"+", "-".

(. 4.16) ().

$$0 < z_1 < 0,25 \quad ;$$

$$\Sigma m_z = 0; + m_1 - I = 0; \quad I = m_1;$$

$$z_1 \approx 0; \quad = + m_1 = 50 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$z_1 \approx 0,25 \quad ; \quad = + m_1 = 50 \quad \cdot \quad .$$

) .

$$0,25 < z_1 < 1,25 \quad ;$$

$$\Sigma m_z = 0; + m_1 - m_2 - II = 0; \quad II = + m_1 - m_2;$$

$$z_1 \approx 0,25 \quad = + m_1 - m_2 = + 50 - 20 = 30 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$z_1 \approx 1,25 \quad ; \quad = + m_1 - m_2 = + 50 - 20 = 30 \quad \cdot \quad .$$

) .

$$1,25 < z_1 < 1,5 \quad ;$$

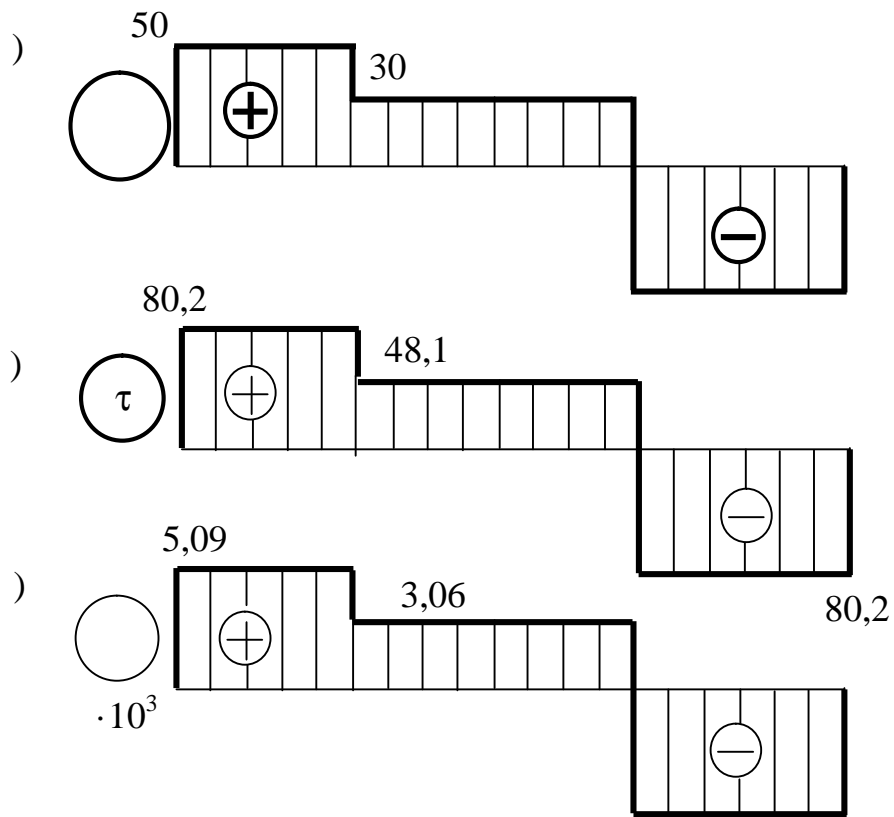
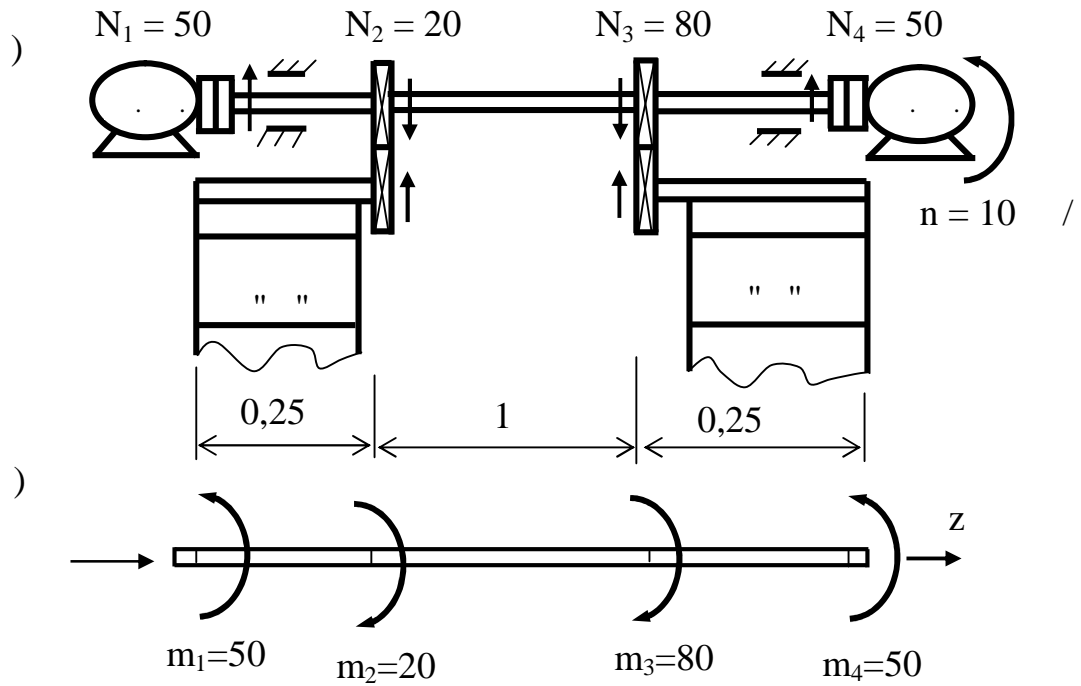
$$\Sigma m_z = 0; + m_1 - m_2 - m_3 - III = 0; \quad III = + m_1 - m_2 - m_3;$$

$$z_1 \approx 1,25 \quad ; \quad = + m_1 - m_2 - m_3 = + 50 - 20 - 80 = - 30 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$z_1 \approx 1,5 \quad ; \quad D = + m_1 - m_2 - m_3 = + 50 - 20 - 80 = - 30 \quad \cdot \quad .$$

:

$$= | I | = | III | = 50 \quad \cdot \quad .$$



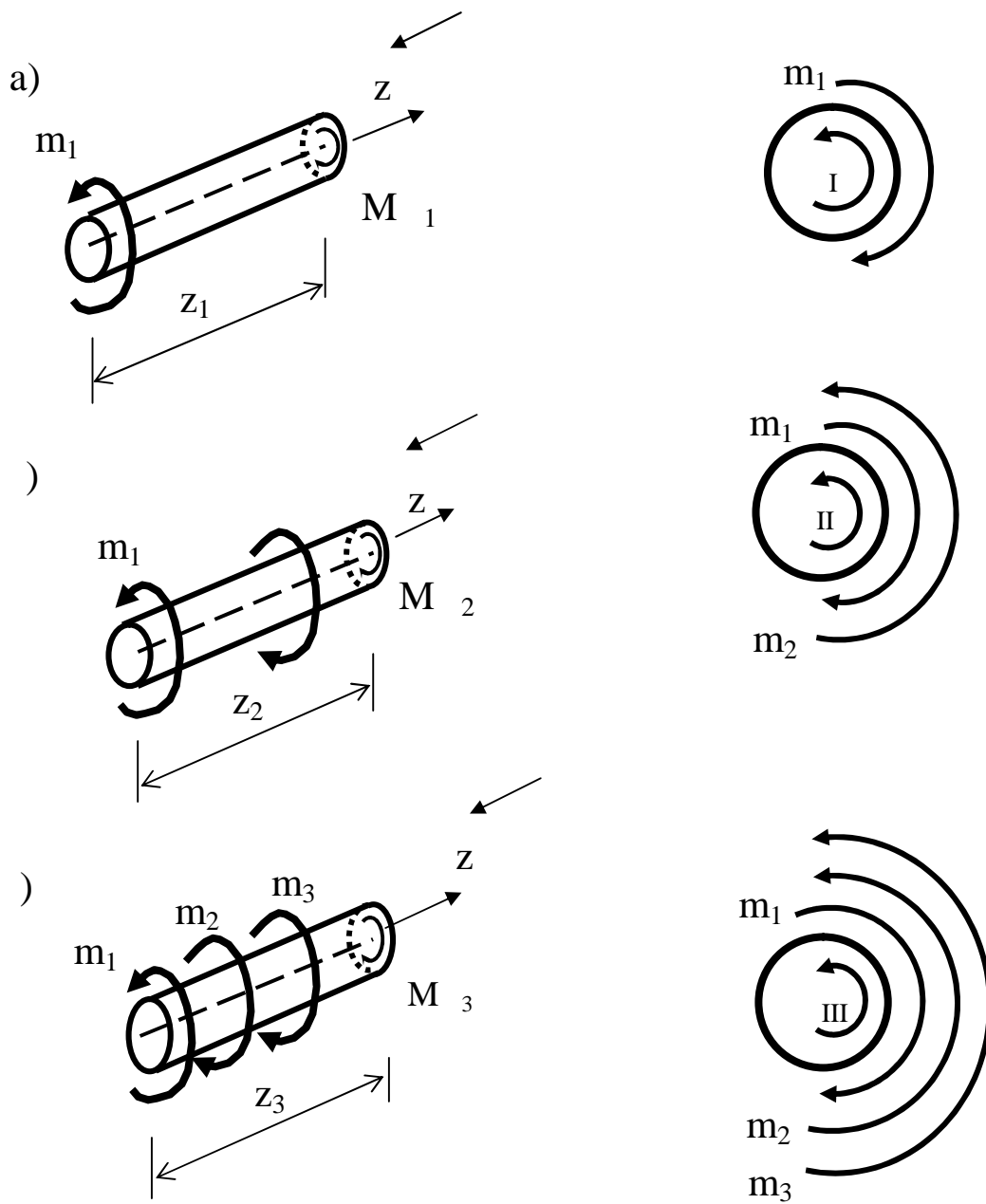
. 4.15.

(,)

(),

()

()



. 4.16.

3.

(4.18)

$$D = \sqrt[3]{\frac{16}{\pi [\tau]}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{50 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 16}{3,14 \cdot 80 \cdot 10^6}} = 0,147 \quad .$$

4.

 τ .

$$\tau = \frac{M}{W_{\rho}} \quad (4.14).$$

(4.10) (4.11)

$$W_{\rho} = \frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2} = \frac{\pi D^4/32}{D/2} = \frac{\pi D^3}{16} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,147^3}{16} = 623,71 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3.$$

$$\tau_I = \frac{I}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{623,71 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 80,2 \cdot 10^6 = 80,2 \text{ MPa};$$

$$\tau_{II} = \frac{II}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{30 \cdot 10^3}{623,71 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 48,1 \cdot 10^6 = 48,1 \text{ MPa};$$

$$\tau_{III} = \frac{III}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{(-50) \cdot 10^3}{623,71 \cdot 10^{-6}} = -80,2 \cdot 10^6 = -80,2 \text{ MPa}.$$

 τ (. . 4.15,).

5.

$$\tau_{\max} = |\tau_I| = |\tau_{III}| = 80,2 \text{ MPa} > [\tau] = 80 \text{ MPa}.$$

5-

$$\tau_{\max} = 80,2 \text{ MPa} < [\tau](1+0,05) = 84 \text{ MPa}.$$

II.
6.

$$(4.23), \quad (4.11)$$

$$(4.23),$$

$$\Theta = \frac{I}{G \pi D^4 / 32} \leq [\Theta].$$

$$D = \sqrt[4]{\frac{I}{G \pi [\Theta]}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{50 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 32}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 5,1 \cdot 10^{-3}}} = 0,188$$

7.

Θ .

(4.22).

I_ρ ,

$$: D = 0,188$$

$$I_\rho = \frac{\pi D^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,188^4}{32} = 12263,97 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

$$\Theta_I = \frac{I}{G I_\rho} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 12263,97 \cdot 10^{-8}} = 0,00509 \quad / ;$$

$$\Theta_{II} = \frac{II}{G I_\rho} = \frac{30 \cdot 10^3}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 12263,97 \cdot 10^{-8}} = 0,00306 \quad / ;$$

$$\Theta_{III} = \frac{III}{G I_{\rho}} = \frac{-50 \cdot 10^3}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 12263,97 \cdot 10^{-8}} = -0,00509 \quad / .$$

$$\Theta, (\quad . 4.15, \quad).$$

8.

$$\Theta$$

:

$$\Theta_{\max} = |\Theta_I| = |\Theta_{III}| = 0,00509 \quad / < [\Theta] = 0,051 \quad / .$$

9.

$$: (D = 0,147 \quad D = 0,188 \quad)$$

$$(\quad) D = 0,2 \quad .$$

4.7.

$$(\quad . 4.17).$$

$$D_1 / D = 0,6. \quad . 3$$

$$[\tau] = 80 \quad ; G = 0,8 \cdot 10^5 \quad .$$

$$h = 0,2 \quad ; \quad = 0,0025$$

$$[\Delta] = 0,002 \quad .$$

;

I.
1.

.4.17).

2.

$$D_1 = \sqrt[3]{\frac{16}{\pi [\tau]}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 16}{3,14 \cdot 80 \cdot 10^6}} = 0,124 \quad , \quad (4.18):$$

$$D_1 = 0,125 \quad .$$

$$D = \sqrt[3]{\frac{16}{\pi (1 - \alpha^4) [\tau]}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{90 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 16}{3,14 \cdot (1 - 0,8^4) \cdot 80 \cdot 10^6}} = 0,227 \quad , \quad (4.20).$$

$$D = 0,22 \quad .$$

$$d = \alpha D = 0,8 \cdot 0,22 = 0,172 \quad ,$$

$$d = 0,17 \quad .$$

$$D_1 / D = 0,6.$$

:

$$D_1 / D = 0,125 / 0,22 = 0,57.$$

D_1 .

$$D_1 = 0,6 D = 0,6 \cdot 0,22 \approx 0,13 \quad .$$

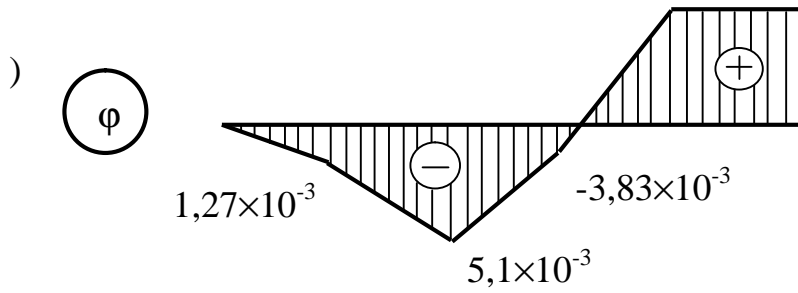
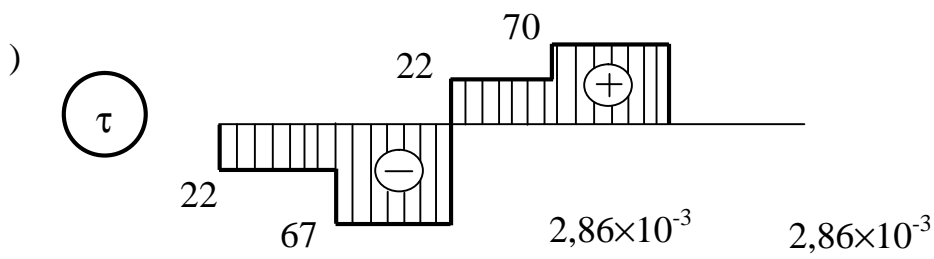
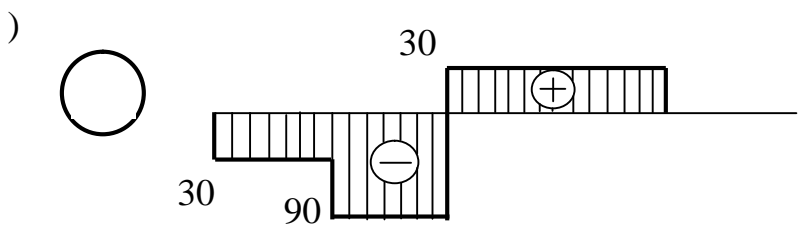
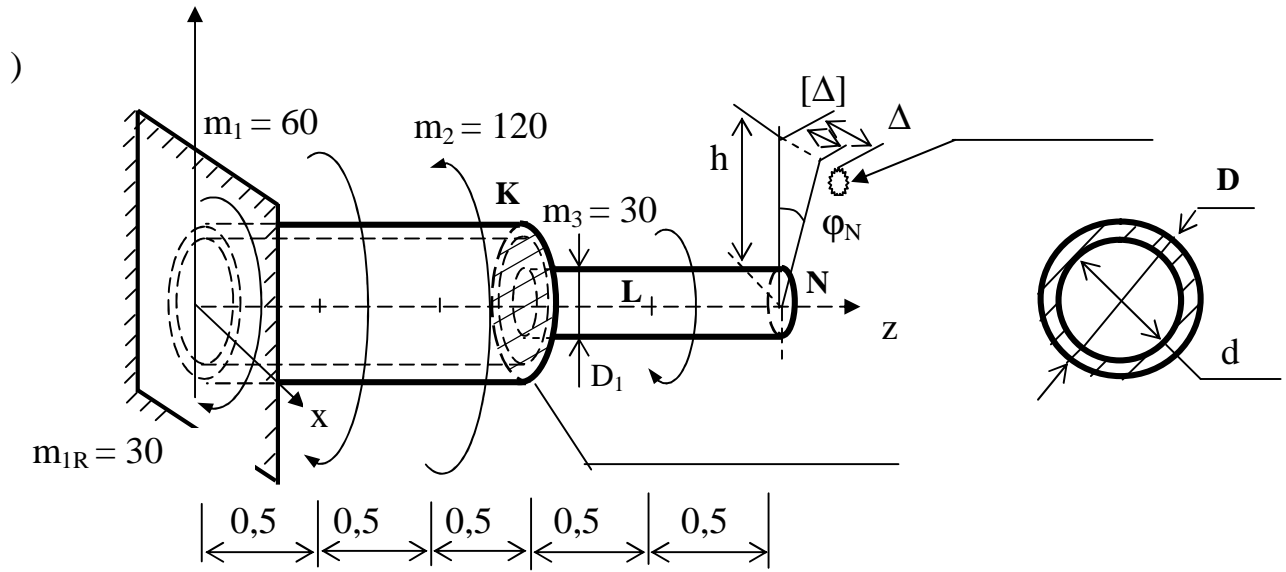
: $D_1 = 0,13$; $D = 0,22$;

$d = 0,17$.

3.

τ

τ



. 4.17.

()

$\tau ()$

(),

$\varphi ()$

, I, II III

,

:

$$W_{\rho}^I = W_{\rho}^{II} = W_{\rho}^{III} = \frac{I_{\rho}}{D/2}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{\pi D^4}{32} - \frac{\pi d^4}{32} \right)}{D/2} = \frac{\left(\frac{3,14 \cdot 0,22^4}{32} - \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,17^4}{32} \right)}{0,22/2} = 0,00135 \quad ^3.$$

(IV V)

$$W_{\rho}^{IV} = W_{\rho}^V = \frac{\pi D_1^3}{16} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,13^3}{16} = 0,00043 \quad ^3.$$

(. . 4.12):

$$\tau_I = \frac{I}{W_{\rho}^I} = \frac{-30}{0,00135} = -2,22 \cdot 10^4 = -22 \quad ;$$

$$\tau_{II} = \frac{II}{W_{\rho}^{II}} = \frac{-90}{0,00135} = -6,67 \cdot 10^4 = -67 \quad ;$$

$$\tau_{III} = \frac{III}{W_{\rho}^{III}} = \frac{30}{0,00135} = 2,22 \cdot 10^4 = 22 \quad ;$$

$$\tau_{IV} = \frac{IV}{W_{\rho}^{IV}} = \frac{30}{0,00043} = 6,96 \cdot 10^4 = 70 \quad ;$$

$$\tau_V = \frac{V}{W_{\rho}^V} = \frac{0}{0,00043} = 0.$$

 τ (. . 4.17,).

4.

IV

$$\tau_{\max} = \tau_{IV} = 70 < [\tau] = 80$$

II.

1.

 $\Delta\varphi$

I, II, III

$$I_{\rho}^I = I_{\rho}^{II} = I_{\rho}^{III} = \frac{\pi D^4}{32} - \frac{\pi d^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,22^4}{32} - \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,17^4}{32} = 0,000147 \quad 4.$$

IV V

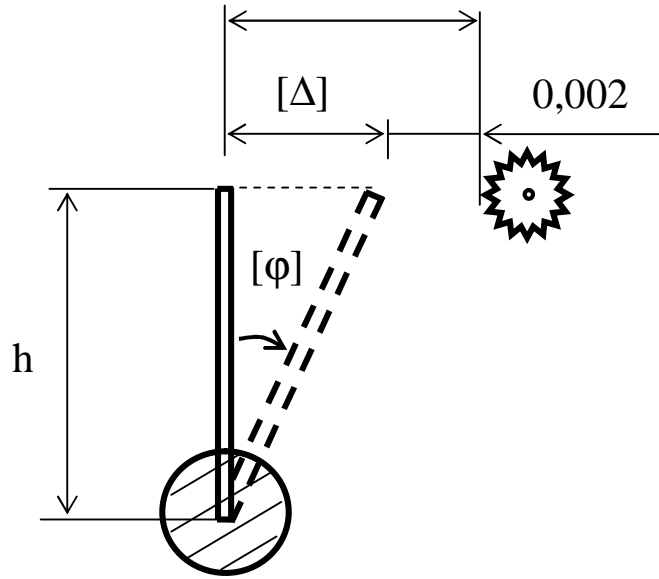
$$I_{\rho}^{IV} = I_{\rho}^V = \frac{\pi D_1^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,13^4}{32} = 0,000028 \quad 4.$$

:

$$\Delta\varphi_I = \frac{I \ell_1}{G I_{\rho}^I} = \frac{-30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,000147} = -0,00127 \quad ;$$

$$\Delta\varphi_{II} = \frac{II \ell_2}{G I_{\rho}^{II}} = \frac{-90 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,000147} = -0,00383 \quad ;$$

$$\Delta\varphi_{III} = \frac{III \ell_3}{G I_{\rho}^{III}} = \frac{30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{(0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6) 0,000147} = 0,00127 \quad ;$$



. 4.18.

N

, ([φ] , N.) , -

$$[\varphi] = \frac{[\Delta]}{h} = \frac{5 \cdot 10^{-4}}{0,2} = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

, -

$$\varphi_N = 2,86 \cdot 10^{-3} > [\varphi] = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

, -

4.

D₁.

N

:

$$\varphi = \varphi_K + \frac{I_{\rho}^{IV} \ell_4}{GI_{\rho}^{IV}} = \varphi_K + \frac{I_{\rho}^{IV} \ell_4}{G \frac{\pi D_1^4}{32}} = [\varphi].$$

$$D_1,$$

:

$$D_1 = \sqrt[4]{\frac{32 | I_{\rho}^{IV} | \ell_4}{G \pi ([\varphi] - \varphi_K)}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{32 \cdot 30 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,5}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 3,14 \cdot (2,5 \cdot 10^{-3} - 3,83 \cdot 10^{-3})}} = 0,1319 \text{ .}$$

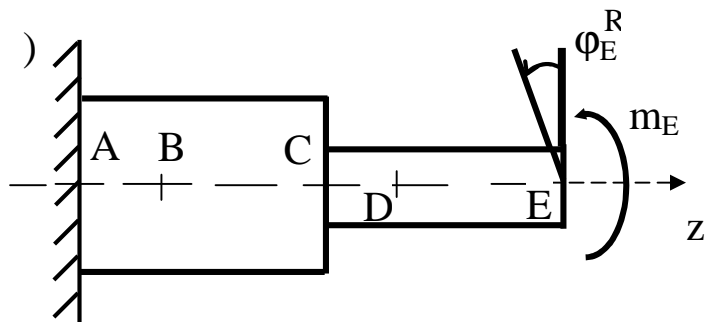
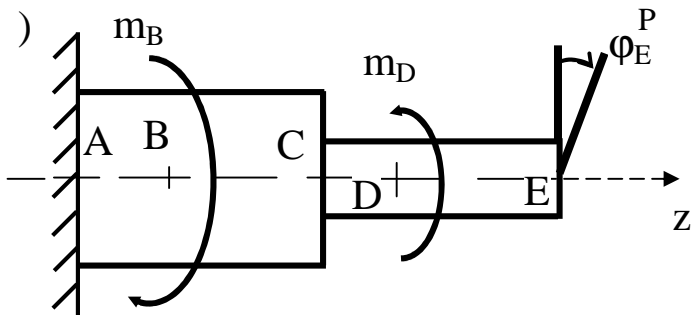
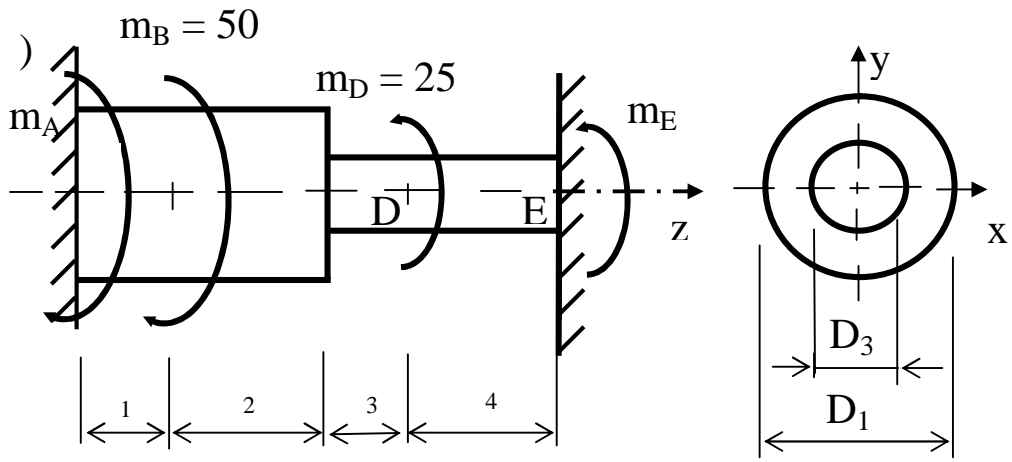
$$D_1 = 0,132 \text{ .}$$

5.

$$I_{\rho}^{IV} = \frac{\pi D^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,132^4}{32} = 3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ m}^4;$$

$$\Delta \varphi_{IV} = \frac{I_{\rho}^{IV} \ell_4}{GI_{\rho}^{IV}} = \frac{30 \cdot 0,5}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^{-5}} = 6,3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ ;}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_N = \varphi_L = \varphi_K + \varphi_{IV} &= (-0,00383) + 0,0063 = \\ &= 0,00247 < [\varphi] = 0,0025 \text{ .} \end{aligned}$$



. 4.19.

) ;)

;)

m_R

m_B, m_D

2.

(4.19,).

m_B , D D

m_D , D, D

D. ,

D m_D .

$m_D -$, m_B

(:).

$$I_{\rho}^I = I_{\rho}^{II} = \frac{\pi d_1^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,4^4}{32} = 0,00251 \text{ }^4;$$

$$I_{\rho}^{III} = I_{\rho}^{IV} = \frac{\pi d_3^4}{32} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 0,2^4}{32} = 0,00016 \text{ }^4;$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\varphi_E^P &= \frac{m}{G_I I_\rho^I} \ell_1 + m_D \left(\frac{\ell_1}{G_I I_\rho^I} + \frac{\ell_2}{G_{II} I_\rho^{II}} + \frac{\ell_3}{G_{III} I_\rho^{III}} \right) = \\
&= \frac{-50 \cdot 1}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00251} + 25 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00251} + \right. \\
&\left. + \frac{2}{0,4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00251} + \frac{1}{0,4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00016} \right] = 0,00428 \quad .
\end{aligned}$$

3. -
m . -
() m -
, . -

$$\begin{aligned}
\varphi_E^R &= \frac{m_E \ell_1}{G_I I_\rho^I} + \frac{m_E \ell_2}{G_{II} I_\rho^{II}} + \frac{m_E \ell_3}{G_{III} I_\rho^{III}} + \frac{m_E \ell_4}{G_{IV} I_\rho^{IV}} = \\
&= m_E \left(\frac{\ell_1}{G_I I_\rho^I} + \frac{\ell_2}{G_{II} I_\rho^{II}} + \frac{\ell_3}{G_{III} I_\rho^{III}} + \frac{\ell_4}{G_{IV} I_\rho^{IV}} \right) = \\
&= m_E \left(\frac{1}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00251} + \frac{2}{0,8 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00251} + \right. \\
&\left. + \frac{1}{0,4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00016} + \frac{2}{0,4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 0,00016} \right) = 0,000484 \cdot m_E .
\end{aligned}$$

4. m .

:

$$\varphi_E^P = \varphi_E^R ,$$

$$0,00428 = m_E \cdot 0,000484 ,$$

$$m_E = \frac{0,00428}{0,000484} = 8,86 \quad .$$

5.

4.6.

;
 ,
 -
 D,
 d n.
 : Q
 (. 4.20). ;
 , D/2. ;
 ,

$$Q = P; \tag{4.24}$$

$$= P \frac{D}{2}.$$

τ_Q ,
 .
 τ ,
 : ,
 : , -

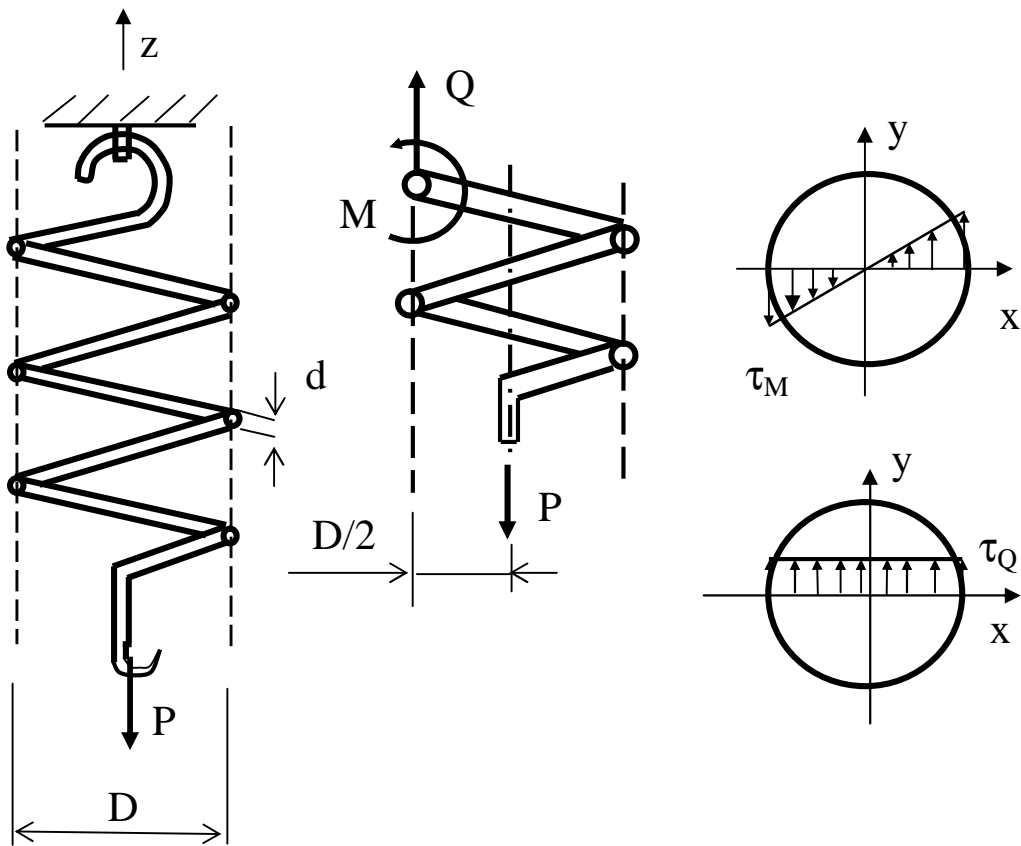
$$\tau_Q = \frac{Q}{F}; \tag{4.25}$$

$$M = \frac{1}{I} ,$$

F

; I_p

; ρ



. 4.20.

$$\tau_Q^m = \tau_Q = \frac{Q}{F} = \frac{Q}{\pi d^2 / 4} = \frac{4}{\pi d^2} \quad (4.26)$$

$$\tau^{\max} = \frac{M}{I_{\rho}} \rho_m = \frac{M}{I_{\rho}} \left(\frac{d}{2} \right) = \frac{M}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{M}{\pi d^3 / 16} = \frac{D/2}{\pi d^3 / 16} = \frac{8 D}{\pi d^3}. \quad (4.27)$$

$$\tau = \tau_Q^m + \tau_M^{\max} = \frac{4}{\pi d^2} + \frac{8 D}{\pi d^3} = \frac{8 D}{\pi d^3} \left(1 + \frac{d}{2D} \right). \quad (4.28)$$

$d/2D$

$$\tau = \frac{8 D}{\pi d^3}. \quad (4.29)$$

()

k,

(.4.1),

$$C_n = D/d.$$

4.1

k

n	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
k	1,42	1,31	1,25	1,21	1,18	1,16	1,14

$$\tau = k \frac{8 D}{\pi d^3} \leq [\tau]. \quad (4.30)$$

(—)
:

$$\lambda = \frac{8 D^3}{G d^4} n, \quad (4.31)$$

G — ; n — .

:

$$n = \frac{\lambda G d^4}{8 D^3}. \quad (4.32)$$

4.9.

(. 4.20),

D ; d () $n = D/d = 8$;
G = 0,8 · 10⁵ . [τ] = 800 ,
= 6 .

λ ,
= 6 0,015 .
d,

D — n.

1.

k . 4.1, $n = D/d = 8$,
1,18. ,

D = C_n d.

$$\tau = k \frac{8}{\pi d^2} n \leq [\tau].$$

$$d \geq \sqrt{k \frac{8}{\pi[\tau]} n} = \sqrt{1,18 \cdot \frac{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 8}{3,14 \cdot 800 \cdot 10^3}} = 0,013 \quad .$$

$$D = C_n d = 8 \cdot 0,013 = 0,104 \quad .$$

2.

.

$$0,01 \quad . \quad = 6 \quad \lambda$$

$$n = \frac{\lambda G d^4}{8 D^3} = \frac{0,015 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 10^8 \cdot 0,013^4}{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 0,104^3} = 6,09 \quad .$$

5.

5.1.

(5.1).

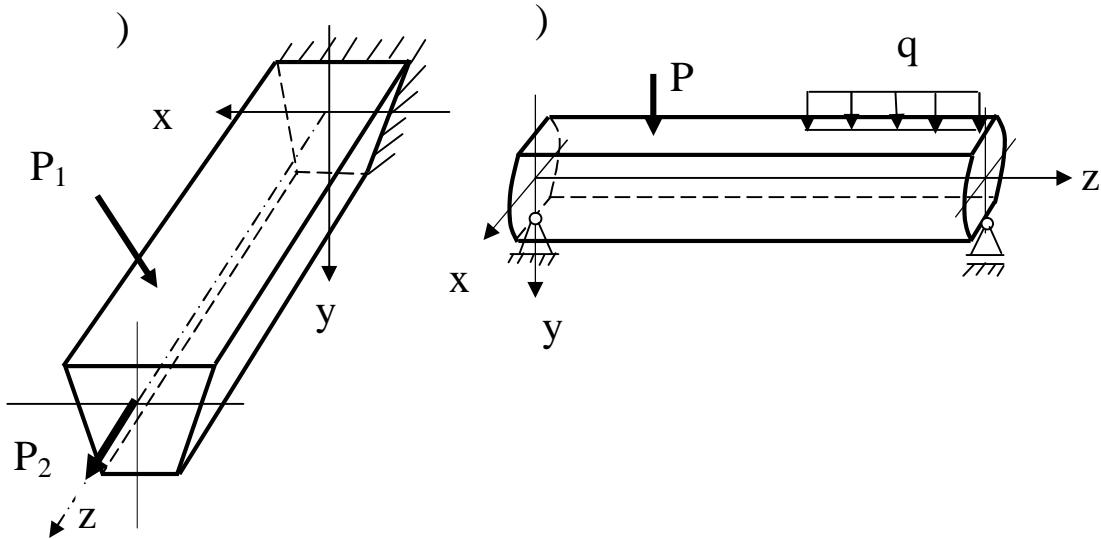
F -

J_y .

S_x S_y .

x y

J_x



. 5.1.

x y

x y (. 5.2)

F -

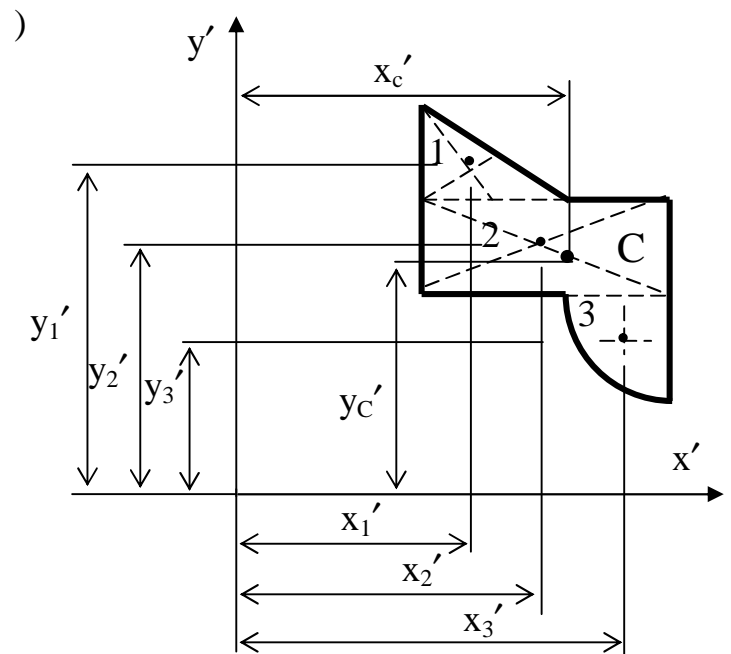
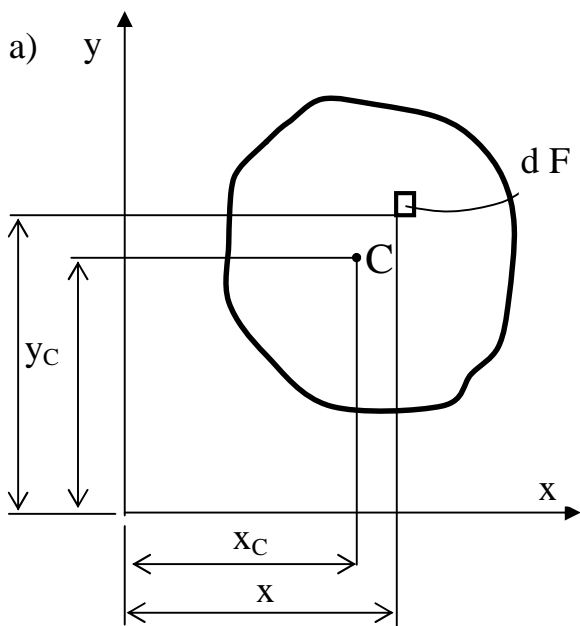
$$S_x = \int_{(F)} y dF; \quad S_y = \int_{(F)} x dF, \quad (5.1)$$

x, y - dF.

(. . 5.2,)

$$S_x = F y_C; \quad S_y = F x_C, \quad (5.2)$$

F - ; x_C, y_C - () -



. 5.2.

(5.2,)

$$S_x = \sum S_{xi} = \sum F_i y_i; S_y = \sum S_{yi} = \sum F_i x_i, \tag{5.3}$$

F_i — () ; x_i, y_i —

1. ;
2. $x' y'$;

3. F_i —
 $x_i' y_i'$

4. —

$$x'_C = \frac{S'_y}{F} = \frac{\sum F_i x'_i}{\sum F_i}; y'_C = \frac{S'_x}{F} = \frac{\sum F_i y'_i}{\sum F_i}. \tag{5.4}$$

5.2.

: $J_x, J_y,$ (J_{xy}) $J_\rho,$
 (. 5.2,)

$$J_x = \int_{(F)} y^2 dF; J_y = \int_{(F)} x^2 dF; J_{xy} = \int_{(F)} x y dF;$$

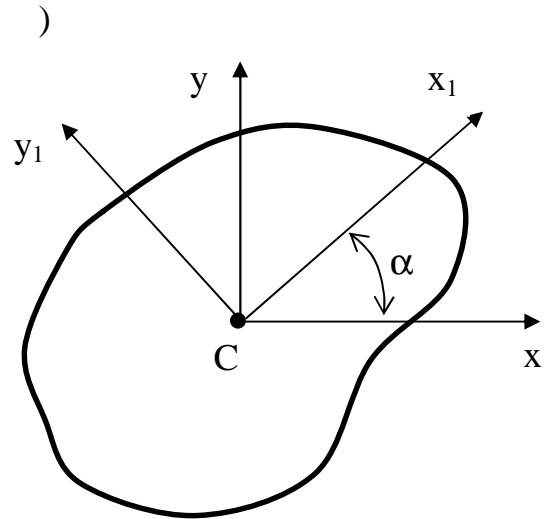
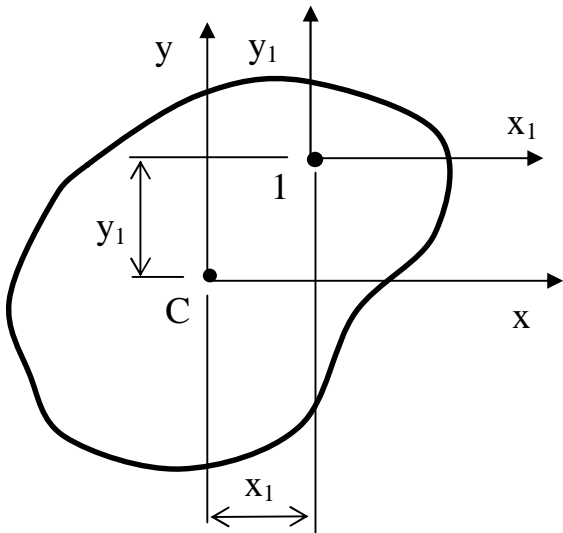
$$J_\rho = \int_{(F)} \rho^2 dF = \int_{(F)} (x^2 + y^2) dF = J_x + J_y. \tag{5.5}$$

$x_1 \quad y_1$ (. 5.3,)

$$J_{x_1} = J_x + F y_1^2; \quad J_{y_1} = J_y + F x_1^2; \quad J_{x_1, y_1} = J_{xy} + F x_1 y_1. \quad (5.6)$$

α (. 5.3,)

$$\begin{aligned} J_{x_1} &= J_x \cos^2 \alpha + J_y \sin^2 \alpha - J_{xy} \sin 2\alpha, \\ J_{y_1} &= J_x \sin^2 \alpha + J_y \cos^2 \alpha + J_{xy} \sin 2\alpha, \\ J_{x_1, y_1} &= \frac{J_x - J_y}{2} \sin 2\alpha + J_{xy} \cos 2\alpha. \end{aligned} \quad (5.7)$$



. 5.3.

()

()

(5.6) (5.7)

:

$$J_x = \sum J_{xi} + \sum F_i y_i^2; J_y = \sum J_{yi} + \sum F_i x_i^2; J_{xy} = \sum J_{xi,yi} + \sum F_i x_i y_i, \quad (5.8)$$

$$J_{xi}, J_{yi}, J_{xi,yi} \quad ; \quad x_i, y_i \quad \alpha \quad (5.3, \quad (5.7).$$

$$\alpha \quad \alpha_0 \quad \alpha_0', \quad J_{x1} \quad J_{y1} \quad - J_{max} \quad J_{min} \quad \alpha_0,$$

$$tg2\alpha_0 = -\frac{2J_{xy}}{J_x - J_y}, \quad (5.9)$$

$$\alpha_0' = \alpha_0 + 90^0 \quad \alpha_0 \quad \alpha_0' \quad (5.7)$$

$$J_{max} = \frac{J_x + J_y}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(J_x - J_y)^2 + 4J_{xy}^2} \quad (5.10)$$

$$\max(u), \quad J_x > J_y, \quad \min(v) \quad \min. \quad \alpha_0$$

$$= \alpha_0. \quad (5.11), \quad \alpha_0 \quad J_x(\alpha) \quad \alpha =$$

$$\max(u): \quad \frac{d^2 J_{x1}(\alpha)}{d\alpha^2} < 0. \quad (5.11)$$

- 1) $J_{x_i}, J_{y_i}, J_{x_i, y_i}$ (5.1)
- 2) J_x, J_y, J_{xy} (5.8)
- 3) $\alpha_0, \alpha'_0, \max(u), \min(v)$ (5.9)
- 4) $J_{\max(u)}, J_{\min(v)}$ (5.7) (5.10)
- 5) $J_{\max(u)}, J_{\min(v)}$

5.1.

u, v

$J_{\max(u)}, J_{\min(v)}$

5.4.

5.1.1.

«1»

$$F_1 = \frac{bh}{2} = \frac{10 \cdot 17,32}{2} = 86,6 \quad , \quad x'_1 = \frac{10}{3} = 3,33 \quad , \quad y'_1 = \frac{17,32}{3} = 5,77 \quad ,$$

$$J_{x1} = \frac{bh^3}{36} = \frac{10 \cdot 17,32^3}{36} = 1443 \quad , \quad J_{y1} = \frac{b^3h}{36} = \frac{10^3 \cdot 17,32}{36} = 481 \quad ,$$

$$J_{x1, y1} = -\frac{b^2h^2}{72} = -\frac{10^2 \cdot 17,32^2}{72} = -417 \quad .$$

20 (8240-89)

$$F_2 = F = 23,4 \quad , \quad J_x = 1520 \quad , \quad J_y = 113 \quad , \quad J_{x, y} = 0.$$

$$y \quad \alpha_2 = \arctg\left(\frac{y_2}{x_2}\right) = \arctg(-0,577) = -30^\circ, \quad x \quad -$$

$$(5.7), \quad J_{x,y} = 0. \quad -$$

$$x'_2 = \frac{10}{2} + z_0 \cos|\alpha_2| = 5,0 + 2,07 \cdot \cos 30^\circ = 6,8, \quad ,$$

$$y'_2 = \frac{17,32}{2} + z_0 \sin|\alpha_2| = 8,66 + 2,07 \cdot \sin 30^\circ = 9,7 \quad .$$

$$J_{x_2} = J_x \cos^2(-30^\circ) + J_y \sin^2(-30^\circ) = 1520 \cdot 0,75 + 113 \cdot 0,25 = 1168 \quad ^4,$$

$$J_{y_2} = J_x \sin^2(-30^\circ) + J_y \cos^2(-30^\circ) = 1520 \cdot 0,25 + 113 \cdot 0,75 = 465 \quad ^4,$$

$$J_{x_2, y_2} = \frac{J_x - J_y}{2} \sin 2(-30^\circ) = \frac{1520 - 113}{2} \sin(-60^\circ) = 703 \cdot (-0,865) =$$

$$= -608 \quad ^4.$$

5.1.2.

$$x' \quad y' \quad (5.4).$$

$$x'_C = \frac{\sum F_i x'_i}{\sum F_i} = \frac{86,6 \cdot 3,33 + 23,4 \cdot 6,8}{86,6 + 23,4} = \frac{447}{110} = 4,1 \quad ;$$

$$y' = \frac{\sum F_i y'_i}{\sum F_i} = \frac{86,6 \cdot 5,77 + 23,4 \cdot 9,7}{110} = \frac{726}{110} = 6,6 \quad .$$

5.1.3.

$$x \quad y \quad (5.1).$$

$$(5.8), \quad x_1 = -(4,1 - 3,3) = -0,8 \quad ; \quad x_2 = 6,8 - 4,1 = 2,7 \quad ; \quad y_1 = -(6,6 -$$

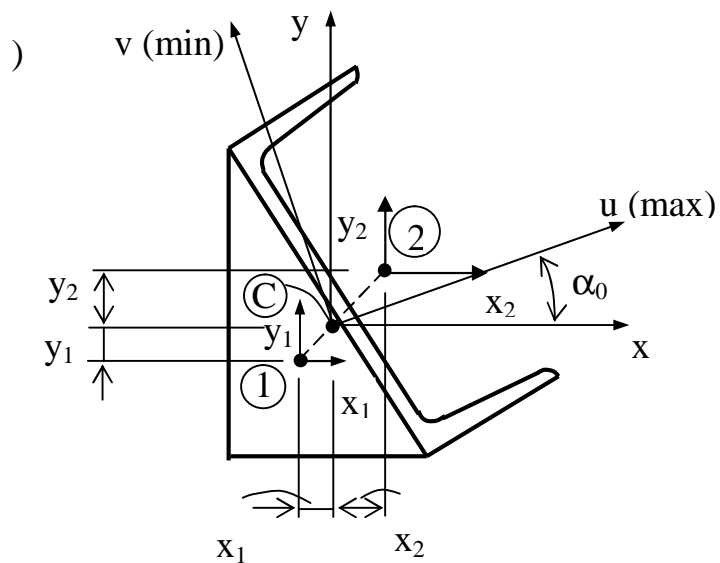
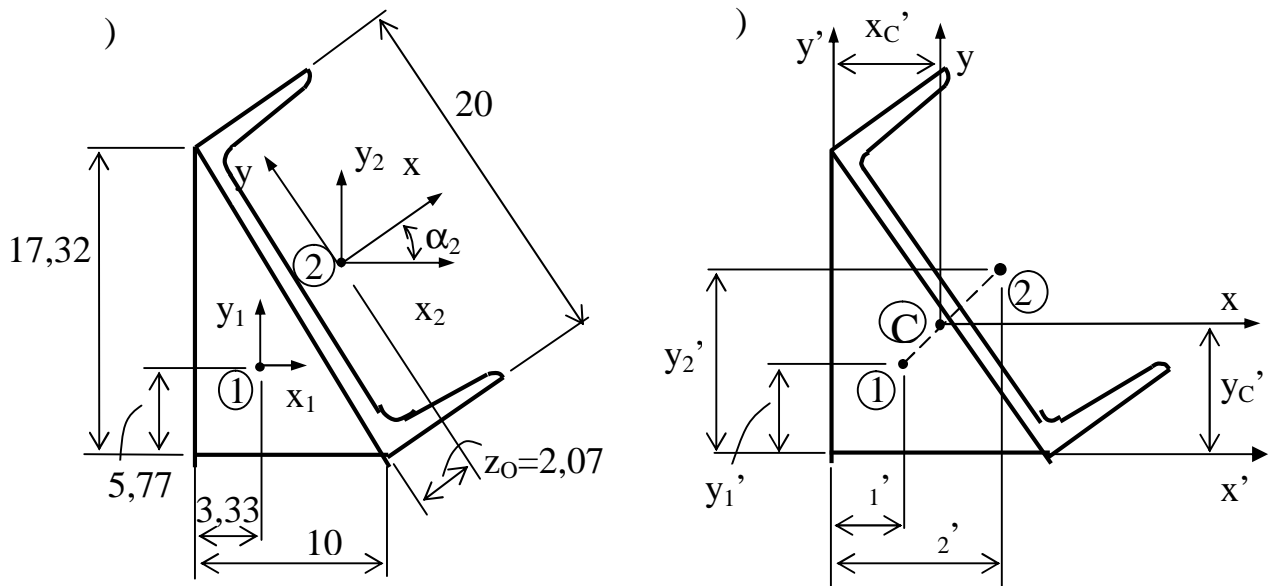
$$-5,84) = -0,8 \quad ; \quad y_2 = 9,7 - 6,6 = 3,1 \quad .$$

$$J_x = \sum J_{x_i} + \sum F_i y_i^2 = 1443 + 1168 + 86,6 \cdot 0,8^2 + 23,4 \cdot 3,1^2 = 2890 \quad ^4;$$

$$J_x = \sum J_{x_i} + \sum F_i x_i^2 = 481 + 465 + 86,6 \cdot 0,8^2 + 23,4 \cdot 2,7^2 = 1172 \quad ^4;$$

$$J_{xy} = \sum J_{x_i, y_i} + \sum F_i x_i y_i = -417 - 529 + 86,6 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 0,8 + 23,4 \cdot 3,1 \cdot 2,7 =$$

$$= -694 \quad ^4.$$



.5.4.

5.1.4.

u v.

$$\operatorname{tg} 2\alpha_0 = -\frac{2J_{xy}}{J_x - J_y} = -\frac{2 \cdot (-694)}{2890 - 1172} = 0,81; \quad 2\alpha_0 = 38^\circ 24'; \quad \alpha_0 = 19^\circ 12';$$

$$\alpha'_0 = 90^\circ + 19^\circ 12' = 109^\circ 12'.$$

$$J_x = 2890 \text{ }^4 > J_y = 1172 \text{ }^4, \quad \alpha_0 -$$

$$\max(u) (\text{ . . . } 5.4, \text{ }).$$

$$5.1.5. \quad (5.10):$$

$$J_{\max} = \frac{J_x + J_y}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(J_x - J_y)^2 + 4J_{xy}^2} =$$

$$J_{\min}$$

$$= \frac{2890 + 1172}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(2890 - 1172)^2 + 4(-694)^2} = 2031 \pm 1104 \text{ }^4;$$

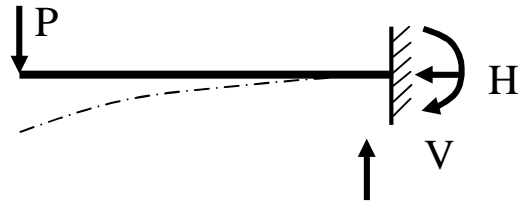
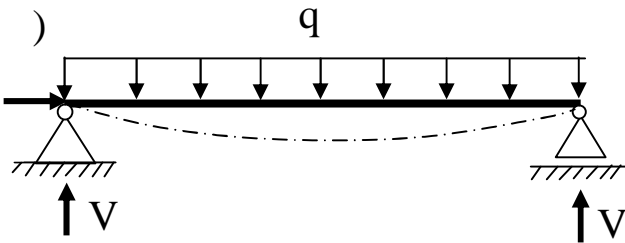
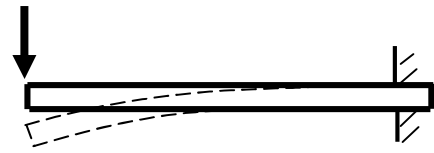
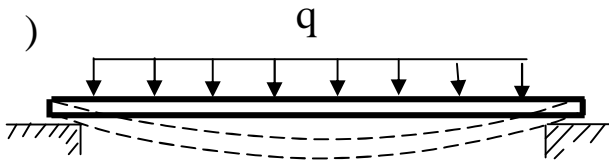
$$J_{\max} = J_u = 3135 \text{ }^4; \quad J_{\min} = J_v = 927 \text{ }^4.$$

$$: J_x + J_y = J_{\max} + J_{\min}; \quad 2890 + 1172 = 3135 + 927; \quad 4062 = 4061.$$

6.

6.1.

(. 6.1).



. 6.1.

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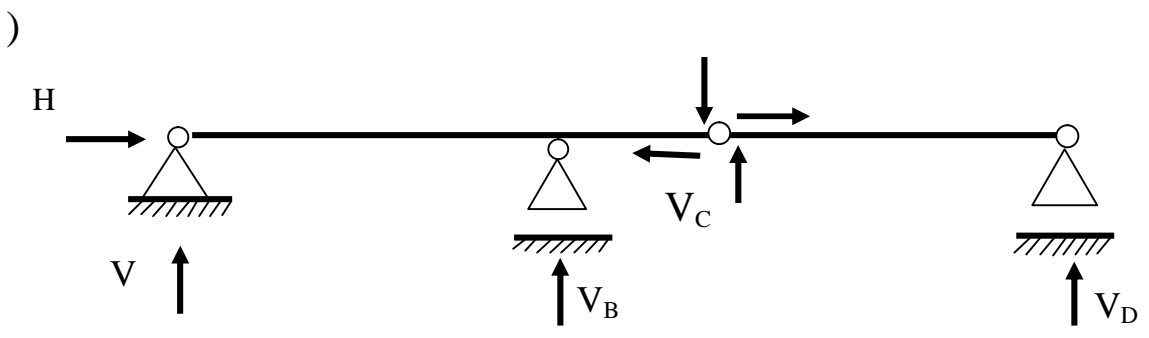
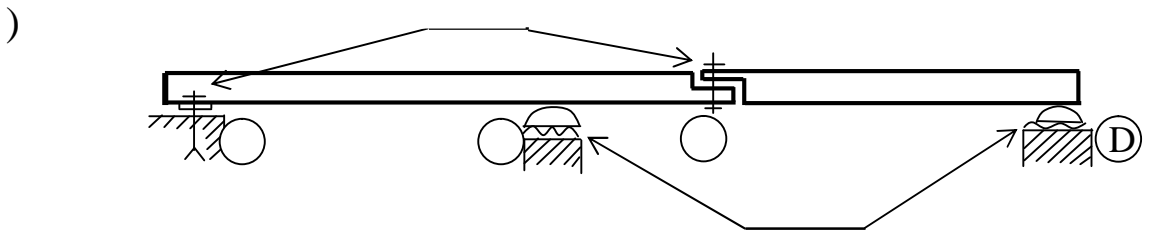
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(. 6.2,),
 (. 6.2,) (. 6.1).

(. 6.2, C).



. 6.2. () ()

(. 6.2,)
 (V_B, V_C),
 (V, \quad), (. 6.1,) - : (V, \quad) -
 (V, \quad), (. 6.2,) -
 (V, \quad).

$$\sum z = 0; \quad \sum = 0; \quad \sum m = 0. \tag{6.1}$$

$m = 2.$

$$\left(\right) \quad N = 3m, \quad m -$$

$$. \tag{6.1} \quad m = 1, \tag{6.2}$$

6.2.

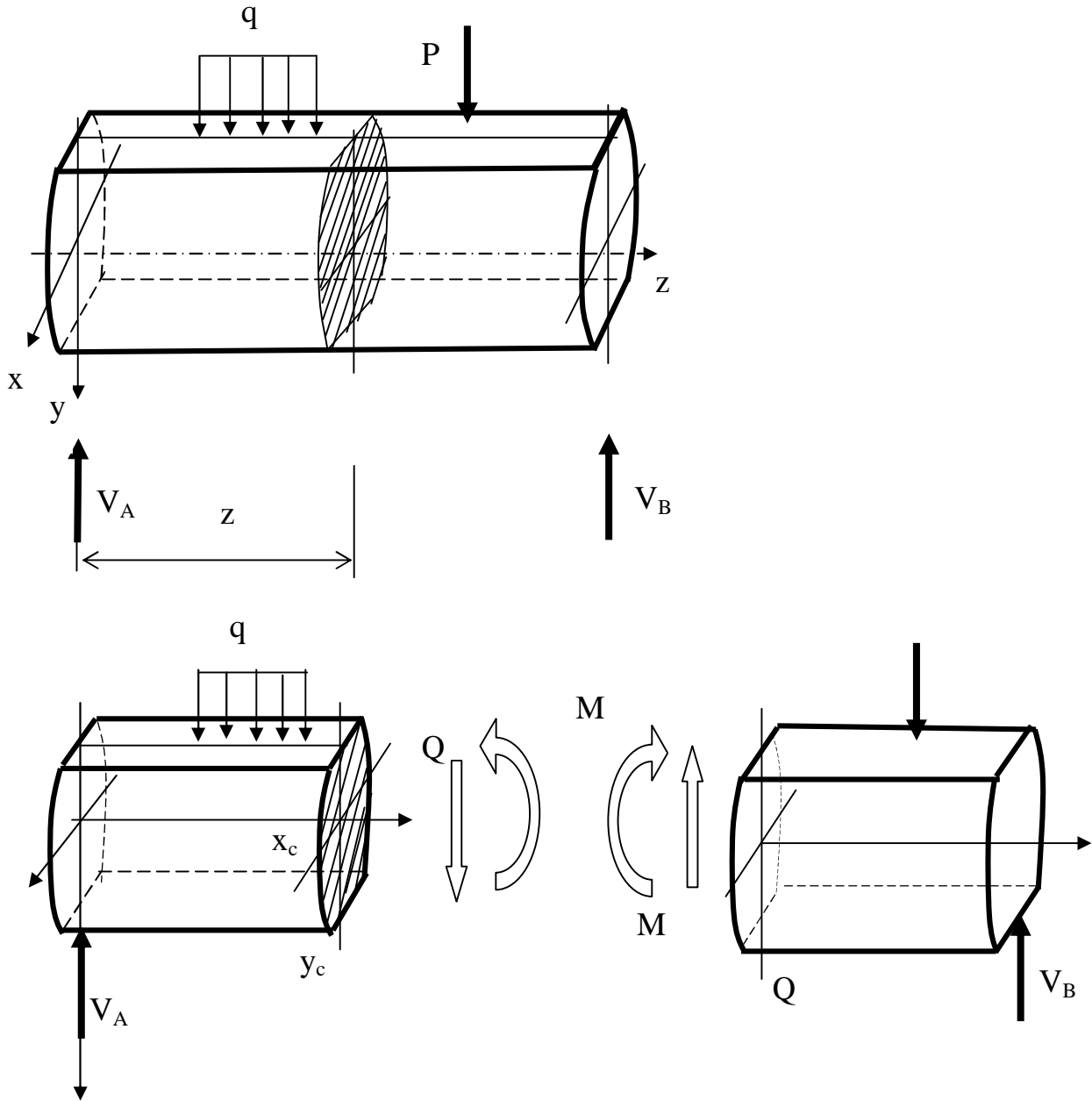
$$\left(\right) \tag{6.3}$$

σ τ ,

Q M

$$Q = \sum P_{iy}; \quad = \sum m_x (i). \tag{6.2}$$

1. (6.2) $Q(z)$ z $($ $)$
2. P_i $M(z)$

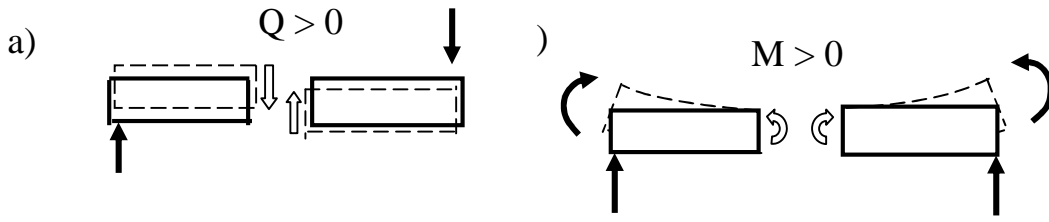


. 6.3.

(6.2)

. 6.3

(. 6.4).



. 6.4.

Q (a) M ()

6.3.

$$\frac{dQ}{dz} = -q; \quad \frac{dM}{dz} = Q; \quad \frac{d^2M}{dz^2} = -q. \quad (6.3)$$

(6.3)

Q'

1. (q = 0), Q = const, (Q > 0),

2. (q = const), Q, Q = 0, q > 0 (max).

1. Q, Q = Q, Q > 0 (Q)

2. Q, Q = Q, Q > 0 (Q)

Q, Q = Q

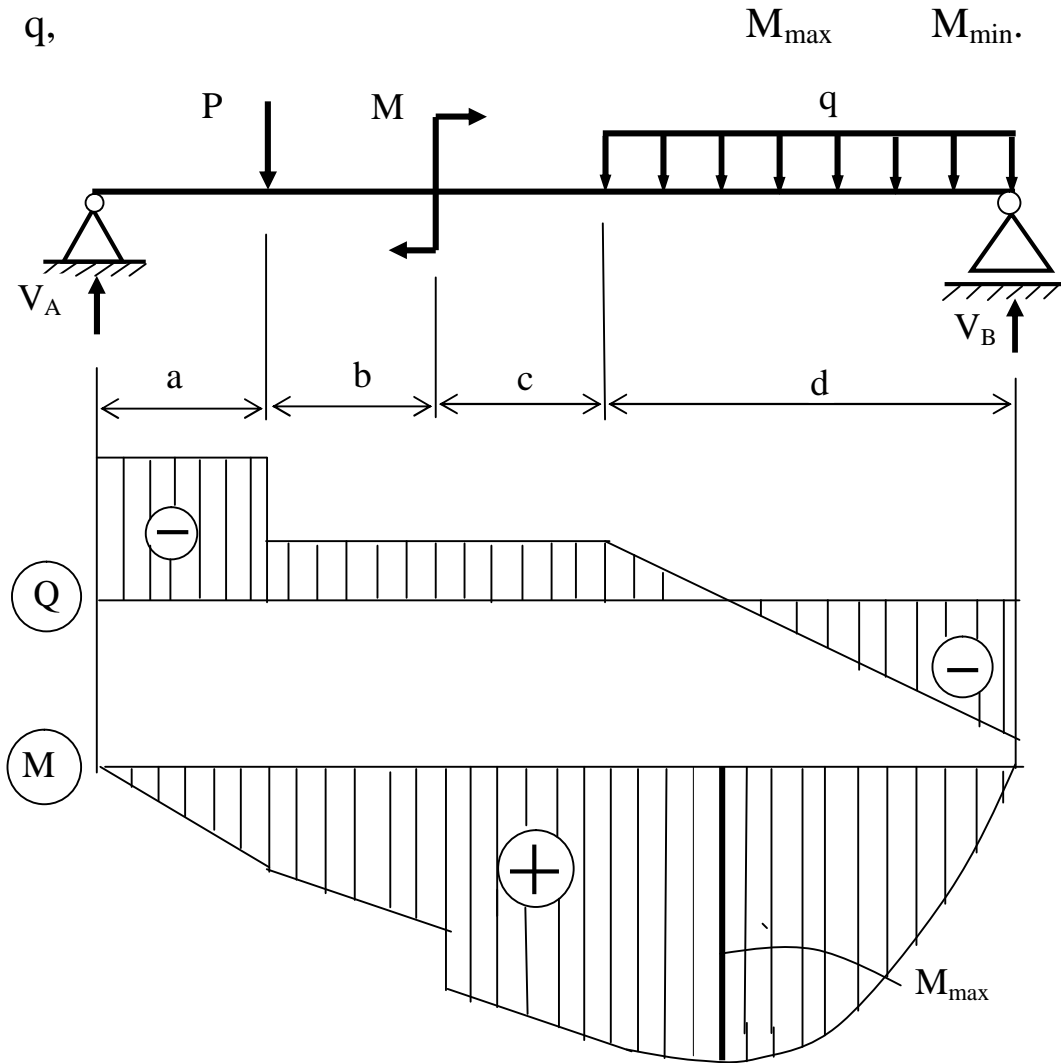
6.4.

Q(z) M(z).
 Q(z) M(z) q

1) () ;
 2) (6.2) . 6.3,
 Q(z) M(z);
 3) Q , ;
 4) Q M
 Q M ;
 5) Q(z) M(z);
 6) Q M . 6.3.
 Q
 Q>0
 (. 6.5).

« Q M ».
 Q(z) M(z) Q M
 Q M
 Q M,

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)



. 6.5.

Q M

4

$Q = 0$

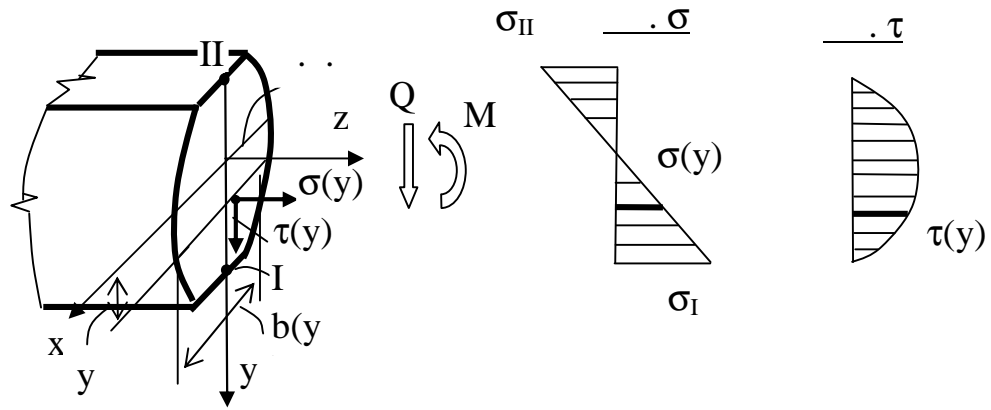
Q M

(6.2)

(. . 6.3).

6.5.

,
:
σ
τ (. 6.6).



. 6.6.

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{J} y, \quad \tau = \frac{QS}{Jb(y)}, \quad (6.4)$$

M, Q –

; J –
(. . . – . 6.6),

x_c
 $b(y)$ – ; y –

; S – , ;

F (. 6.6)

(. S 5.4).

, 5

σ_I
I II σ_{II}

$$\sigma_I = \sigma_{\max} = \frac{M}{J_x} y_I = \frac{M}{W_x^I}; \quad \sigma_{II} = \sigma_{\min} = \frac{M}{J_x} y_{II} = -\frac{M}{W_x^{II}}, \quad (6.5)$$

$$W_x^I, y_I, y_{II} - \quad I \quad II \quad \dots \quad (6.6); \quad W_x^I,$$

$$W_x^I = \left| \frac{J_x}{y_I} \right|; \quad W_x^{II} = \left| \frac{J_x}{y_{II}} \right|. \quad (6.6)$$

$$\sigma_I = \frac{M}{W_x^I} \leq [\sigma]_+; \quad |\sigma_{II}| = \frac{M}{W_x^{II}} \leq [\sigma]_-, \quad (6.7)$$

$$[\sigma]_+ \quad [\sigma]_-, \quad I \quad II$$

$$M^I, M^{II} -$$

$$([\sigma]_+ = [\sigma]_- = [\sigma]), \quad (6.7)$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{M}{W_x} \leq [\sigma], \quad (6.8)$$

$$W_x = \frac{J_x}{y_{\max}}$$

$$W_x^I \geq \frac{M_I}{[\sigma]_+}; \quad W_x^{II} \geq \frac{M_{II}}{[\sigma]_-}. \quad (6.9)$$

$$(6.6) \quad , \quad \frac{W_x \cdot}{W_x} \quad 5 \quad (6.9) \quad -$$

(),

6.1.

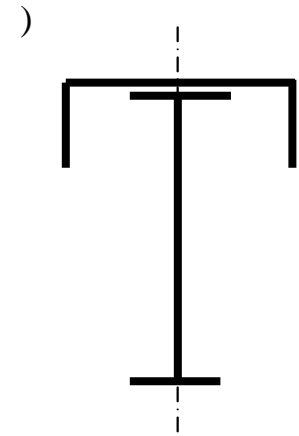
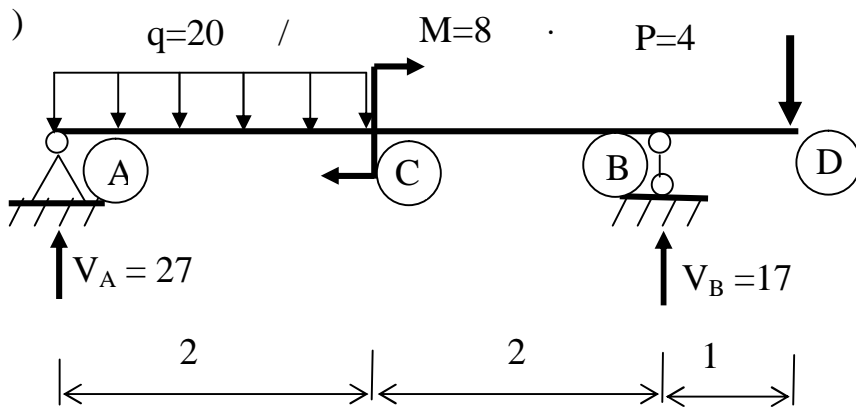
(. 6.7,),

.3.

: (. 6.7,).

$$V_A = \frac{q2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{2} + 2 \right) - m - P1}{4} = \frac{20 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 8 - 4 \cdot 1}{4} = 27 \quad ,$$

$$V_B = \frac{q2 \frac{2}{2} + m + P5}{4} = \frac{20 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + 8 + 4 \cdot 5}{4} = 17 \quad .$$



. 6.7.

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$$Q_A = V_A = 27 \quad ; \quad Q_C = V_A - q \cdot 2 = 27 - 40 = -13 \quad = Q \quad ;$$

$$Q_B = +P = 4 \quad = Q_D ;$$

$$M_A = M_D = 0; \quad M_C = V_A \cdot 2 - q \frac{2^2}{2} = 14 \quad . \quad ;$$

$$M_C = M + M = 14 + 8 = 22 \quad . \quad ; \quad M_B = -P \cdot 1 = -4 \quad . \quad ;$$

$$M_E = V_A a - q \frac{a^2}{2} = 27 \cdot 1,35 - 20 \frac{1,35^2}{2} = 18,25 \quad . \quad .$$

$$= 1,35 \quad - \quad , \quad (max),$$

$$Q = 27$$

$$a = \left| \frac{Q}{q} \right| = \frac{27}{20} = 1,35 \quad .$$

.3

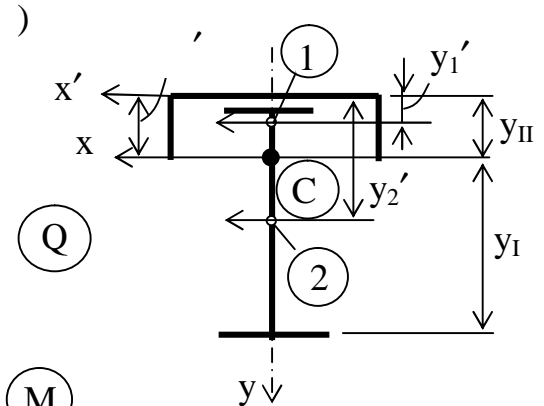
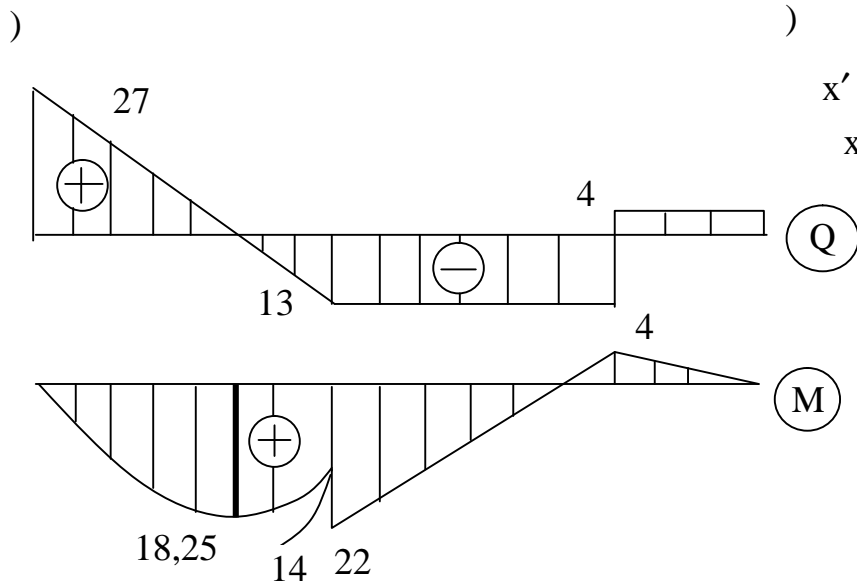
$$[\sigma] = [\sigma]_+ = [\sigma]_- = \frac{\sigma}{n} = \frac{240}{1,5} = 160$$

= 22 . .

$$W_x \geq \frac{M}{[\sigma]} = \frac{22}{160 \cdot 10^3} = 0,138 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 = 138 \text{ cm}^3$$

18 (. 6.8,).

I 18



. 6.8.

()

()

		$J_{xi,4}$	$F_{i,2}$	y_i'	y_i
1	[18	85,4	20,5	1,95	-3,8
2	I 18	1090	20,7	9,51	+3,76

5.

$$\bar{y} = \frac{20,5 \cdot 1,95 + 20,7 \cdot 9,51}{20,5 + 20,7} = 5,75 \approx 5,8$$

$$y_1 = 1,95 - 5,8 \approx -3,8 \quad ; \quad y_2 = 9,51 - 5,8 \approx 3,7$$

$$J_x = \sum J_{xi} + \sum F_i y_i^2 = 85,4 + 1090 + 20,5 \cdot 3,8^2 + 20,7 \cdot 3,7^2 = 1755 \quad 4$$

$$y_{\max} = y_I = 18 + 0,51 - 5,8 = 12,7$$

$$W_x = \frac{J_x}{y_{\max}} = \frac{1755}{12,8} = 138 \quad 3$$

 W_x W_x

, 5% (0,05).

6.6.

θ .
 $-v(z) = \theta(z)$ (6.9).

$$v_{\max} = f \leq [f]. \tag{6.10}$$

$[f] =$

$1/200$

$$v''(z) = -\frac{M(z)}{EJ}, \tag{6.11}$$

$M(z) =$

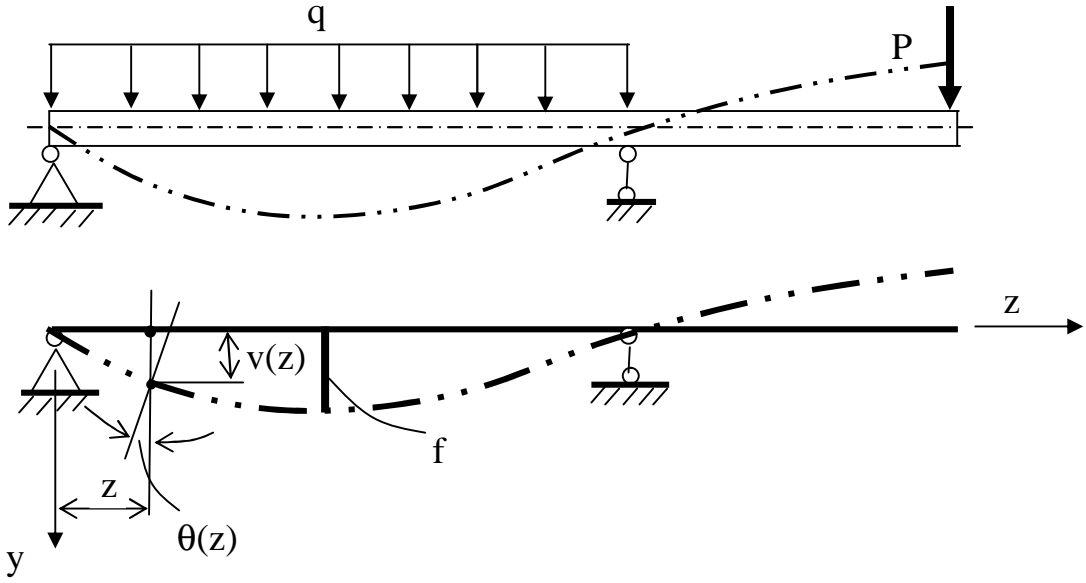
$; EJ =$

$$\theta(z) = \frac{dv(z)}{dz} = v'(z). \tag{6.12}$$

$v(z)$

(6.11).

($EJ = \text{const}$)



. 6.9.

$M(z)$,

$q = \text{const}$,

$M(z)$

$$M(z) = M(0) + Q(0)z - \sum M_i (z - a_i)^0 - \sum P_i (z - b_i) - \sum q_i \frac{(z -)^2}{2}. \quad (6.13)$$

. 6.10

$M(z)$.

$Q(0) = P_0$

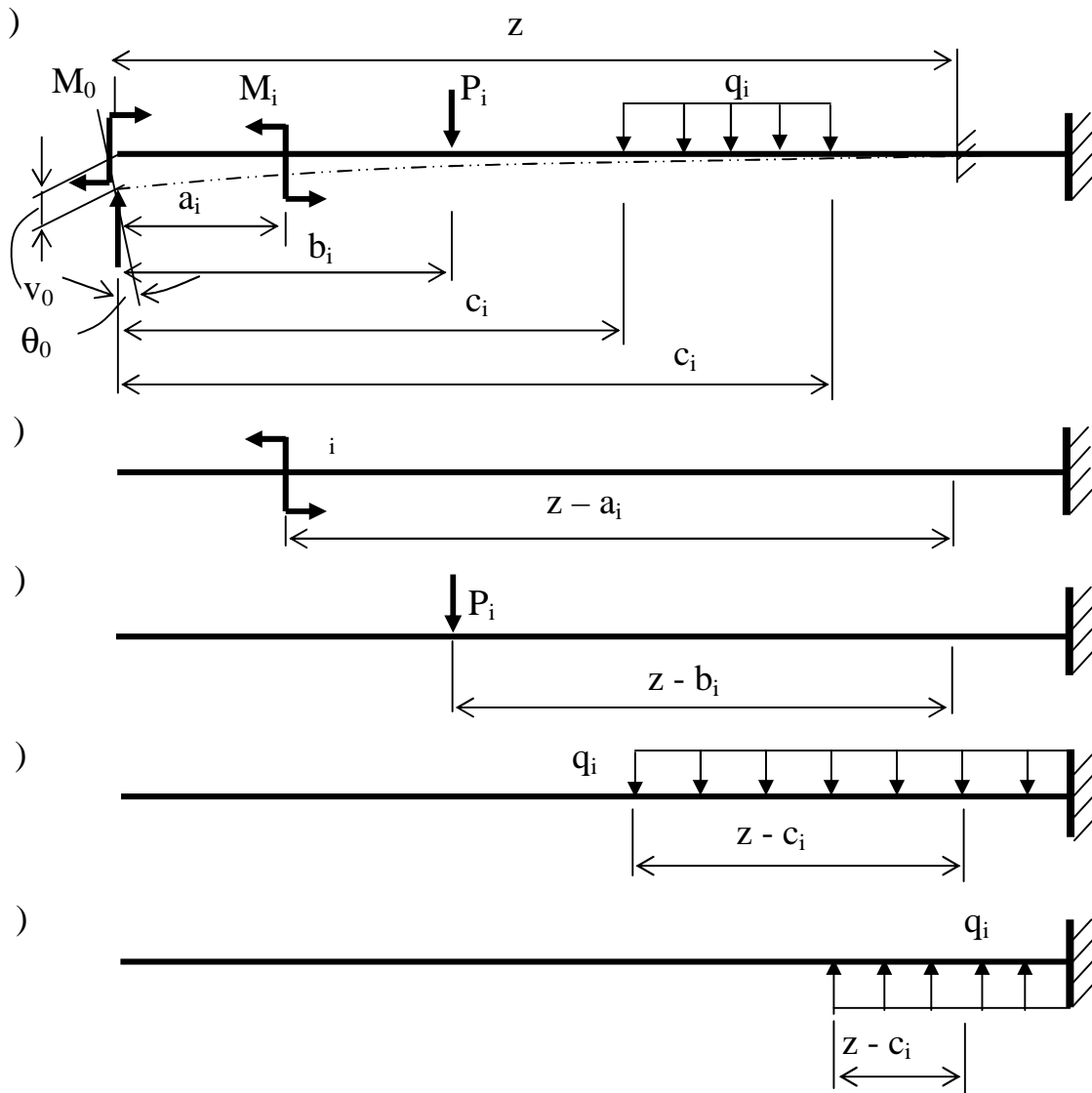
$M(0) = M_0$

$Q \ M,$

$M(z)$

(6.11).

$$\int (z - a_i)^n dz$$



. 6.10.

, , , ,

$\theta(z)$ $v(z)$:

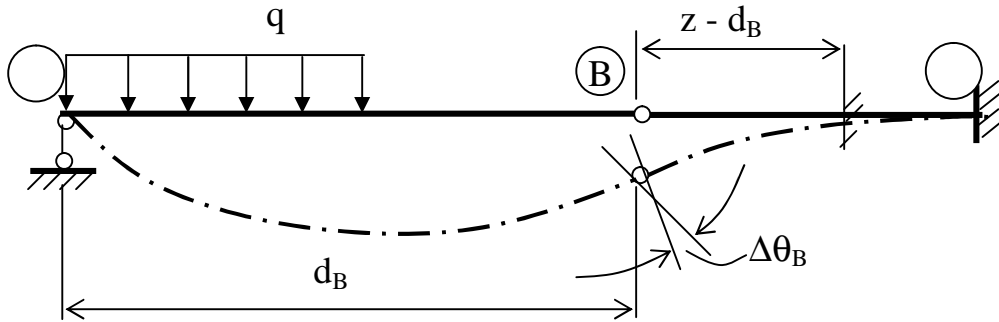
$$\theta(z) = \theta(0) + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-M(0)z - Q(0) \frac{z^2}{2} + \sum M_i (z - a_i) + \sum P_i \frac{(z - b_i)^2}{2} + \sum q_i \frac{(z - c_i)^3}{6} \right]; \tag{6.14}$$

$$v(z) = v(0) + \theta(0)z + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-M(0) \frac{z^2}{2} - Q(0) \frac{z^3}{6} + \sum M_i \frac{(z - a_i)^2}{2} + \sum P_i \frac{(z - b_i)^3}{6} + \sum q_i \frac{(z - c_i)^4}{24} \right]. \tag{6.15}$$

(I) (6.11), $\theta(z)$ $\Delta\theta_i$.

$\theta(z)$ (6.14) $\Delta\theta_i(z - d_i)^0$, $v(z)$ (6.15) $\Delta\theta_i(z - d_i)$.

$v(0), \theta(0) \Delta\theta_i$



. 6.11.

. 6.10, $(\theta(l) = \theta_A = 0 \quad v(l) = v_A = 0)$,
 . 6.11 - $v(0) = 0; \theta(l) = 0; v(l) = 0.$

$v(0), \theta(0) \Delta\theta_i$.
 (6.12), (6.13) (6.14)

« $(z - a_i), (z - b_i)$ ».

6.2.

. 6.12, - .3.

. 6.12, , .

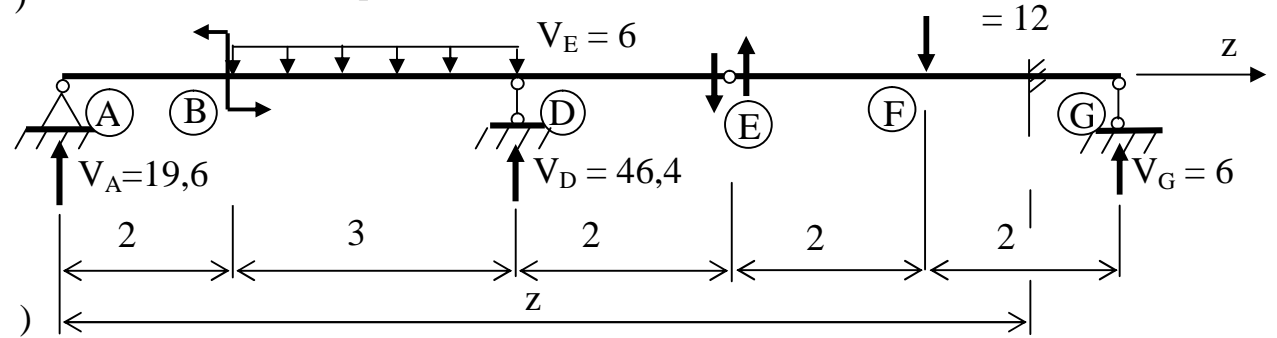
$$.3 = 2 \cdot 10^5$$

$$J = 1840^4$$

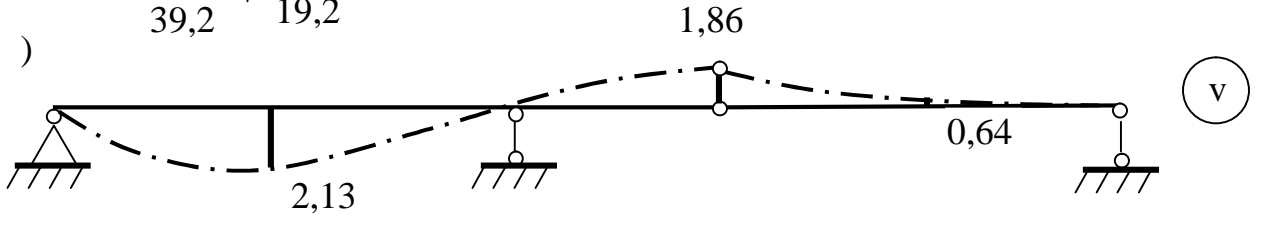
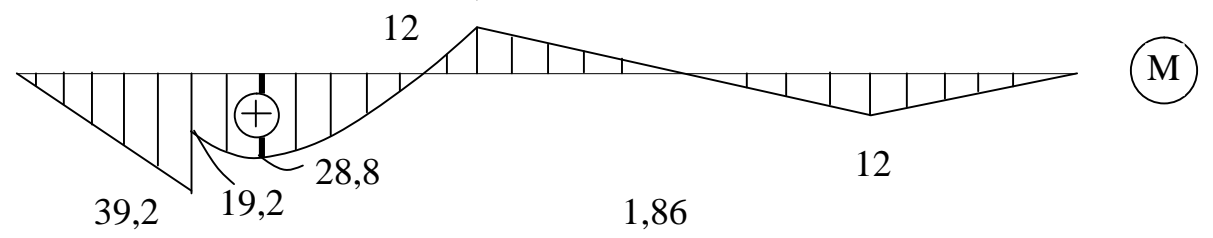
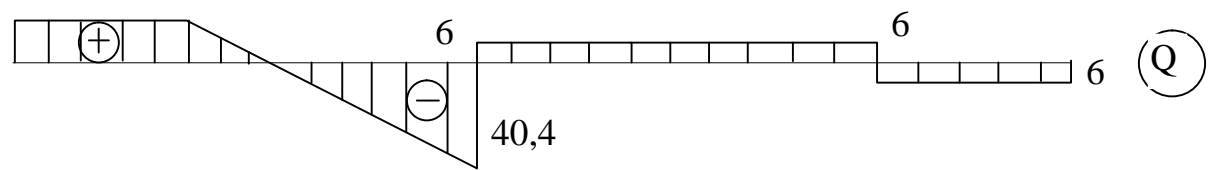
$$J = 2 \cdot 10^8 \cdot 1810 \cdot 10^{-8} = 3,62 \cdot 10^3$$

$$Q(0) = 19,6 ; M(0) = 0.$$

) $M = 20$. $q = 20 /$



19,6



. 6.12.

$$M(z) = Q(0)z - M(z-2)^0 - q \frac{(z-2)^2}{2} + q \frac{(z-5)^2}{2} + V_D(z-5) - (z-9).$$

$$\theta(z) = \theta(0) + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-Q(0) \frac{z^2}{2} + M(z-2) + q \frac{(z-2)^3}{6} - q \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} - V_D \frac{(z-5)^2}{2} + P \frac{(z-9)^2}{2} \right] + \Delta\theta_E (z-7)^0.$$

$$v(z) = v(0) + \theta(0)z + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-Q(0) \frac{z^3}{6} + M \frac{(z-2)^2}{2} + q \frac{(z-2)^4}{24} - q \frac{(z-5)^4}{24} - V_D \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} + \frac{(z-9)^3}{6} \right] + \Delta\theta_E (z-7).$$

$$: v(0) = v_A = 0; \quad v(5) = v_D = 0; \quad v(11) = v_G = 0.$$

$$\theta(0) \quad \Delta\theta :$$

$$v(5) = 0 = \theta(0)5 + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-19,6 \frac{5^3}{6} + 20 \frac{(5-2)^2}{2} + 20 \frac{(5-2)^4}{24} \right];$$

$$v(11) = 0 = \theta(0)11 + \frac{1}{EJ} \left[-19,6 \frac{11^3}{6} + 20 \frac{(11-2)^2}{2} + 20 \frac{(11-2)^4}{24} - 20 \frac{(11-5)^4}{24} - 46,4 \frac{(11-5)^3}{6} + 12 \frac{(11-9)^3}{6} \right] + \Delta\theta_E (11-7).$$

$$\theta(0) = \frac{1}{5EJ} \cdot \left(19,6 \cdot \frac{5^3}{6} - 20 \cdot \frac{3^2}{2} - 20 \frac{3^4}{24} \right) = \frac{50,1}{EJ} = 13,84 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad .$$

$$\Delta\theta_E = \frac{1}{4EJ} \left[-50,1 \cdot 11 + 19,6 \frac{11^3}{6} - 20 \frac{9^2}{2} - 20 \frac{9^4}{24} + 20 \frac{6^4}{24} + 46,4 \frac{6^3}{6} - 12 \frac{2^3}{6} \right] =$$

$$= 17,47 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad .$$

:

$$v(2,5) = 13,84 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 2,5 + \frac{1}{3,62 \cdot 10^3} \left[-19,6 \frac{2,5^3}{6} + 20 \frac{0,5^2}{2} + 20 \frac{0,5^4}{24} \right] =$$

$$= 2,13 \cdot 10^{-2} = 2,13 \quad ;$$

$$v(7) = 13,84 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 7 + \frac{1}{3,62 \cdot 10^3} \left[-19,6 \frac{7^3}{6} + 20 \frac{5^2}{2} + 20 \frac{5^4}{24} - 20 \frac{2^4}{24} - 46,4 \frac{2^3}{6} \right] =$$

$$= -1,86 \cdot 10^{-2} = -1,86 \quad ;$$

$$v(9) = 13,84 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 9 + \frac{1}{3,62 \cdot 10^3} \left[-19,6 \frac{9^3}{6} + 20 \frac{7^2}{2} + 20 \frac{7^4}{24} - 20 \frac{4^4}{24} - 46,4 \frac{4^3}{6} \right] +$$

$$+ 17,47 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 2 = -0,64 \cdot 10^{-2} = -0,64 \quad .$$

– $v(\quad . 6.12, \quad)$, –

$$v_{\max} = f \approx 2,13 \quad .$$

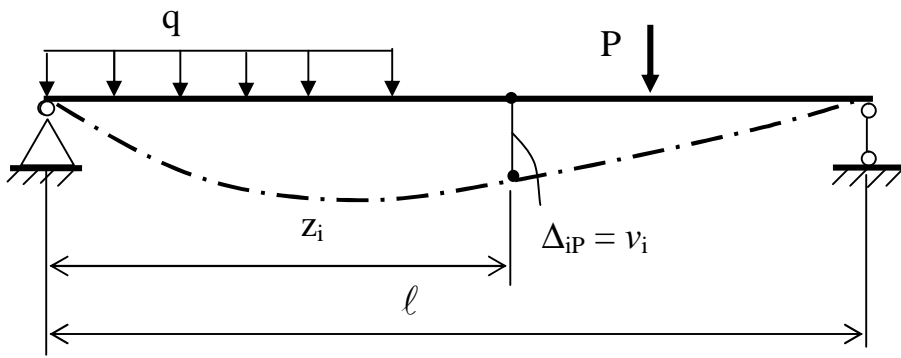
$$\frac{f}{\ell} = \frac{2,13}{1100} = \frac{1}{516} .$$

6.7. –

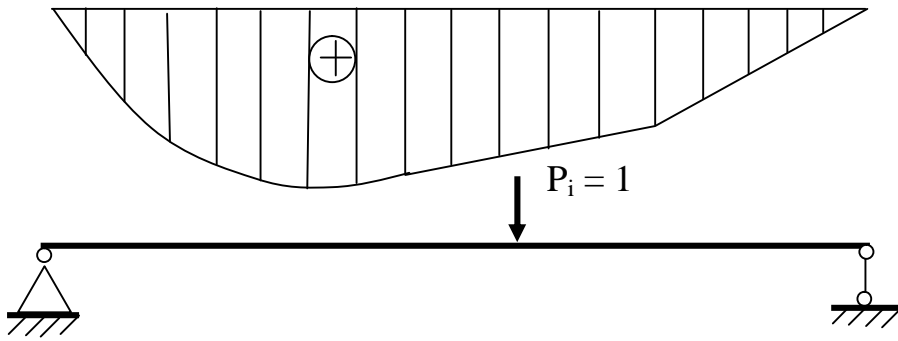
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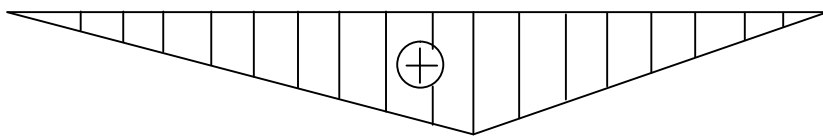
$M_P(z) -$ (.6.13,).



M_P



M_i



.6.13.

()

()

$\bar{P}_i = 1,$
 $\bar{M}_i = 1.$

$$\Delta_{ip} = \int_{(\ell)} \frac{\bar{M}_i(z) M_p(z) dz}{EJ} \quad (6.16)$$

(6.15)

(6.14),

$$(N, Q_x, Q_y, M_x, M_y, M_k).$$

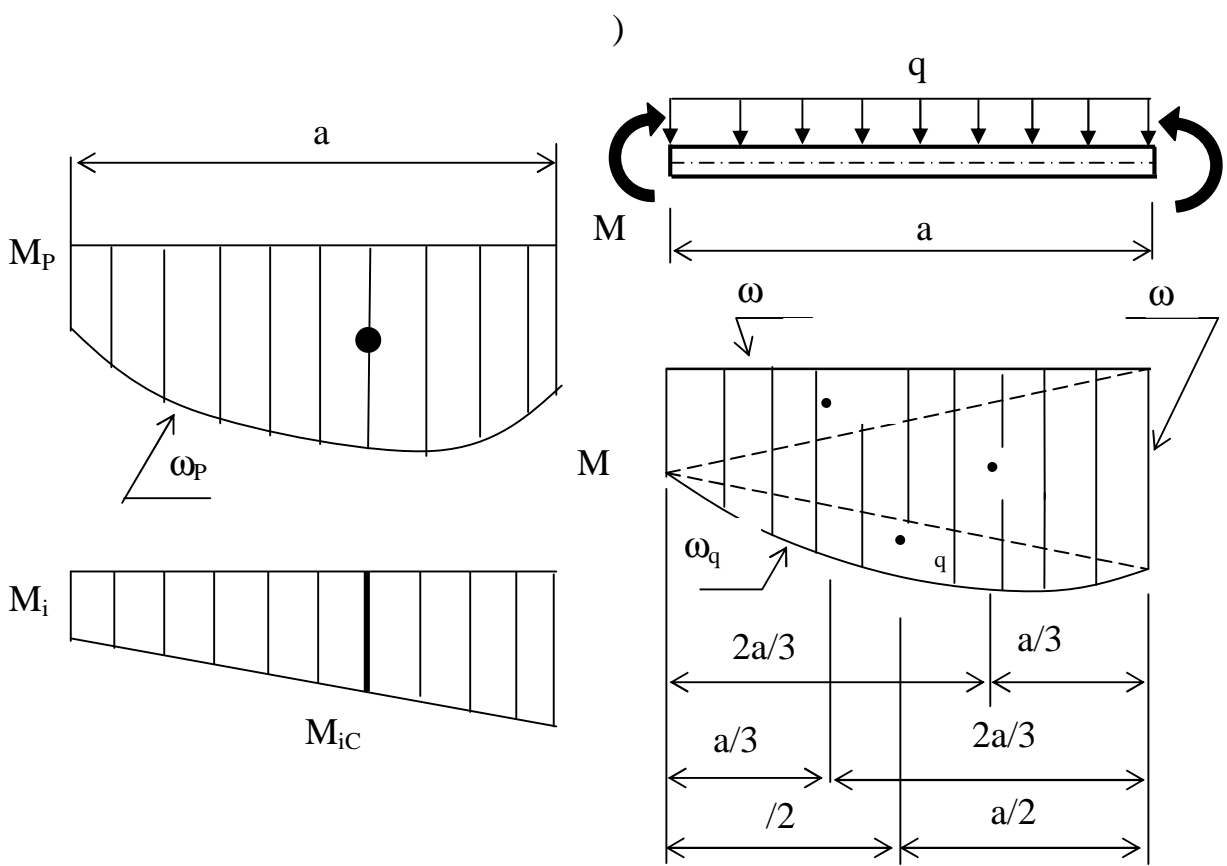
ω
 $\omega_p:$

$$\int_{(\ell)} \frac{M_p(z) \bar{M}_i(z) dz}{EJ} = \frac{\omega_p \bar{M}_i^c}{EJ} \quad (6.17)$$

6.14, »

$$\Delta_{ip} = \sum \frac{\omega_{pn} \bar{M}_{in}^c}{EJ} \quad (6.18)$$

$P_i = 1, \quad i = 1.$



. 6.14.

() ()

ω . 6.14

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2}; \quad \omega = \frac{1}{2}; \quad \omega_q = \frac{qa^3}{12}.$$

6.3.

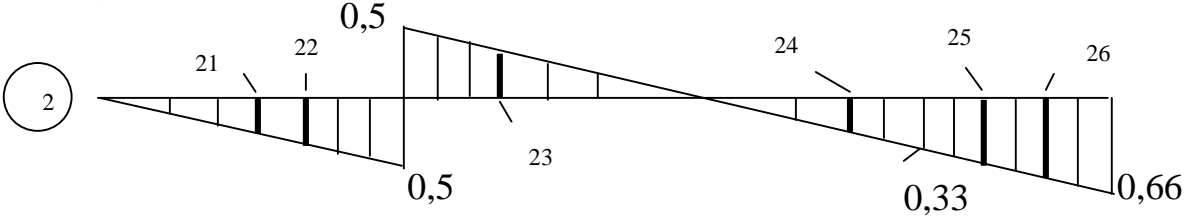
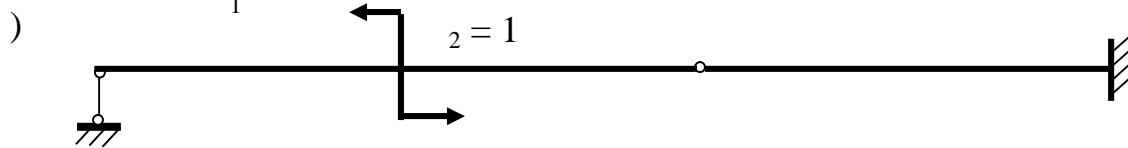
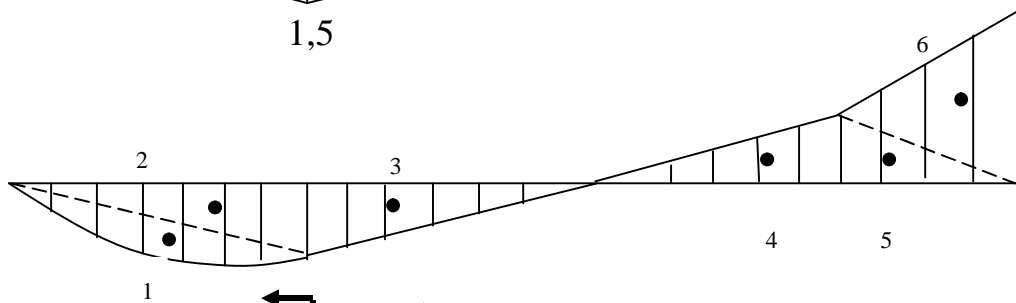
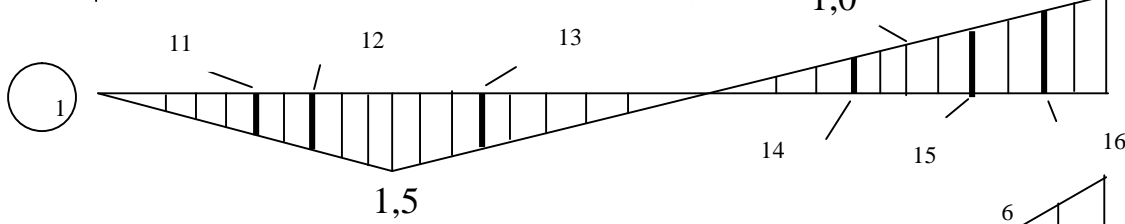
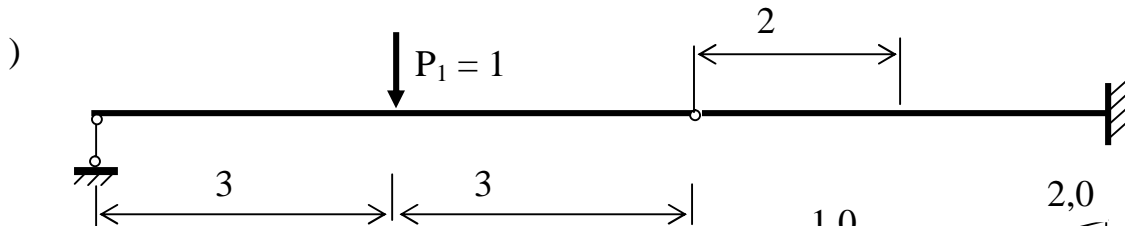
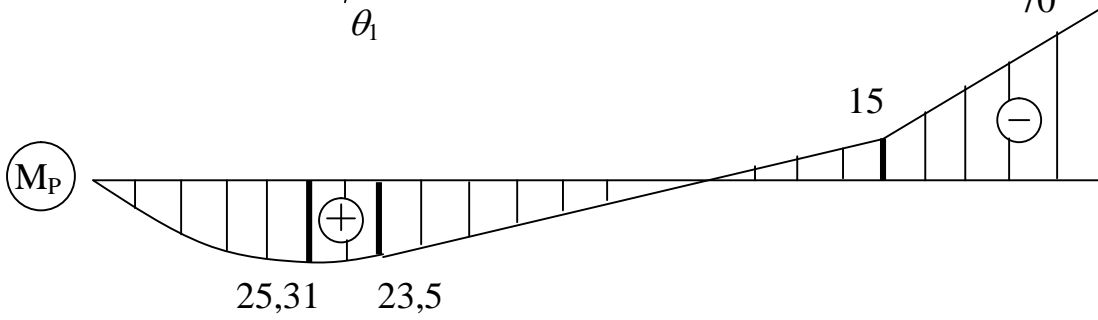
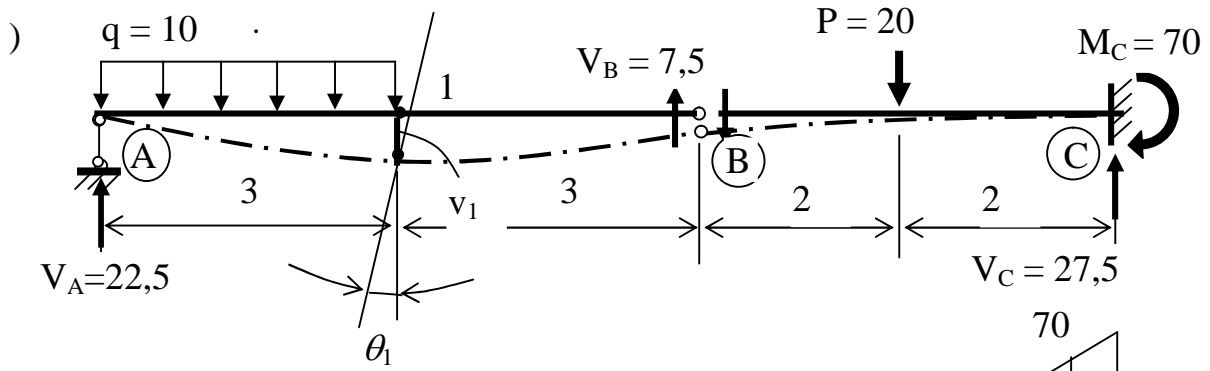
. 6.15,

$2 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 2.$

«1».

«1» «2»

. 6.15.



$$\Delta_{1p} = v_1 = \sum \frac{\omega_{pn} M_{1n}^c}{EJ} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 10^4} \left[\frac{10 \cdot 3^3}{12} \cdot \frac{1,5}{2} + \frac{23,5 \cdot 3}{2} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 1,5}{3} + \frac{23,5 \cdot 3}{2} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 1,5}{3} + \left(-\frac{15 \cdot 2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{2 \cdot 1}{3}\right) + \left(-\frac{15 \cdot 2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{2 \cdot 1}{3} - \frac{1 \cdot 2}{3}\right) + \left(-\frac{70 \cdot 2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1 \cdot 1}{3} - \frac{2 \cdot 2}{3}\right) \right] = 0,011 = 1,1 \text{ .}$$

$$\Delta_{2p} = \theta_1 = \sum \frac{\omega_{pn} \bar{M}_{2n}^c}{EJ} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 10^4} \left[\frac{10 \cdot 3^3}{12} \cdot \frac{0,5}{2} + \frac{23,5 \cdot 3}{2} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 0,5}{3} + \frac{23,5 \cdot 3}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{2 \cdot 0,5}{3}\right) + \left(-\frac{15 \cdot 2}{2}\right) \frac{2 \cdot 0,333}{3} + \left(-\frac{15 \cdot 2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,333}{3} + \frac{0,666}{3}\right) \right] = -0,22 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ .}$$

$$(1) \quad \bar{M}_2 = 1 \left(\begin{array}{c} \Delta_{2p} \\ \omega_p \bar{M}_i^c \end{array} \right) \cdot 6.15, \text{ .}$$

6.8.

$$k = m - n. \quad (6.19)$$

$\delta_{ij} = \int_{(L)} \bar{M}_i \bar{M}_j ds$ (i, j = 1, 2, ..., k); $\Delta_{ip} = \int_{(L)} \bar{M}_i M_p ds$ (i = 1, 2, ..., k; p = 1, 2, ..., k).

$$[\delta]\{X\} + \{\Delta_p\} = 0, \tag{6.21}$$

$[\delta]$ — k×k; $\{\Delta_p\}$ — k×1.

$$\delta_{ij} = \int_{(L)} \frac{\bar{M}_i \bar{M}_j}{EJ} ds; \quad \Delta_{ip} = \int_{(L)} \frac{\bar{M}_i M_p}{EJ} ds, \tag{6.22}$$

\bar{M}_i, \bar{M}_j — i- j- $\bar{X}_i = \bar{X}_j = 1$ (); M_p — ().

X_i

$$M = \bar{M}_1 \cdot X_1 + \bar{M}_2 \cdot X_2 + \bar{M}_3 \cdot X_3 + \dots + \bar{M}_k \cdot X_k + M_p. \tag{6.23}$$

6.4.

. 6.17,

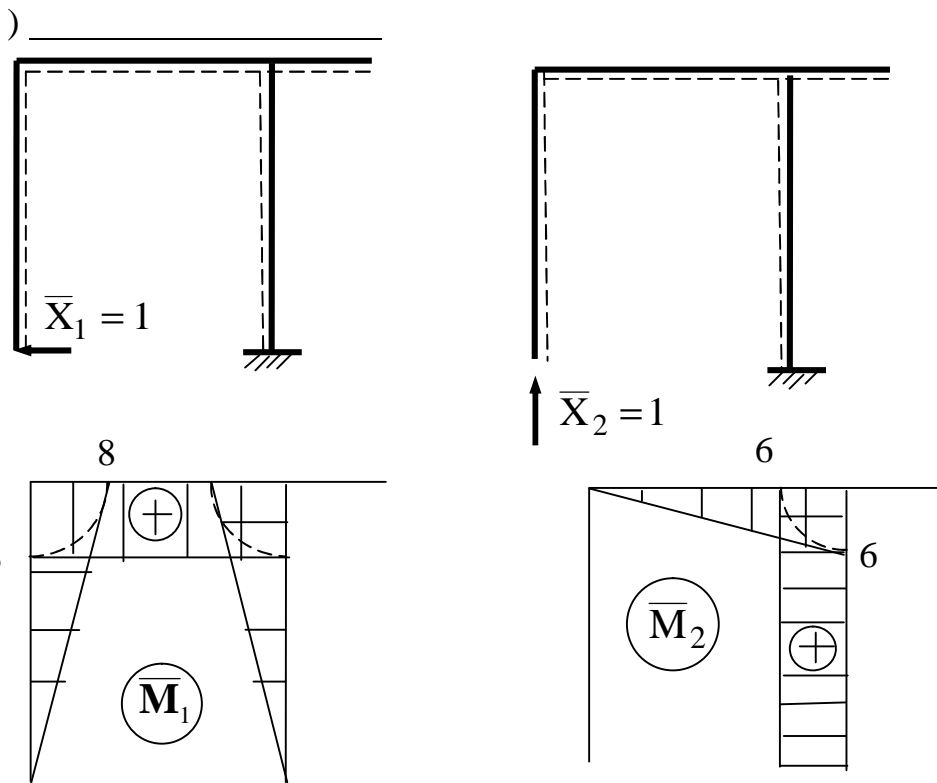
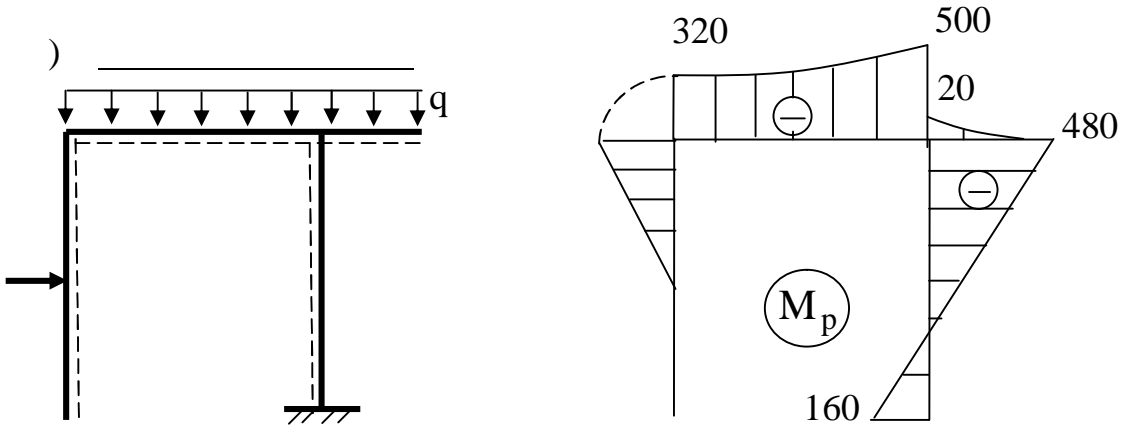
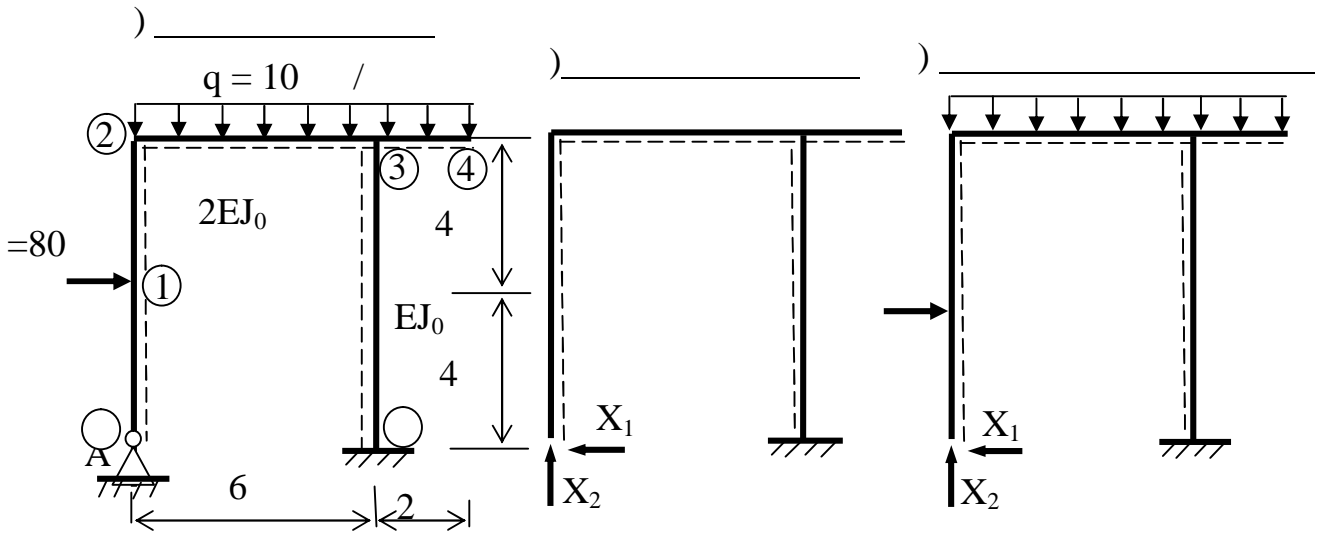
$$k = m - n = 5 - 3 = 2.$$

$$\delta_{11} X_1 + \delta_{12} X_2 + \Delta_{1p} = 0,$$

$$\delta_{21} X_1 + \delta_{22} X_2 + \Delta_{2p} = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_{1p} &= \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_1 M_p}{EJ} ds = \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\left(-\frac{320 \cdot 4}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} 4 + \frac{2}{3} 8 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{320 \cdot 6}{2} \right) 8 + \right. \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{500 \cdot 6}{2} \right) 8 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{10 \cdot 6^3}{12} \right) 8 + \left(-\frac{480 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} 8 \right) + \left. \left(\frac{160 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} 8 \right) \right] = \\ &= -\frac{21930}{EJ_0}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_{2p} &= \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_2 M_p}{EJ} ds = \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{320 \cdot 6}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} 6 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{500 \cdot 6}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} 6 \right) + \right. \\ &+ \left. \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{10 \cdot 6^3}{12} \right) \left(\frac{6}{3} \right) + \left(-\frac{480 \cdot 8}{2} \right) 6 + \left(\frac{160 \cdot 8}{2} \right) 6 \right] = -\frac{11460}{EJ_0}. \end{aligned}$$



. 6.17.

$$\delta_{11} = \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_1^2 ds}{EJ} = \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\left(\frac{8 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8 \cdot 6) \cdot 8 + \left(\frac{8 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 \right) \right] = \frac{533}{EJ_0};$$

$$\delta_{12} = \delta_{21} = \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_1 \bar{M}_2 ds}{EJ} = \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{6 \cdot 6}{2} \right) \cdot 8 + \left(\frac{8 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \cdot 6 \right] = \frac{264}{EJ_0}.$$

$$\delta_{22} = \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_2^2 ds}{EJ} = \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{6 \cdot 6}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 6 \right) + (6 \cdot 8) \cdot 6 \right] = \frac{324}{EJ_0}.$$

:

$$\frac{533}{EJ_0} X_1 + \frac{264}{EJ_0} X_2 - \frac{21930}{EJ_0} = 0;$$

$$\frac{264}{EJ_0} X_1 + \frac{324}{EJ_0} X_2 - \frac{11460}{EJ_0} = 0;$$

$$X_1 = 39,6 \quad ;$$

$$X_2 = 3,1 \quad ;$$

(6.22):

$$M_A = 0; \quad M_1 = 0 + 4 \cdot 39,6 + 0 = 158,4 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$M_2 = -320 + 8 \cdot 39,6 + 0 = -3,2 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$M_{32} = -500 + 8 \cdot 39,6 + 6 \cdot 3,1 = -164,6 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$M_{34} = -20 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$M_3 = -480 + 8 \cdot 39,6 + 6 \cdot 3,1 = -144,6 \quad \cdot \quad ;$$

$$M_4 = 160 + 0 + 6 \cdot 3,1 = 178,6 \quad \cdot \quad .$$

M

\bar{M}_1 .

Δ_1

$$\Delta_1 = \sum_{(L)} \int \frac{\bar{M}_1 M}{EJ} ds = 0;$$

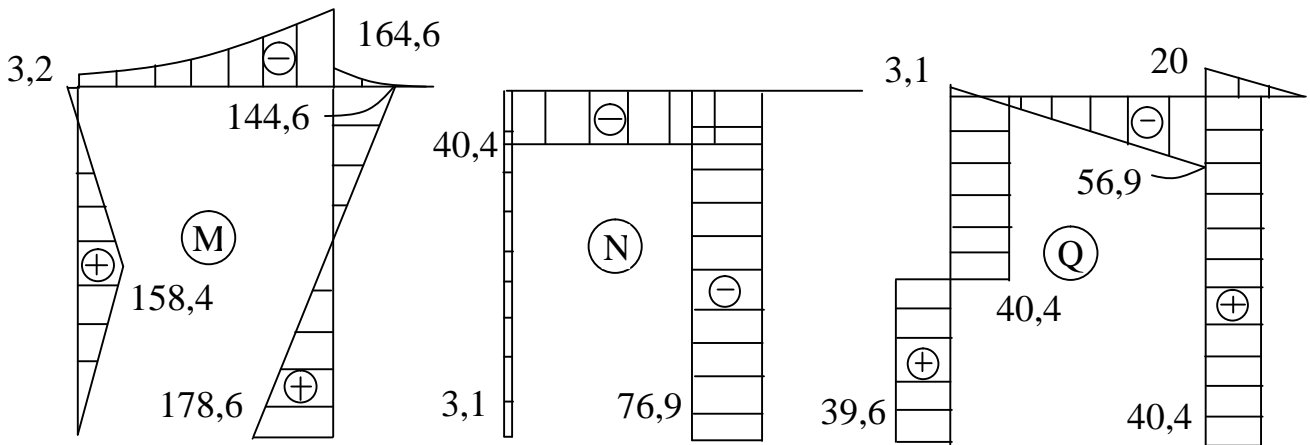
$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_1 = & \frac{1}{EJ_0} \left[\left(\frac{158,4 \cdot 4}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4 \right) + \left(\frac{158,4 \cdot 4}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 8 \right) + \left(-\frac{3,2 \cdot 4}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 4 + \frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 \right) + \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3,2 \cdot 6}{2} \right) 8 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{164,6 \cdot 6}{2} \right) 8 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{10 \cdot 6^3}{12} \right) 8 + \left(-\frac{144,6 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 \right) + \\ & \left. + \left(\frac{178,6 \cdot 8}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 8 \right) \right] = \frac{1}{EJ} (5160 - 5140) = \frac{20}{EJ_0}. \end{aligned}$$

(5%).

Q N

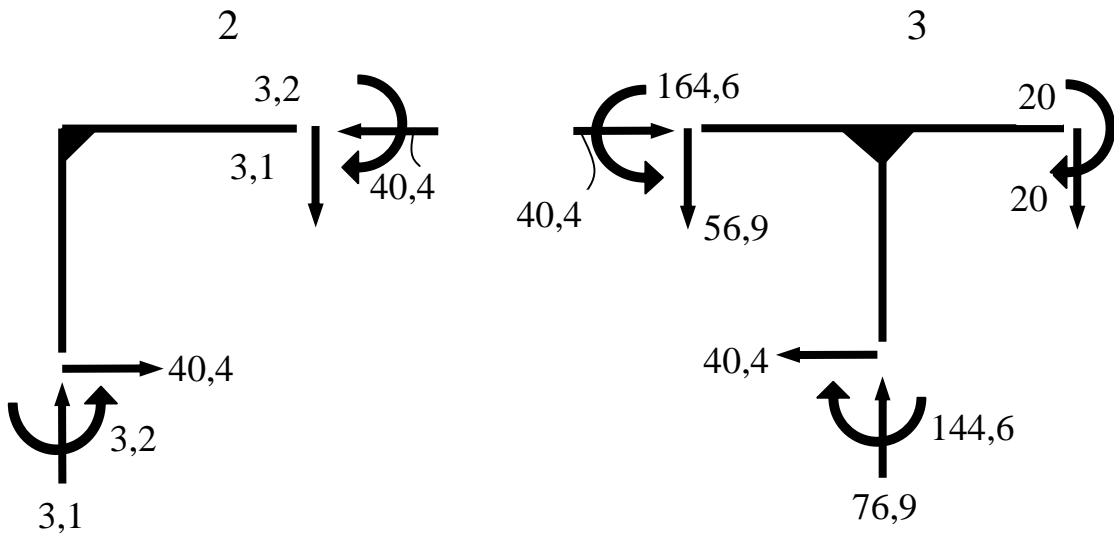
M, N Q

. 6.18.



. 6.18.

. 6.19.



. 6.19.

6.9.

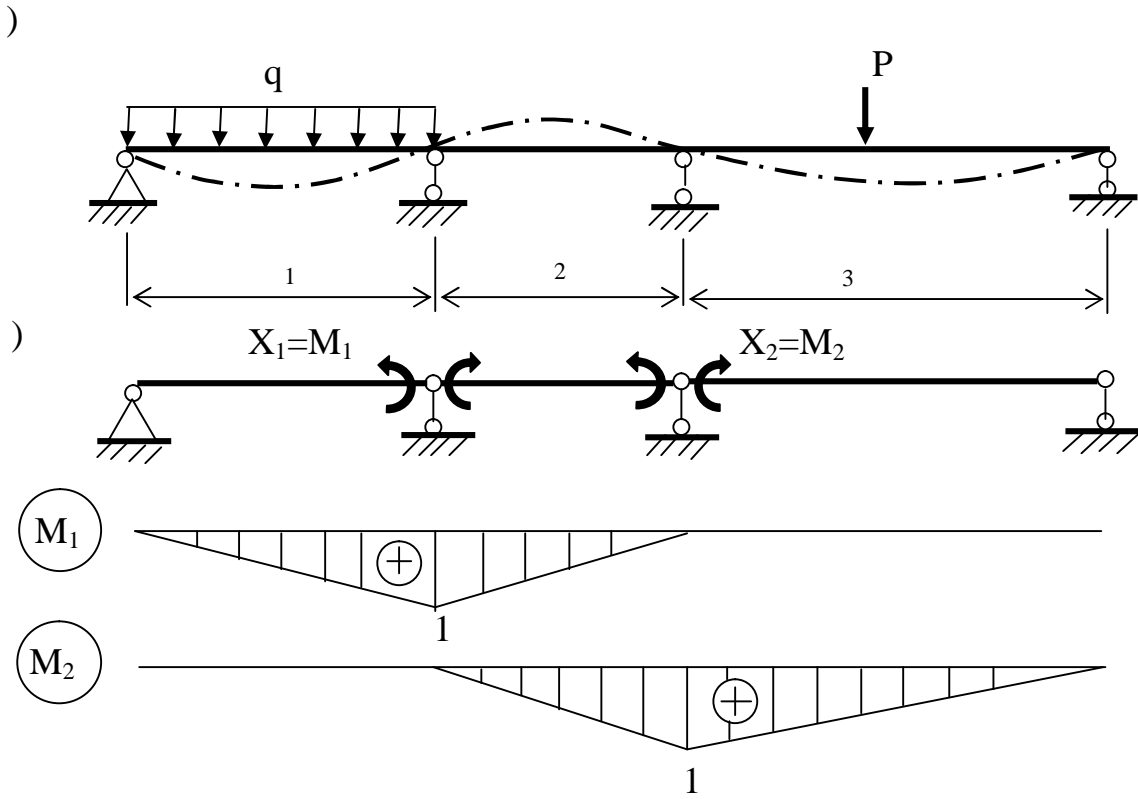
(. 6.20).

($K = L - 1$). , , , -
 . 6.20, , $K = 3 - 1 = 2$.

(. 6.20,), -

(
 i -

$$M_{i-1} + M_i + M_{i+1} + M_p = 0. \tag{6.24}$$



. 6.20. () ()

(Δ_{ip}) , i- -

$$\Delta_{ip} = \int_{(l_i)} \frac{\bar{M}_i}{EJ} \frac{M_p}{EJ} dz + \int_{(l_{i+1})} \frac{\bar{M}_i}{EJ} \frac{M_p}{EJ} dz = i_0 + i_0 \quad (6.25)$$

$$M_{i-1} l_i + 2M_i (l_i + l_{i+1}) + M_{i+1} l_{i+1} = -6EJ \left(\theta_{i0} + \theta_{i0} \right) \quad (6.26)$$

(6.21)

(6.9).

6.5.

$$L_1 = 0.$$

$$(L_1 = L_2 - 1 = 4 - 1 = 3).$$

()

[1,

. 20]

$$\theta_{10} = 0; \quad \theta_{10} = \frac{Pl_2^2}{16EJ} = \frac{8 \cdot 6^2}{16EJ} = \frac{18}{EJ};$$

$$\theta_{20} = \theta_{10} = \frac{18}{EJ};$$

$$\theta_{20} = \theta_{30} = 0 \quad (3);$$

$$\theta_{30} = \frac{ql_4^3}{24EJ} = \frac{5 \cdot 5^3}{24EJ} = \frac{26}{EJ}.$$

 M_0 M_4

1:

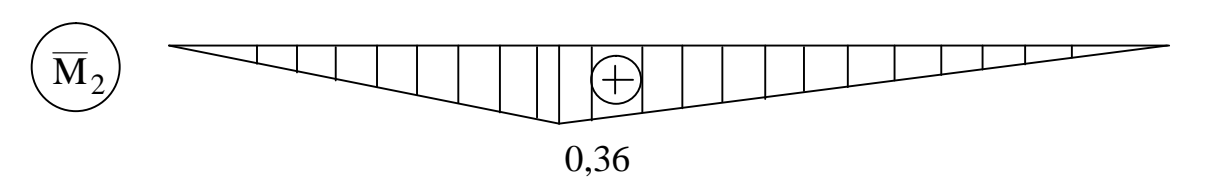
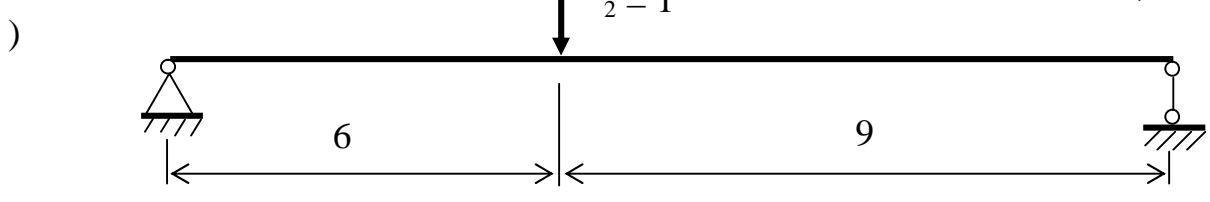
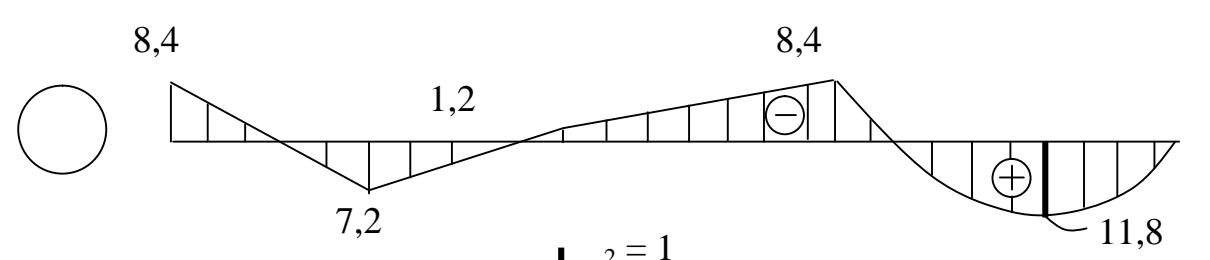
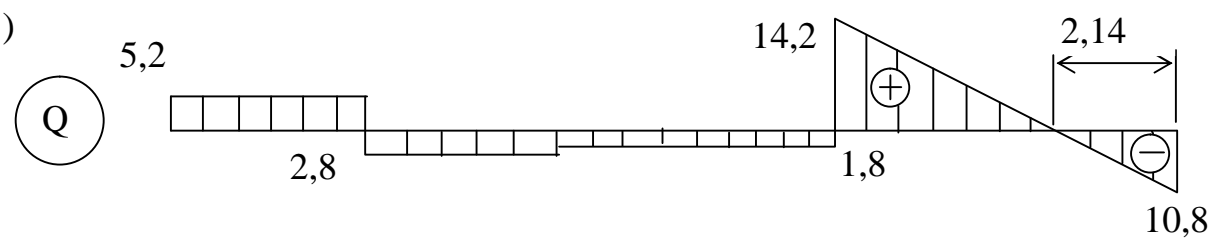
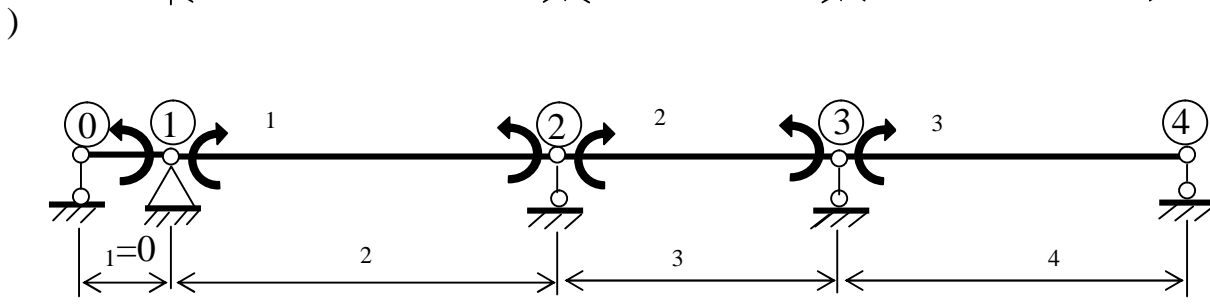
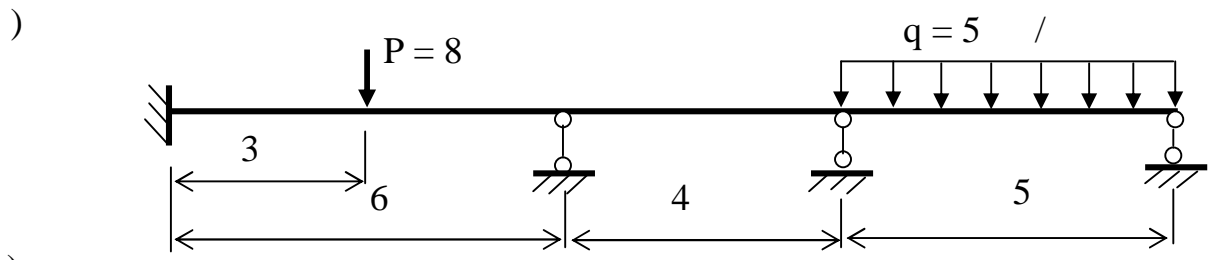
$$M_0 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot M_1(0 + 6) + M_2 \cdot 6 = -6EJ(0 + \frac{18}{EJ}).$$

2:

$$M_1 \cdot 6 + 2M_2(6 + 4) + M_3 \cdot 4 = -6EJ(\frac{18}{EJ} + 0).$$

3:

$$M_2 \cdot 4 + 2M_3(4 + 5) + M_4 \cdot 5 = -6EJ(0 + \frac{26}{EJ}).$$



. 6.21.

$$2M_1 + M_2 = -18;$$

$$M_1 + 3,33M_2 + 0,67M_3 = -18;$$

$$M_2 + 4,5M_3 = -39.$$

$$M_1 = -8,4 \quad ; \quad M_2 = -1,2 \quad ; \quad M_3 = -8,4$$

$$(\quad) \quad V_i \quad \Delta V_i$$

$$V_i = V_{i0} + \Delta V = V_{i0} + V_{i0} + \frac{M_{i-1} - M_i}{l_i} + \frac{M_{i+1} - M_i}{l_{i+1}};$$

$$V_1 = \frac{P}{2} + \frac{M_2 - M_1}{l_2} = \frac{8}{2} + \frac{-1,2 + 8,4}{6} = 4 + 1,2 = 5,2 \quad \text{H};$$

$$V_2 = \frac{P}{2} + 0 + \frac{-8,4 + 1,2}{6} + \frac{-8,4 + 1,2}{4} = 4 - 1,2 - 1,8 = 1 \quad \text{H};$$

$$V_3 = 0 + \frac{ql_4}{2} + \frac{-1,2 + 8,4}{4} + \frac{0 + 8,4}{5} = 12,5 + 1,8 + 1,68 = 16,0 \quad \text{H};$$

$$V_4 = \frac{ql_4}{2} + \frac{-8,4 + 0}{5} = 12,5 - 1,68 = 10,8 \quad \text{H}.$$

Q M

6.1.

Q M

. 6.21, .

. 6.4

:

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_2 = \sum \int \frac{\bar{M}_2 M ds}{EJ} &= \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\left(-\frac{8,4 \cdot 3}{2} \right) \left(\frac{0,18}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{7,2 \cdot 3}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,18}{3} \right) + \right. \\ &+ \left(\frac{7,2 \cdot 3}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,18}{3} + \frac{0,36}{3} \right) + \left(-\frac{1,2 \cdot 3}{2} \right) \left(\frac{0,18}{3} + \frac{2 \cdot 0,36}{3} \right) + \\ &+ \left(-\frac{1,2 \cdot 4}{4} \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,36}{3} + \frac{0,2}{3} \right) + \left(-\frac{8,4 \cdot 4}{2} \right) \left(\frac{0,36}{3} + \frac{2 \cdot 0,2}{3} \right) + \\ &\left. + \left(-\frac{8,4 \cdot 5}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,2}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{5 \cdot 5^3}{12} \right) \left(\frac{0,2}{2} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{EJ} (9,1 - 8,74) = \frac{0,35}{EJ}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta\% = \frac{0,35}{9,0} 100\% \cong 3,9\% < 5\%.$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \sum y = 0; \quad -V_1 - V_2 - V_3 - V_4 + P + q \cdot 5 = 0; \\ -5,2 - 1,0 - 16,0 - 10,8 + 8 + 5 \cdot 5 = 0; \quad 33 - 33 = 0. \end{aligned}$$

6.10.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{,} & \text{,} \\ & q(z) \text{ (6.22)} & p(z) \text{ (} \\ & \text{),} & \text{-} \\ & \text{.} & \text{-} \\ & & \text{-} \end{aligned}$$

():

$$p(z) = k_0 b v(z) = k v(z), \quad (6.27)$$

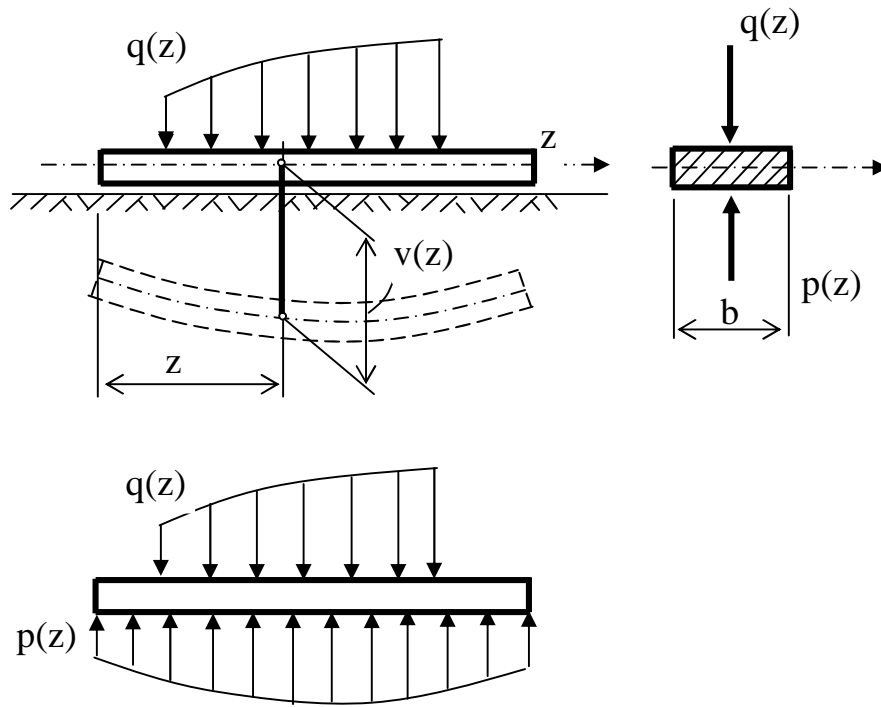
$$k_0 - \text{ (} \\ \text{), } \cdot^{-3}; b - \text{, } \cdot$$

$$\frac{d^4 v}{d\zeta^4} + 4v = \frac{4}{k} q(\zeta). \quad (6.28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \zeta - \text{,} \\ & \text{(} & z \\ & & \zeta = m z, \end{aligned} \quad (6.29)$$

m -

$$m = \sqrt[4]{\frac{k}{4EJ}}.$$



. 6.22.

(6.28)

()

, . . , -

$$v(\zeta) = C_1 V_1(\zeta) + C_2 V_2(\zeta) + C_3 V_3(\zeta) + C_4 V_4(\zeta) + V_*(\zeta), \quad (6.30)$$

$V_i(\zeta)$ - . . ,

$$V_1(\zeta) = \text{ch}\zeta \cos \zeta,$$

$$V_2(\zeta) = \frac{1}{2}(\text{ch}\zeta \sin \zeta + \text{sh}\zeta \cos \zeta),$$

$$V_3(\zeta) = \frac{1}{2} \text{sh}\zeta \sin \zeta, \quad (6.31)$$

$$V_4(\zeta) = \frac{1}{4}(\text{ch}\zeta \sin \zeta - \text{sh}\zeta \cos \zeta).$$

$$[3]. \quad V_i \quad -$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_1'(\zeta) &= -4V_4(\zeta); & V_2'(\zeta) &= V_1(\zeta); \\ V_3'(\zeta) &= V_2(\zeta); & V_4'(\zeta) &= V_3(\zeta). \end{aligned} \quad (6.32)$$

$$(6.28) \quad q(\zeta) \quad -$$

$$V_*(\zeta) = \int_0^\zeta V_4(\zeta - t) \frac{4}{k} q(\zeta) dt. \quad (6.33)$$

. 6.2.

$$\begin{matrix} v(\zeta) & \theta(\zeta) \\ Q(\zeta) & M(\zeta) \end{matrix} \quad :$$

$$\theta(\zeta) = m v'(\zeta); \quad M(\zeta) = -EJm^2 v''(\zeta); \quad Q(\zeta) = -EJm^3 v'''(\zeta). \quad (6.34)$$

(6.34)

(6.32).

$$\begin{matrix} C_i \\ v \quad \theta, \\ Q \quad M, \\ C_i \end{matrix} \quad (\quad):$$

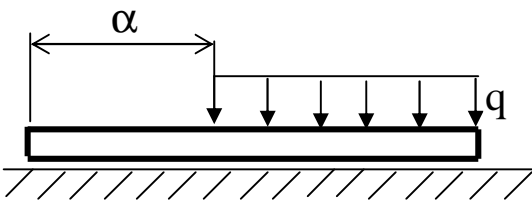
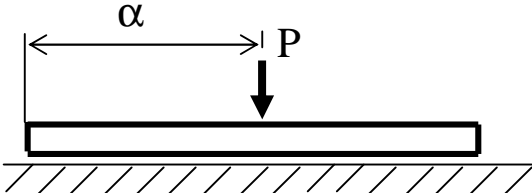
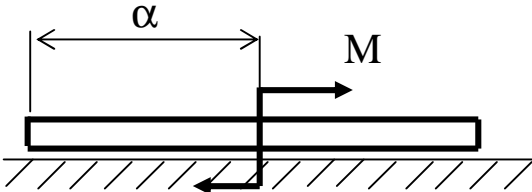
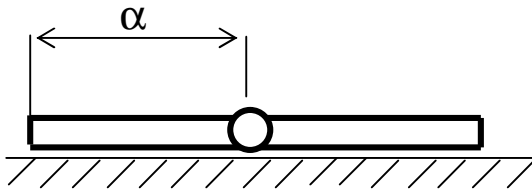
$$C_1 = v(0); C_2 = \frac{\theta(0)}{m}; C_3 = -\frac{M(0)}{EJm^2}; C_4 = -\frac{Q(0)}{EJm^3}. \quad (6.35)$$

().

$$z = \lambda.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \Delta\theta \\ & -M = 0 \end{aligned}$$

6.2

1		$V_q(\zeta) = \frac{q}{k} [1 - V_1(\zeta - \alpha)]$
2		$V_p(\zeta) = \frac{4Pm}{k} V_4(\zeta - \alpha)$
3		$V_M(\zeta) = -\frac{4Mm^2}{k} V_3(\zeta - \alpha)$
4		$V(\zeta) = \frac{\Delta}{m} V_2(\zeta - \alpha)$

6.6.

(6.23),

$$k_0 = 10^4 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$E = 10^7 \quad ; \quad b = 0,3 \quad ; \quad h = 0,2 \quad ; \quad J = \frac{bh^3}{12} = 2 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ;$$

$$W_x = \frac{bh^2}{6} = 0,2 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad .$$

V, θ , Q, M

$$k = k_0 b = 0,3 \cdot 10^4 \quad .$$

$$m = \sqrt[4]{\frac{3 \cdot 10^3}{4 \cdot 10^7 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-4}}} = 0,787 \quad ; \quad \lambda = 1m = 4 \cdot 0,787 = 3,15;$$

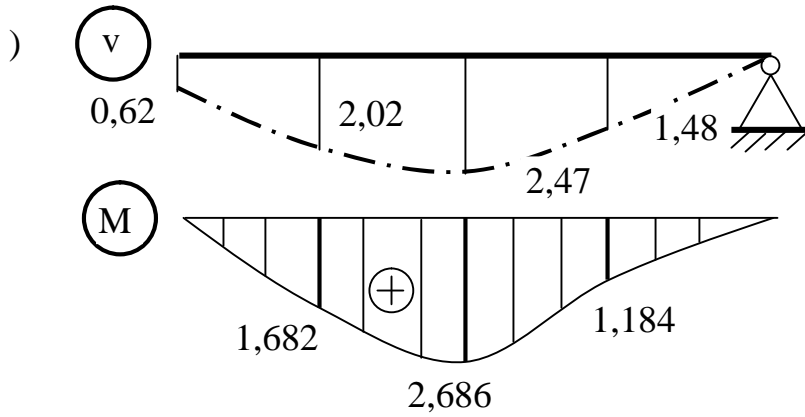
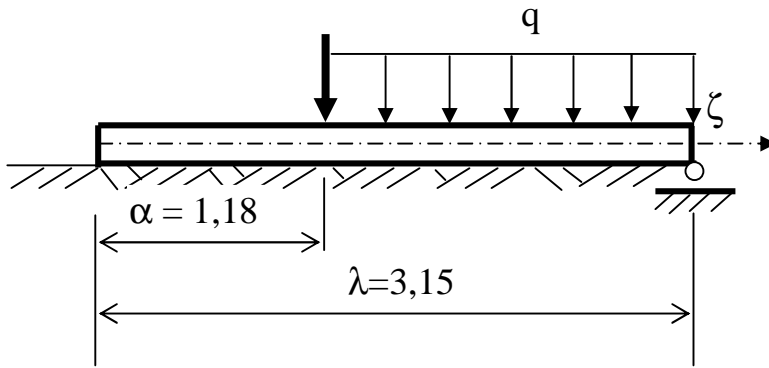
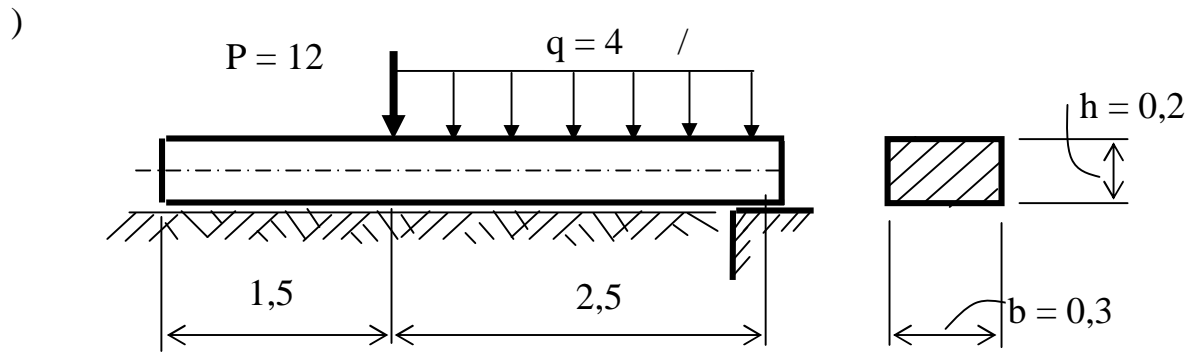
$$\alpha_p = \alpha_q = 1,5 \cdot 0,787 = 1,18.$$

$$v(\zeta) = C_1 V_1(\zeta) + C_2 V_2(\zeta) + C_3 V_3(\zeta) + C_4 V_4(\zeta) + \frac{4Pm}{k} V_4(\zeta - 1,18) + \frac{q}{k} [1 - V_1(\zeta - 1,18)];$$

$$\theta(\zeta) = m[-4C_1 V_4(\zeta) + C_2 V_1(\zeta) + C_3 V_2(\zeta) + C_4 V_3(\zeta) + \frac{4Pm}{k} V_3(\zeta - 1,18) + \frac{4q}{k} V_4(\zeta - 1,18)];$$

$$M(\zeta) = -EJm^2[-4C_1 V_3(\zeta) - 4C_2 V_4(\zeta) + C_3 V_1(\zeta) + C_4 V_2(\zeta) + \frac{4Pm}{k} V_2(\zeta - 1,18) + \frac{4q}{k} V_3(\zeta - 1,18)];$$

$$Q(\zeta) = -EJm^3[-4C_1 V_2(\zeta) - 4C_2 V_3(\zeta) - 4C_2 V_4(\zeta) + C_4 V_1(\zeta) + \frac{4Pm}{k} V_1(\zeta - 1,18) + \frac{4q}{k} V_2(\zeta - 1,18)].$$



. 6.23.

():

$$\zeta = 0; M(0) = 0; Q(0) = 0; C_3 = C_4 = 0.$$

:

$$\zeta = \lambda = 3,15; v(3,15) = 0; M(3,15) = 0;$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(3,15) &= C_1 V_1(3,15) + C_2 V_2(3,15) + \frac{4 \cdot 12 \cdot 0,787}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_4(3,15 - 1,18) + \\ &+ \frac{4}{3 \cdot 10^3} [1 - V_1(3,15 - 1,18)] = C_1(-11,69) + C_2(-5,87) + \\ &+ 12,6 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1,184 + 1,33 \cdot 10^{-3} [1 - (-1,421)] = \\ &= -11,69C_1 - 5,87C_2 + 18,14 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M(3,15) &= -4C_1 V_3(3,15) - 4C_2 V_2(3,15) + \frac{4 \cdot 12 \cdot 0,787}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_2(3,15 - 1,18) + \\ &+ \frac{4 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_3(3,15 - 1,18) = -4C_1(-0,049) - 4C_2 \cdot 2,887 + \\ &+ 12,6 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1,001 + 5,33 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1,62 = \\ &= 0,196C_1 - 11,55C_2 + 21,24 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -11,69 C_1 - 5,87 C_2 + 18,14 \cdot 10^{-3} &= 0; \\ 0,196 C_1 - 11,55 C_2 + 21,24 \cdot 10^{-3} &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$C_1 = 0,623 \cdot 10^{-3} ; C_2 = 1,85 \cdot 10^{-3} .$$

$$v(0) = C_1 = 0,623 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,623 ;$$

$$\theta(0) = C_2 m = 1,85 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,787 = 1,456 \cdot 10^{-3} .$$

v M $\zeta = \lambda/2 = 1,57$ ($z = l/2 = 2,0$).

$$v(1,57) = 0,623 \cdot 10^{-3} V_1(1,57) + 1,85 \cdot 10^{-3} V_2(1,57) + \frac{4 \cdot 12 \cdot 0,787}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_4(1,57 - 1,18) +$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3 \cdot 10^3} [1 - V_1(1,57 - 1,18)] = (0,623 \cdot 0,02 + 1,85 \cdot 1,255 + 12,6 \cdot 0,01 +$$

$$+ 1,33 \cdot 0,004) \cdot 10^{-3} = 2,46 \cdot 10^{-3} = 2,46$$

$$M(1,57) = -EJm^2 \left[-4 \cdot 0,623 \cdot 10^{-3} V_3(1,57) - 4 \cdot 1,85 \cdot 10^{-3} V_4(1,57) + \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{4 \cdot 12 \cdot 0,787}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_2(1,57 - 1,18) + \frac{4 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 10^3} V_3(1,57 - 1,18) \right] =$$

$$= -10^7 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 0,787 (-2,492 \cdot 1,15 - 7,4 \cdot 0,626 + 12,6 \cdot 0,39 +$$

$$+ 5,33 \cdot 0,076) \cdot 10^{-3} = 1,23 \cdot 2,179 = 2,68$$

v M $\Delta z = 1$

. 6.3

6.3

v

M

$z,$	ζ	$v,$	$M,$
1,0	0,788	2,02	1,682
2,0	1,576	2,47	2,680
3,0	2,362	1,48	1,184
4,0	3,150	0	0

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{M_{\max}}{W_x} = \frac{2,686}{0,2 \cdot 10^{-2}} = 13,43 \cdot 10^2 = 1,343$$

7.2.

(7.1).

N ,

z,

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{I} + \frac{M}{I} \quad (7.2)$$

7.1.

7.1, -

7.2.

q 2

ycz. -

$$R_{Ay} = 272,5 \quad ,$$

$$R_{By} = 437,5 \quad .$$

$$Q_y$$

(§ 6.4).

xcz

P₁ P₃.

« »

xcz,

$$R_{Ax} = 55,0 \quad , \quad R_{Bx} = 95 \quad .$$

Q_x

$$Q_y, M_x, Q_x, M_y \quad . 7.1, \quad .$$

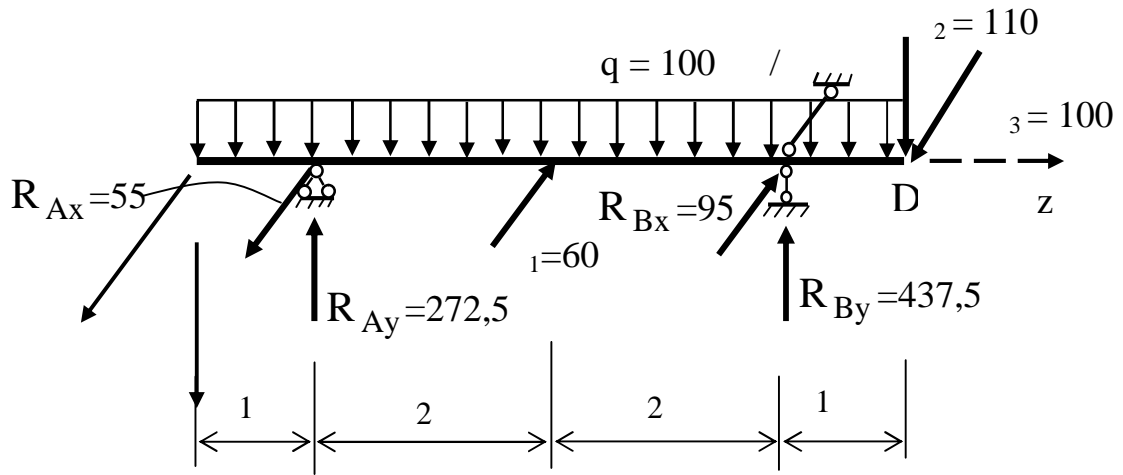
$$M_{yC} = M_{yA} = 0,$$

$$M_{yK} = -R_{Ax} \cdot 2 = -55 \cdot 2 = -110 \quad . \quad ,$$

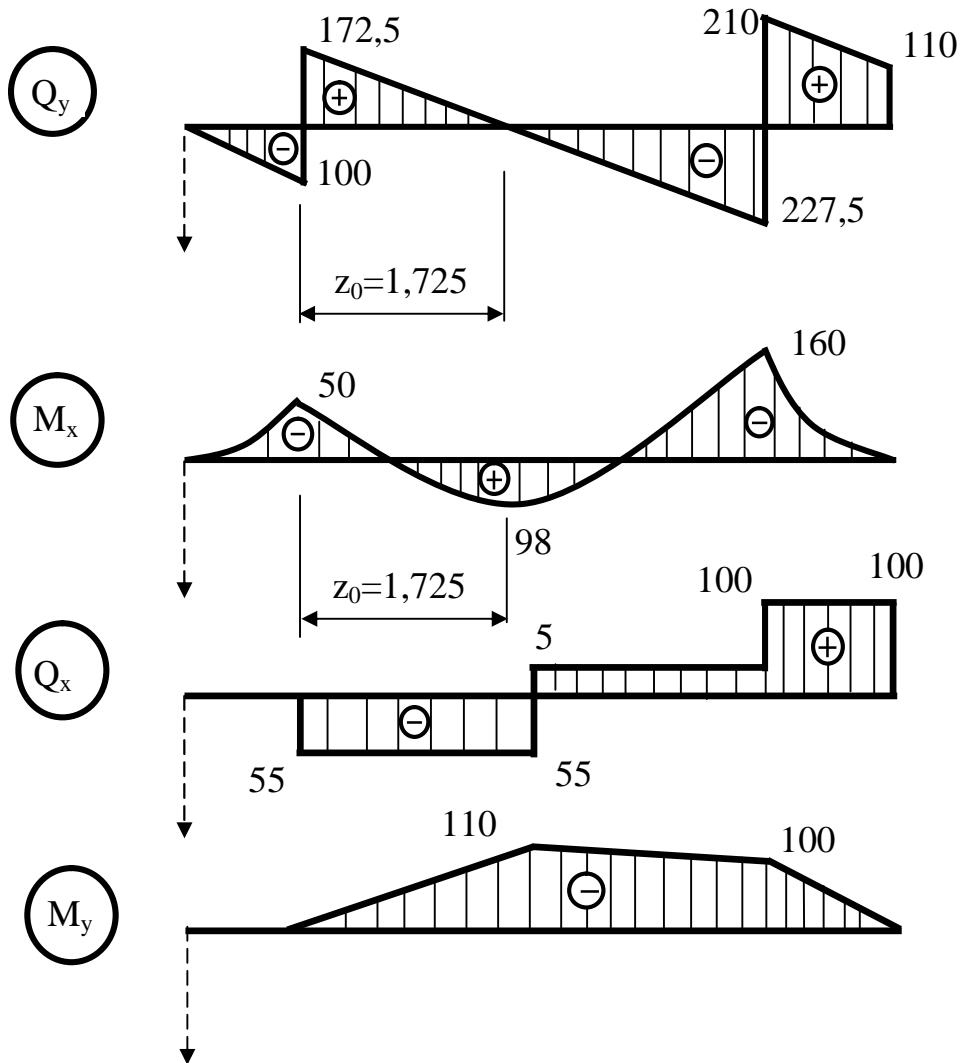
$$M_B = -R_{Ax} \cdot 4 + P_1 \cdot 2 = -55 \cdot 4 + 60 \cdot 2 = -100 \quad . \quad ,$$

$$M_D = -R_{Ax} \cdot 5 + P_1 \cdot 3 + R_{Bx} \cdot 1,0 = 0.$$

)



)



. 7.1.

(),

Q_y, M_x, Q_x, M_y ()

(. 7.1,).

$$= -160 \quad = -100$$

) (. 7.2).

$$[\sigma] = 180, [f] = \ell/500 = 400/500 = 0,8$$

' (. 7.2)

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\sum F_i y_i'}{\sum F_i} = \frac{2F_1 y_1' + F_3 y_3'}{3F_1} = \\ &= \frac{2 \cdot 10^2 \cdot 5 + 10^2 \cdot (-10,5)}{3 \cdot 10^2} = -6,83 \end{aligned}$$

. 7.2

z,

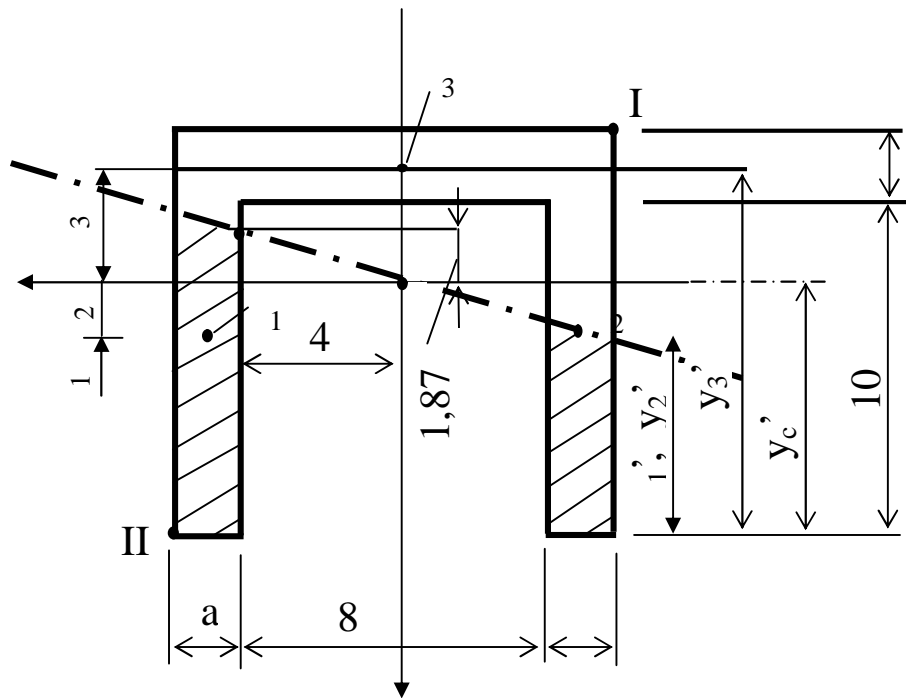
(. 7.1).

$$y_1 = y_2 = 6,83 - 5 = 1,83; \quad y_3 = (-10,5 + 6,83) = -3,67$$

I, I_y :

$$\begin{aligned} J &= \sum_{i=1}^3 J_i + \sum_1^3 F_i y_i^2 = J_1 + J_{x_2} + J_3 + F_1 y_1^2 + F_2 y_2^2 + F_3 y_3^2 = \\ &= \frac{(10)^3}{12} + \frac{(10)^3}{12} + \frac{(10)^3}{12} + 10^2 \cdot (1,83)^2 + \\ &+ 10^2 \cdot (-3,67)^2 = 369,9^4; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= 2J_1 + J_3 + 2F_1 y_1^2 + F_3 y_3^2 = 2 \frac{(10)^3}{12} + \frac{(10)^3}{12} + \\ &+ 2 \cdot 10^2 \cdot \left(4 + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 = 490,0^4. \end{aligned}$$



. 7.2. (), ; I II

J_x J_y (7.2):

$$\sigma = \frac{-160 \cdot 10^3}{369,9} + \frac{-100 \cdot 10^3}{490} = -\frac{436,64}{4} - \frac{204,08}{4}$$

σ ,

(): $\sigma = 0; -436,64 - 204,08 = 0$.

, $= 0, = 0$. $= 4$,

$$A = -\frac{204,08 \cdot 4}{436,64} = -1,87 \text{ .}$$

. 7.2

. II ($-\sigma_{\min}$), . I (σ_m).
 . II : $x_{II} = 5$, $y_{II} = 6,83$, . I -
 $x_I = -5$, $y_I = -(11,0 - 6,83) = -4,17$.
 . II . I,
 . II, ($y_I > |y_{II}|$)
 (,
). . II.

$$\sigma_{II} = \sigma_{\min} = \left| -\frac{436,64}{4} y_{II} - \frac{204,08}{4} x_{II} = -\frac{436,64}{4} 6,83 - \frac{204,08}{4} 5 \right|$$

$$= \left| -\frac{4002,65}{3} \right| \leq [\sigma] = 180 \text{ .}$$

$$\frac{4002,65}{3} \leq 180 \text{ , } \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{4002,65}{180 \cdot 10^6}} = 0,02815 = 2,82 \text{ .}$$

ycz.

C (. 7.1):

$$v(z) = v(0) + \theta_x(0)z + \frac{1}{EJ_x} \left[Q_y(0) \frac{z^3}{6} + M_x(0) \frac{qz^4}{24} - R_{Ay} \frac{(z-1)^3}{6} - R_{By} \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} \right],$$

$v(0), \theta_x(0) -$; $Q_y(0), M_x(0) -$

$$Q_y(0) = 0, M_x(0) = 0.$$

:

$$z = 1, \quad v(1) = 0, \quad v(0) + \theta_x(0)1 + \frac{100 \cdot 1^4}{24EJ_x} = 0;$$

$$z = 5, \quad v(5) = 0, \quad v(0) + \theta_x(0)5 + \frac{100 \cdot 5^4}{24EJ_x} - 272,5 \frac{(5-1)^3}{6EJ_x} = 0.$$

$$v(1) = 0 \quad v(5) = 0 \quad v(0)$$

$\theta_x(0),$

$$\theta_x(0) = \frac{76,67}{EJ_x}, \quad v(0) = -\frac{80,84}{EJ_x}.$$

$v(z)$

:

$$v(z) = -\frac{80,84}{EJ_x} + \frac{76,67}{EJ_x}z + \frac{1}{EJ_x} \left[\frac{qz^4}{24} - R_{Ay} \frac{(z-1)^3}{6} - R_{By} \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} \right].$$

, ()

D.

$v(z)$

$$v_C = v(0) = -\frac{80,84 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 369,9 a^4} = 0,109 \frac{10^{-8}}{a^4},$$

$$v_K = v(3) = -\frac{80,84}{EJ_x} + \frac{76,67}{EJ_x}3 + \frac{1}{EJ_x} \left[\frac{100 \cdot 3^4}{24} - 272,5 \frac{(3-1)^3}{6} \right] =$$

$$v_D = v(6) = -\frac{80,84}{EJ_x} + \frac{76,67}{EJ_x}6 + \frac{1}{EJ_x} \left[\frac{100 \cdot 6^4}{24} - 272,5 \frac{(6-1)^3}{6} - 437,5 \frac{(6-5)^3}{6} \right] = 0,625 \frac{10^{-8}}{a^4}.$$

XCZ.

$$u(z) = u(0) + \theta_y(0)z + \frac{1}{EJ_y} \left[Q_x(0) \frac{z^3}{6} + M_y(0) \frac{z^2}{2} + R_{Ax} \frac{(z-1)^3}{6} - P_1 \frac{(z-3)^3}{6} - R_B \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} \right],$$

$$u(0), \theta_y(0) \quad ; \quad Q_x(0), M_y(0) \quad -$$

$$Q_x(0) = 0, \quad M_y(0) = 0.$$

$$u(0) \quad \theta_y(0) \quad :$$

$$z = 1 \quad , \quad u(1) = 0, \quad u(0) + \theta_y(0) \cdot 1 = 0,$$

$$z = 5 \quad , \quad u(5) = 0, \quad u(0) + \theta_y(0) \cdot 5 + 55 \frac{(5-1)^3}{6EJ_y} - 60 \frac{(5-3)^3}{6EJ_y} = 0.$$

$$u(1) = 0 \quad u(5) = 0 \quad ,$$

$$\theta_y(0) = -\frac{126,67}{EJ_y}, \quad u(0) = +\frac{126,67}{EJ_y}.$$

$$u(z)$$

$$u(z) = \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} - \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} z + \frac{1}{EJ_y} \left[R_{Ax} \frac{(z-1)^3}{6} - P_1 \frac{(z-3)^3}{6} - R_{Bx} \frac{(z-5)^3}{6} \right].$$

, D

$$u_C = u(0) = \frac{126,67 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot 490,0 a^4} = 0,129 \frac{10^{-8}}{a^4},$$

$$u_K = u(3) = \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} - \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} 3 + 55 \frac{(3-1)^3}{6EJ_y} = -0,1835 \frac{10^{-8}}{a^4},$$

$$u_D = u(6) = \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} - \frac{126,67}{EJ_y} 6 + 55 \frac{(6-1)^3}{6EJ_y} - 60 \frac{(6-3)^3}{6EJ_y} - 95,0 \frac{(6-5)^3}{6EJ_y} = 0,228 \frac{10^{-8}}{a^4}.$$

f , D,

$$v(z) = u(z), \quad f_C = 0,168 \frac{10^{-8}}{4},$$

$$f_K = 0,644 \frac{10^{-8}}{4}, \quad f_D = 0,667 \frac{10^{-8}}{4}.$$

$$, f_{\max} = f_D.$$

$$f_{\max} \leq [f]:$$

$$0,667 \frac{10^{-8}}{4} \leq 0,8 \quad = 0,008 \quad ,$$

$$\geq 4 \sqrt{\frac{10^{-8} \cdot 0,667}{0,008}} = 1,71 \cdot 10^{-2} = 1,71 \quad .$$

$$a \geq 2,82 \quad \approx 3,0 \quad ,$$

$$\geq 1,71 \quad .$$

$$= 3 \quad = 3 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad .$$

7.3.

,

,

q 2,

,

1,

-

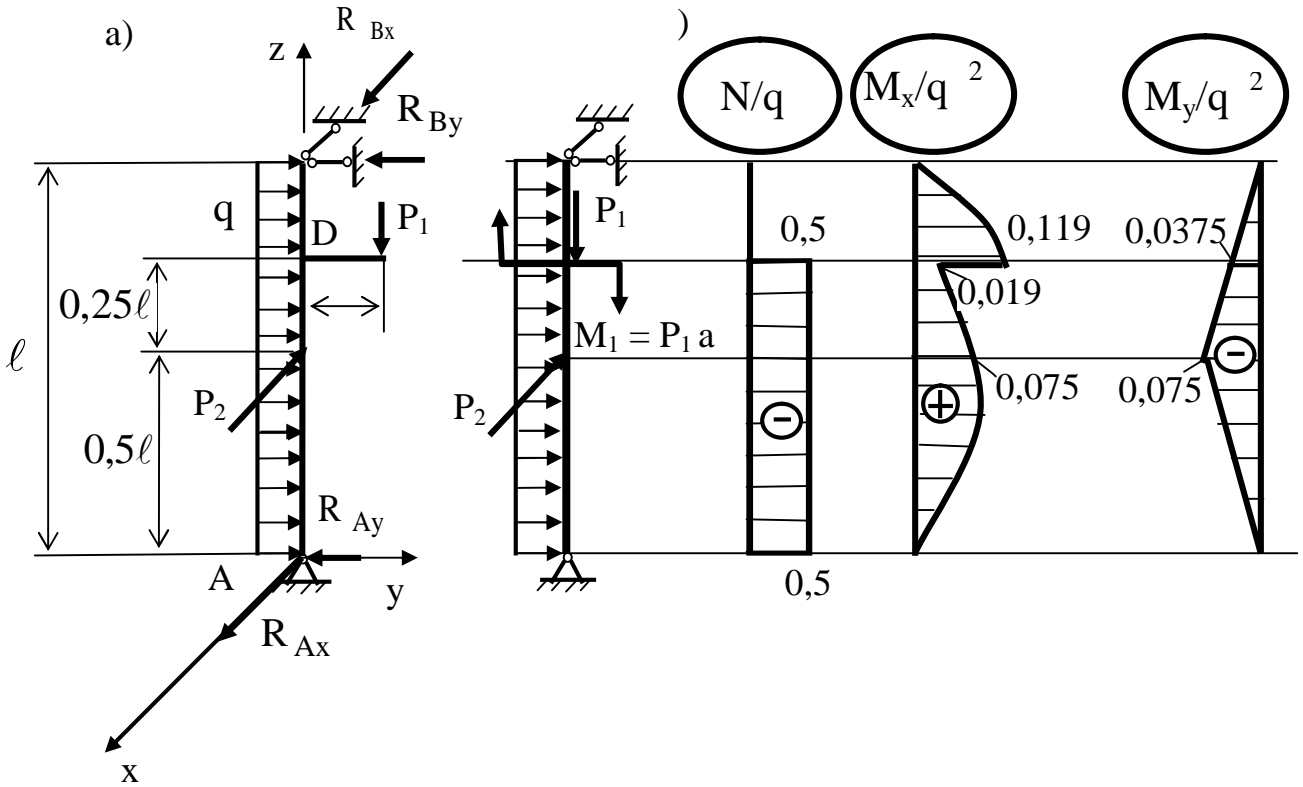
(. 7.3).

20 (. 7.4).

[q]

: $l = 2$, $a = 0,2 l$, $P_1 = 0,5 ql$,

$P_2 = 0,3 ql$, $[\sigma] = 160$, $l_1 = 1,5$.



. 7.3.

()

()

1 (. 7.3).

N

P_1 ,

$$N = - P_1 = - 0,5 ql.$$

D

N

. 7.3.

D

D

$$N = - 0,5 ql,$$

$$= + 0,119 ql^2,$$

$$= - 0,0375 q \ell^2;$$

$$= - 0,075 q \ell^2.$$

$$: N = - 0,5 q \ell, \quad = + 0,075 q \ell^2,$$

. 7.4.

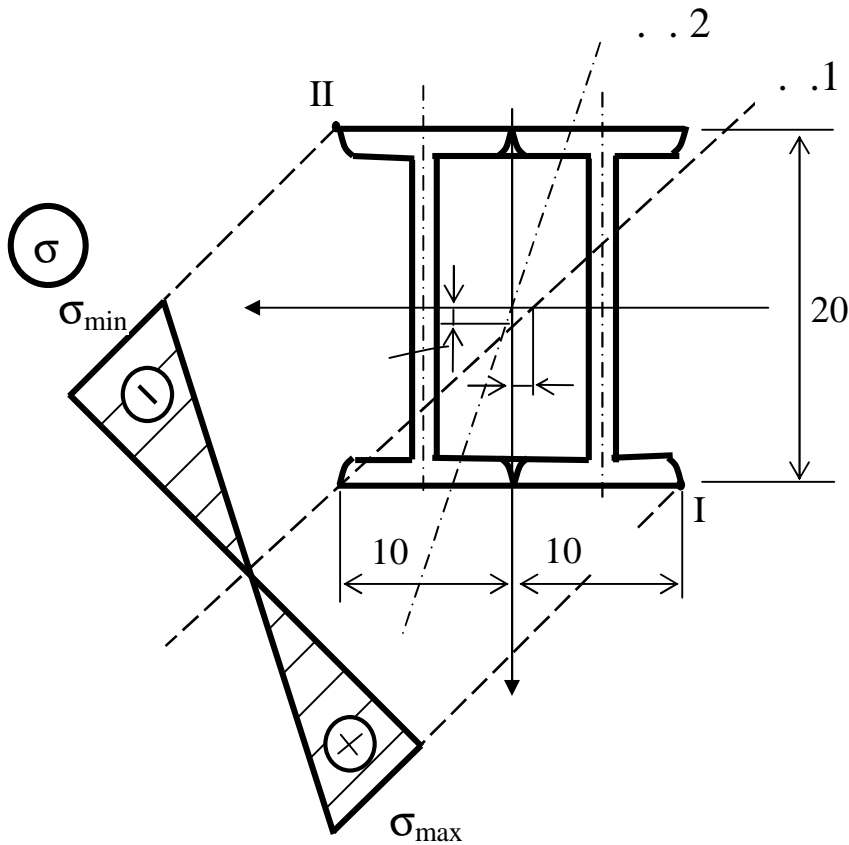
8239 - 86:

$$20 \quad F^I = 26,4 \quad ^2,$$

$$J_x^I = 1810 \quad ^4, \quad J^I = 112 \quad ^4.$$

$$F = 2F^I = 52,8 \quad ^2; \quad J_x = 2J_x^I = 2 \cdot 1810 = 3620c \quad ^4;$$

$$J_y = 2 \cdot 112 + 2 \cdot 26,4 \cdot 5^2 = 1544 \quad ^4.$$



. 7.4.

q

7.1

D

$$\sigma = \frac{N}{F} + \frac{M_x}{J_x} y + \frac{M_y}{J_y} x = -\frac{0,5q\ell}{52,8 \cdot 10^{-4}} + \frac{0,119q\ell^2}{3,62 \cdot 10^{-5}} y - \frac{0,0375q\ell^2}{1,544 \cdot 10^{-5}} x =$$

$$= -1,894 \cdot 10^2 q + 1,29 \cdot 10^4 qy - 0,972 \cdot 10^4 qx.$$

$$\sigma = 0,$$

$$-1,894 \cdot 10^2 q + 1,29 \cdot 10^4 qy_0 - 0,972 \cdot 10^4 qx_0 = 0.$$

, . . . ,

:

$$0 = 0, \quad 0 = \quad = + \frac{1,894 \cdot 10^2 q}{1,29 \cdot 10^4 q} = 1,47 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad ,$$

$$0 = 0, \quad 0 = \quad = - \frac{1,894 \cdot 10^2 q}{0,972 \cdot 10^4 q} = -1,95 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad .$$

. 7.4

(. . 1)

σ .

.II

(+10, -10)

$$\sigma_{II} = -1,894 \cdot 10^2 q + 1,29 \cdot 10^4 q(-0,1) - 0,972 \cdot 10^4 q \cdot 0,1 = -2,45 \cdot 10^3 q.$$

$$\sigma = -\frac{0,5q\ell}{52,8 \cdot 10^{-4}} + \frac{0,075q\ell^2}{3,62 \cdot 10^{-5}} y - \frac{0,075q\ell^2}{1,544 \cdot 10^{-5}} x =$$

$$= -1,849 \cdot 10^2 q + 0,815 \cdot 10^4 qy - 1,944 \cdot 10^4 qx.$$

2,

. . 1.

σ

σ

D.

K

. II.

$$\sigma_{II} = -1,849 \cdot 10^2 q + 0,815 \cdot 10^4 q (-0,1) - 1,944 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 0,1 = -2,94 \cdot 10^3 q.$$

D, $\sigma_{II} = -2,94 \cdot 10^3 q.$

$$|\sigma_{II}| = -2,94 \cdot 10^3 q \leq [\sigma] = 160.$$

$$[q] = \frac{160}{2,94 \cdot 10^3} = 54,4 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad / \quad = 54,4 \quad /.$$

$$[q] = 54,4 \quad /.$$

7.4.

. 7.5

$$T - t (T > t).$$

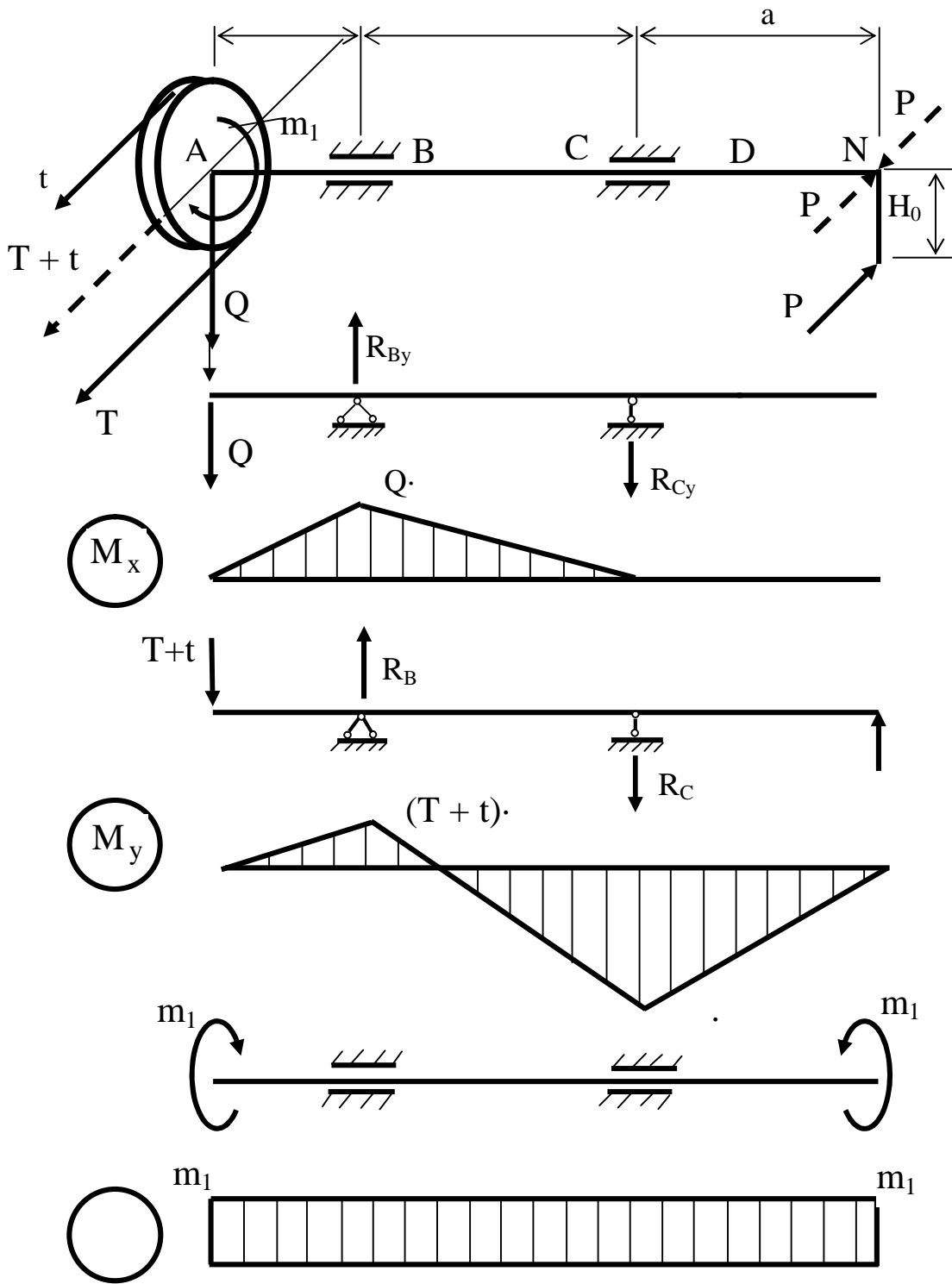
Q,

$$m_1 = \frac{(T-t)R}{T+t} \quad R -$$

Q

$$(T-t)R$$

$$M = PH_0 = (T-t)R.$$



.7.5.

n

N (

- . . .)

$$= \frac{716,2 \text{ N}}{n}, \quad \dots$$

$$, \quad 1 \dots = 0,736$$

$$= \frac{716,2 \text{ K}}{0,736 n} = 973,6 \frac{\text{K}}{n}, \quad \dots,$$

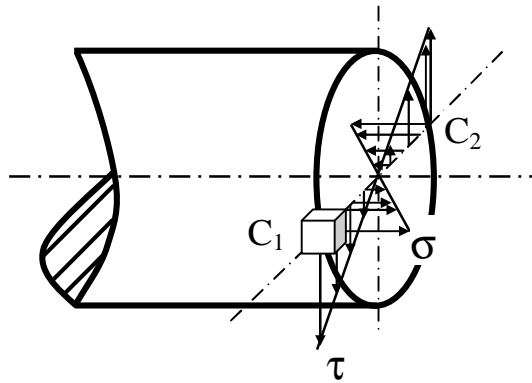
$\omega - /$

$$= \frac{\text{K}}{\omega}, \quad \dots$$

(. . . 7.5).

$$M = \sqrt{\quad^2 + \quad^2}$$

(. 7.6).



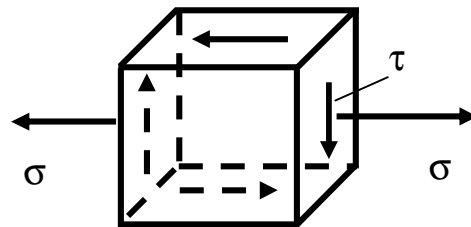
. 7.6.

1 2,

σ ,

τ .

(7.7).



7.7.

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + 4\tau^2} \leq [\sigma],$$

σ -

; τ -

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{M}{W}\right)^2 + 4\left(\frac{M}{W}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{M}{W}\right)^2 + 4\frac{M^2}{4W^2}} = \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{M^2 + M^2}}{W} = \frac{M_p}{W}, \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \quad (\quad) \quad ; \quad - \quad -$$

$$; \quad W \quad - \quad ; \quad W \quad - \quad -$$

$$(\quad) .$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M_p}{W} \leq [\sigma].$$

$$W = \frac{\pi d^3}{32} \geq \frac{M_p}{[\sigma]};$$

$$d \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{32 M_p}{\pi [\sigma]}}.$$

7.2.

()

35

($\sigma = 360$) .

$K = 28$.

$n = 630$ / .

$d = 45$,

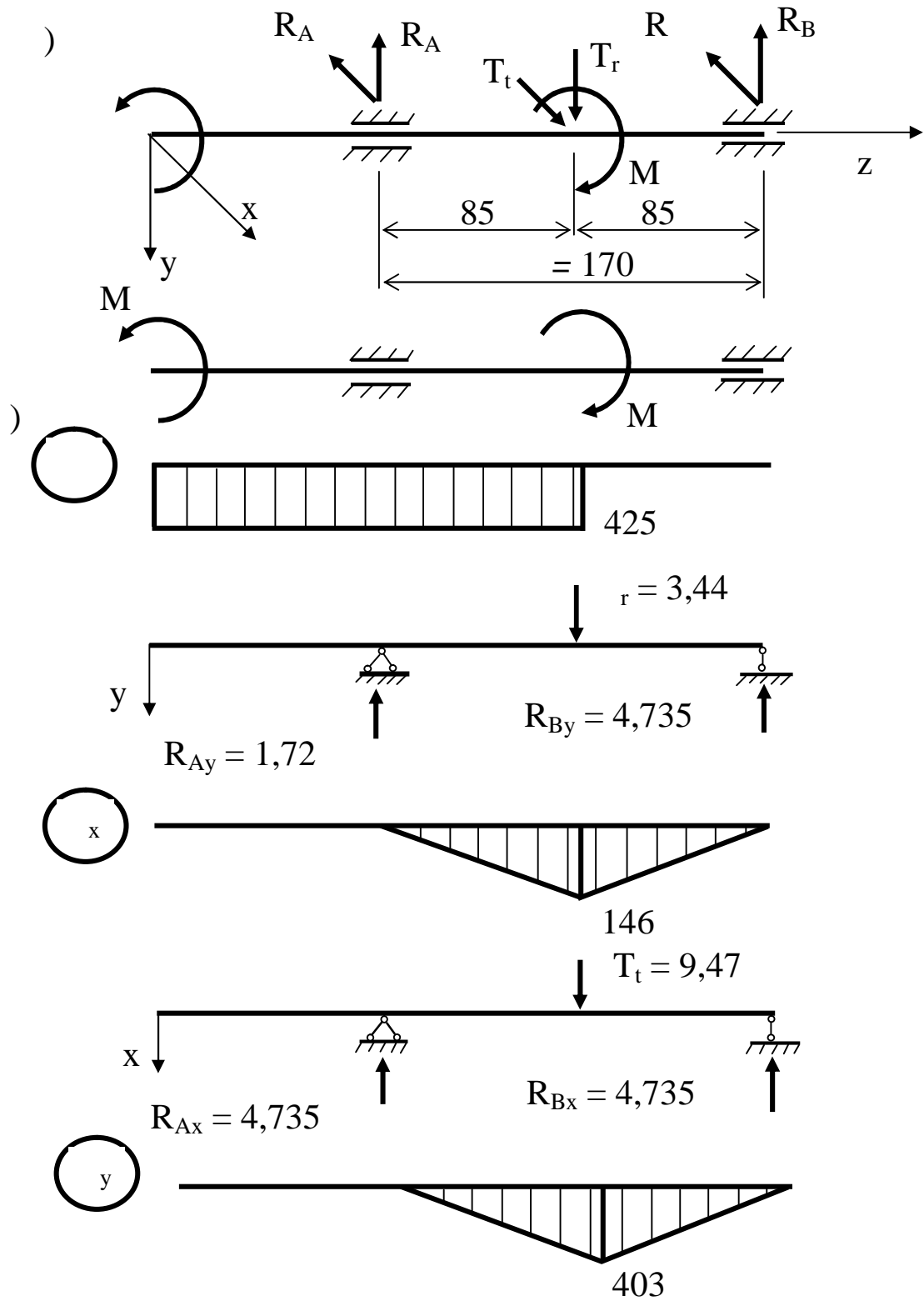
$d = 90$.

$$T_r = 0,364 T_t .$$

· () -
· [n] = 4,0. -

$$= \frac{K}{\omega} = \frac{28 \cdot 10^3}{66} = 425 \quad ,$$

$$\omega = \frac{\pi n}{30} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 630}{30} = 66 \quad /c.$$



. 7.8.

()
()

$$= T_t \frac{d}{2};$$

$$T_t = \frac{2M}{d} = \frac{2 \cdot 425}{90 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 9470 \text{ H} = 9,47 \quad ;$$

$$T_r = 0,364 T_t = 0,364 \cdot 9,47 = 3,44 \quad ;$$

$$= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{146^2 + 403^2} = 428,6 \quad . .$$

$$= \sqrt{\quad^2 + \quad^2} = \sqrt{428,6^2 + 425^2} = 603,6 \quad . .$$

$$\sigma_{III} = \frac{M_p}{0,1d^3} = \frac{603,6 \cdot 10^3}{0,1 \cdot 45^3} = 66,3 \cdot 10^6 = 66,3 \quad .$$

$$n = \frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{III}} = \frac{310}{66,3} = 4,7 > [n] = 4,0.$$

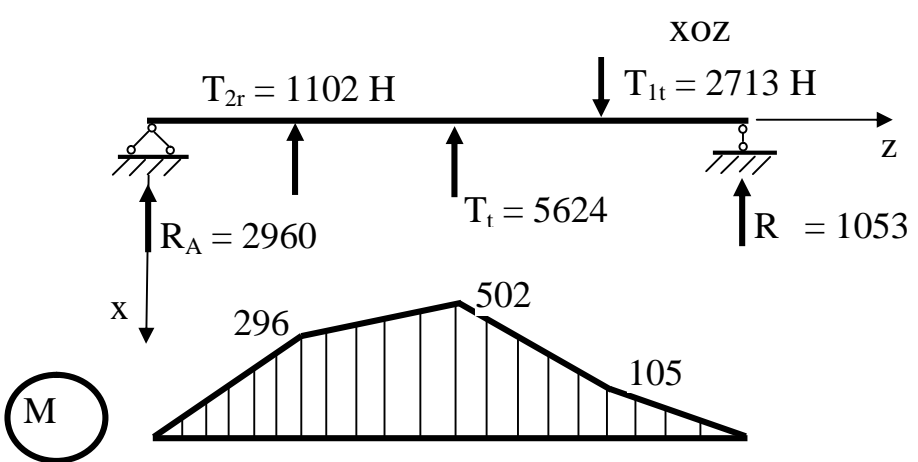
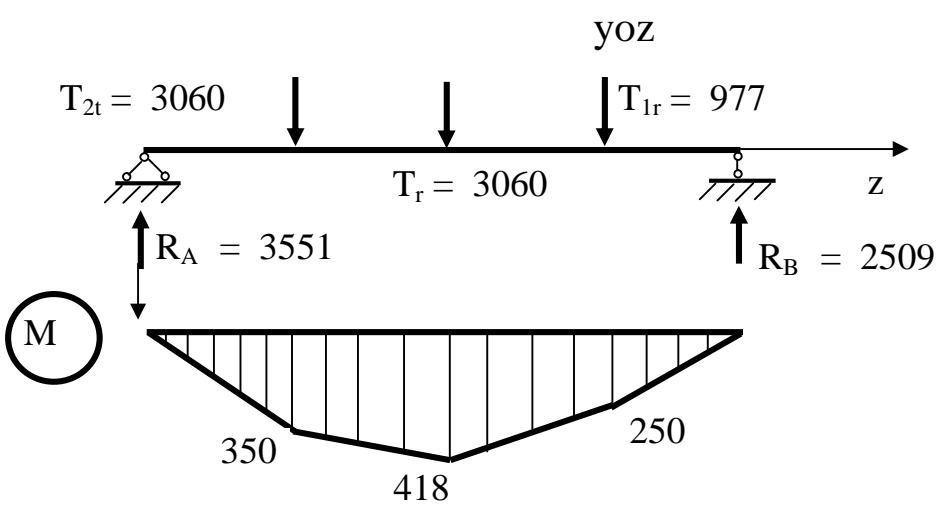
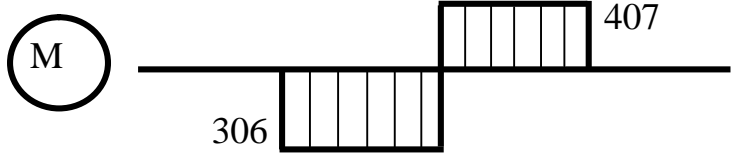
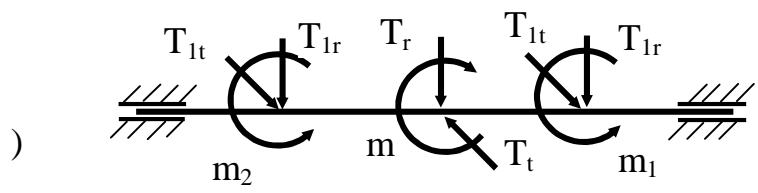
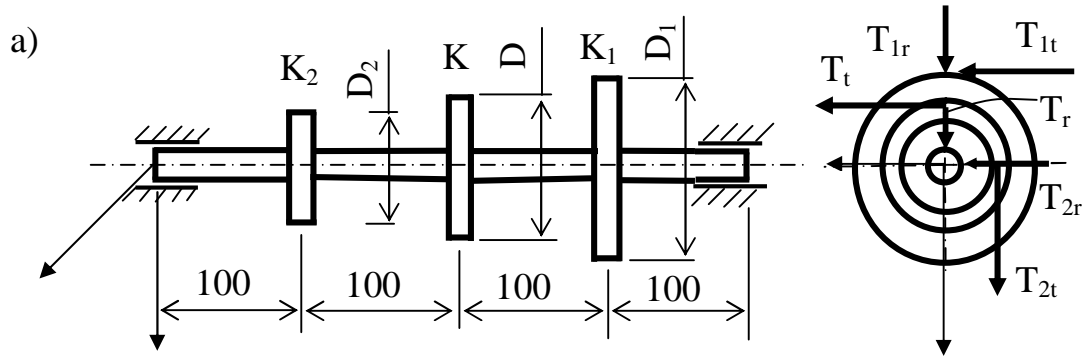
7.3.

$$\sigma = 260 \quad / \quad ^2 = 260 \quad ; [n] = 4,0; \quad T_r = 0,364 T_t.$$

$$n = 375 \quad / \quad .$$

$$250 \quad , D_1 = 300 \quad , D_2 = 200 \quad . \quad - D =$$

$$_1=28 \quad , \quad _2=12 \quad . \quad - 375 \quad / \quad . \quad = 28 \quad ,$$



.7.9.

()

()

$$\omega = \frac{\pi n}{30} = \frac{3,14 \cdot 375}{30} = 39,3 \quad / ; \quad m = \frac{K}{\omega} = \frac{28 \cdot 10^3}{39,3} = 713 \quad ;$$

$$m_1 = \frac{1}{\omega} = \frac{16 \cdot 10^3}{39,3} = 407 \quad ; \quad m_2 = \frac{2}{\omega} = \frac{12 \cdot 10^3}{39,3} = 306 \quad .$$

$$T_t = \frac{2m}{D} = \frac{2 \cdot 703 \cdot 10^3}{250} = 5624 \quad ;$$

$$T_r = 0,36 T_t = 0,36 \cdot 5620 = 2020 \quad ;$$

$$T_{1t} = \frac{2m_1}{D_1} = \frac{2 \cdot 407 \cdot 10^3}{300} = 2713 \quad ;$$

$$T_{1r} = 0,36 \cdot 2710 = 977 \quad ;$$

$$T_{2t} = \frac{2m_2}{D_2} = \frac{2 \cdot 306 \cdot 10^3}{200} = 3060 \quad ;$$

$$T_{2r} = 0,36 \cdot 3060 = 1103 \quad .$$

$$IV = \sqrt{M^2 + \quad^2 + 0,75M^2} =$$

$$= \sqrt{418^2 + 502^2 + 0,75 \cdot 407^2} = 744 \quad .$$

$$\sigma = \frac{IV}{W} \leq [\sigma]$$

$$W = \frac{\pi D^3}{32} \geq \frac{M_p^{IV}}{[\sigma]}.$$

$$[n] = 4,0$$

$$D \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{32M_p^{IV}}{\pi \frac{\sigma}{[n]}}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{32 \cdot 744 \cdot 10^3}{3,14 \frac{260}{4}}} = 49 \quad .$$

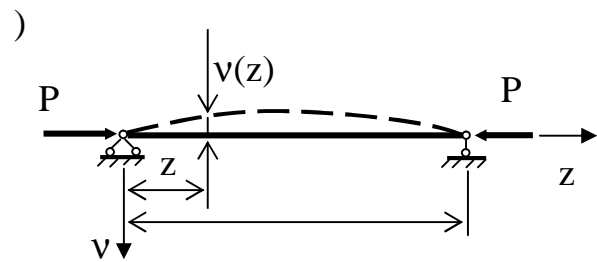
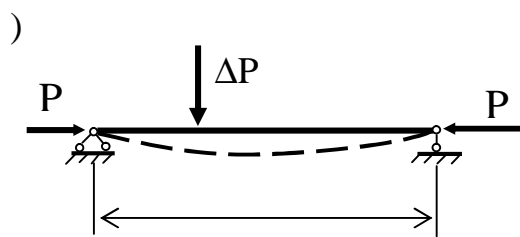
$$D = 50 \quad .$$

8.

8.1.

(8.1)

ΔP



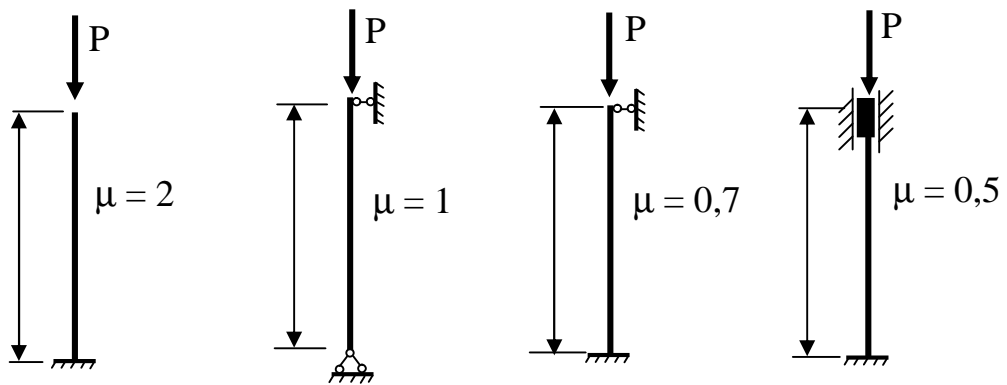
. 8.1.

()
()

P
 ΔP

P

P



. 8.2.

μ

$$P = \frac{\pi^2 EJ_{\min}}{(\mu l)^2}, \tag{8.1}$$

μ — (. 8.2); l — ; J_{\min} —
 $\mu l = l_0$

$$n_y = \frac{P}{P} \geq [n_y], \tag{8.2}$$

$n_y -$; $P -$;
 $[n_y] -$; $[n_y] -$.
 $[n_y] = 5 \div 5,5,$ $[n_y] = 1,8 \div 3,0,$
 $[n_y] = 3 \div 3,2.$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F} \leq \sigma ,$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F} = \frac{\pi^2 E J_{\min}}{F(\mu l)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\left(\frac{\mu l}{i}\right)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\lambda^2}, \tag{8.3}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu l}{i} -$$

$$\lambda \geq \lambda_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\pi^2 E}{\sigma}}. \tag{8.4}$$

$\lambda < \lambda_0$,
 \dots

$$\sigma = - \lambda, \tag{8.5}$$

(\dots) . 1).
 $\lambda < \lambda_0$ $\sigma = \sigma_0$.

$(\lambda < 80)$ -

$$\sigma = - \lambda + \lambda^2, \tag{8.6}$$

$= 776$, $= 12$, $= 0,052$.

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{\varphi F} \leq [\sigma], \tag{8.7}$$

($\varphi -$ (. .2). (8.7)) ,

1.

2.

$$[P] \leq \varphi F [\sigma]; \tag{8.8}$$

3.

$$F \geq \frac{[P]}{\varphi [\sigma]}, \tag{8.9}$$

$\varphi [\sigma] = [\sigma] -$

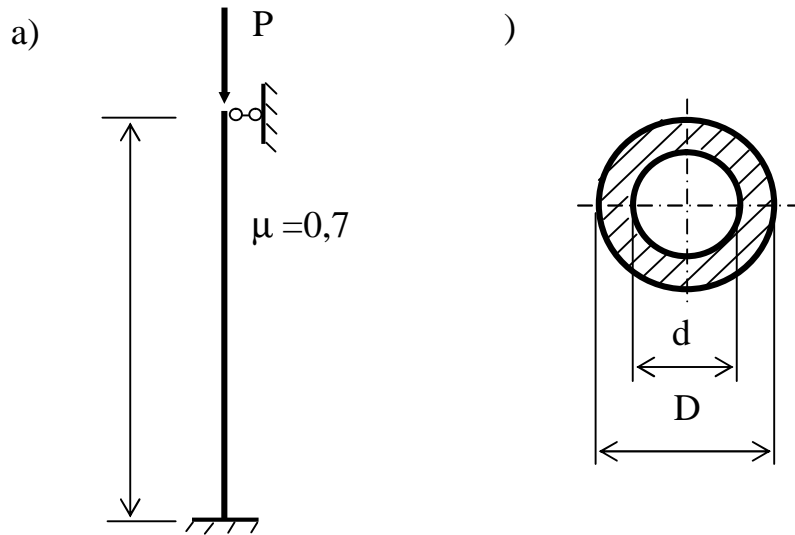
8.2.

8.1.

$[n_y] = 3, D = 120$, $d = 100$. 3, $= 2 \cdot 10^5$, $\ell = 7$.

[P]

$$[P] = \frac{P}{[n_y]}$$



. 8.3.

()

()

P

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu l}{i_{\min}}, \quad i_{\min} -$$

$$i_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{J_{\min}}{F}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi D^4}{64} (1 - C^4) / \frac{\pi D^2}{4} (1 - C^2)} = \frac{D}{4} \sqrt{1 + C^2},$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu l}{i_{\min}} = \frac{0,7 \cdot 7 \cdot 10^3}{\frac{120}{4} \sqrt{1 + 0,833^2}} = 126,$$

$$= \frac{d}{D} = \frac{100}{120} = 0,833.$$

$$\lambda > \lambda_{\text{crit}} = 100 \quad . 3,$$

:

$$P = \frac{\pi^2 EJ_{\min}}{(\mu \ell)^2} = \frac{3,14^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 530 \cdot 10^4}{(0,7 \cdot 7 \cdot 10^3)^2} = 436 \cdot 10^3 = 436 \quad ,$$

$$J_{\min} = \frac{\pi D^4}{64} (1 - C^4) = \frac{3,14 \cdot 120^4}{64} (1 - 0,833^4) = 530 \cdot 10^4 \quad ,$$

$$[P] = \frac{P}{[n_y]} = \frac{436}{3} = 145,3 \quad .$$

8.2.

(. 8.4,)

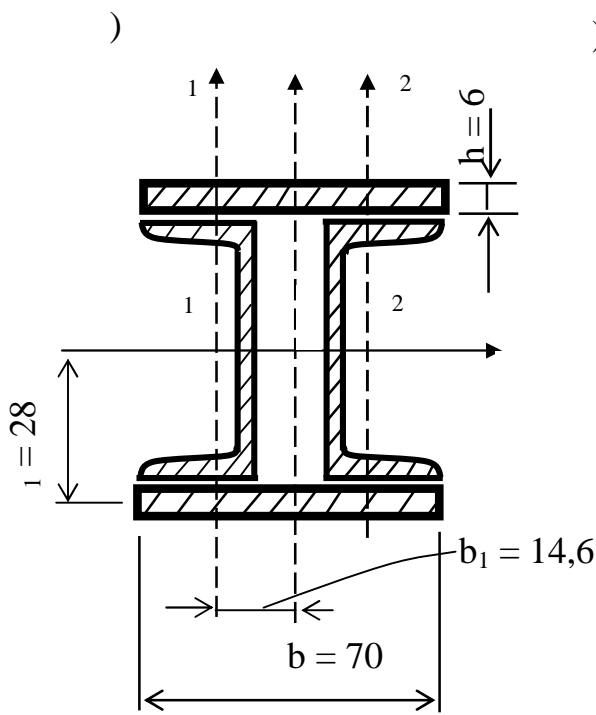
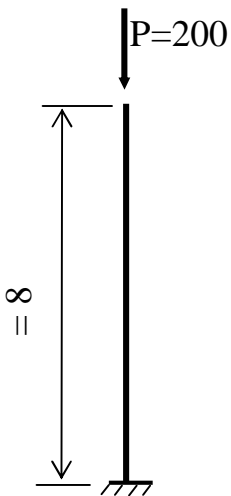
5

70×6 (. 8.4, ,); $[n_y] = 2,5,$

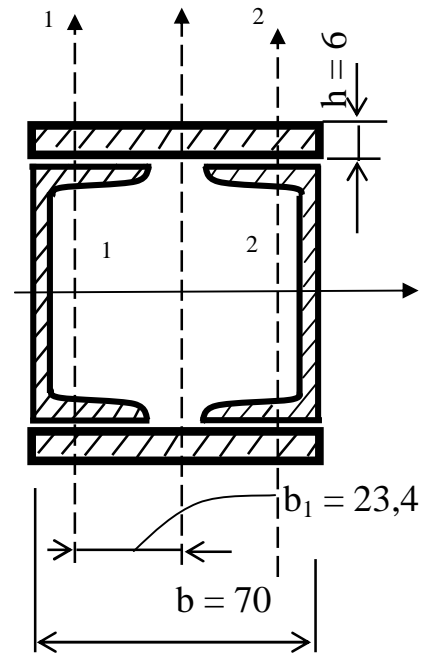
.3.

6 .

a)



. 8.4.



()
(,)

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$$J_x = \sum J_{xi} + \sum F_i a_i^2 = 2 \left(J_{x_1} + \frac{bh^3}{12} + a_1^2 bh \right) =$$

$$= 2 \left(22,8 + \frac{7 \cdot 0,6^3}{12} + 2,8^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 0,6 \right) = 112 \quad 4.$$

$$J_y = \sum J_{yi} + \sum F_i b_i^2 = 2 \left(J_{y_1} + F b_1^2 + \frac{hb^3}{12} \right) =$$

$$= 2 \left(5,6 + 6,16 \cdot 1,46^2 + \frac{0,6 \cdot 7^3}{12} \right) = 72 \quad 4.$$

$$F = \sum F_i = 2 (6,16 + 7 \cdot 0,6) = 20,72 \quad 2.$$

$$i_{\min} = i_y = \sqrt{\frac{J_y}{F}} = \sqrt{\frac{72 \cdot 10^4}{20,72 \cdot 10^2}} = 18,6 \quad .$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu \ell}{i_{\min}} = \frac{2 \cdot 800}{18,6} = 86 < \lambda = 100,$$

$$P = \sigma F = (310 - 1,14\lambda)F = (310 - 1,14 \cdot 86)20,72 \cdot 10^2 =$$

$$= 440 \cdot 10^3 = 440 \quad .$$

$$n_y = \frac{P}{P} = \frac{440}{200} = 2,2 < [n_y] = 2,5.$$

$$\delta = \frac{2,5 - 2,2}{2,5} 100 \% = 12 \%.$$

(8.4,).

:

$$J_x = 112 \cdot 10^4;$$

$$J_y = 2 \left(5,6 + 2,34^2 \cdot 6,16 + \frac{0,6 \cdot 7^3}{12} \right) = 114 \cdot 10^4.$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} J_x, J_y \\ (J_x \approx J_y) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$i_{\min} = i_x = \sqrt{\frac{J_x}{F}} = \sqrt{\frac{112 \cdot 10^4}{20,72 \cdot 10^2}} = 23,2 \quad ;$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2 \cdot 800}{23,2} = 69.$$

$$P = \sigma = F(310 - 1,14 \cdot 69) 20,72 \cdot 10^2 = 480 \cdot 10^3 = 480 \quad ;$$

$$n_y = \frac{P}{P} = \frac{480}{200} = 2,4 < [n_y] = 2,5.$$

$$\delta = \frac{2,5 - 2,4}{2,5} 100 \% = 4 \% ,$$

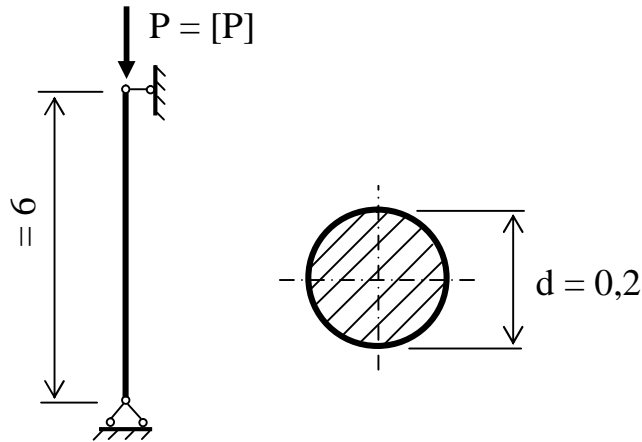
8.3.

[]

 $[n_y]$

$$\ell = 6 \quad ; \quad d = 200 \quad ; \quad [\sigma] = 10 \quad / \quad ^2;$$

$$= 1 \cdot 10^4 \quad / \quad ^2.$$



. 8.5.

$$i_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{J_{\min}}{F}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi d^4}{64} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi d^2}} = \frac{d}{4} = \frac{200}{4} = 50 \quad .$$

$\mu = 1$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu l}{i_{\min}} = \frac{6 \cdot 10^3}{50} = 120 > \lambda \quad .$$

$$\varphi = 0,22$$

$$\lambda = 120$$

. 2.

$$P = \frac{\pi E J_{\min}}{(\mu l)^2} = \frac{3,14^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^4 \frac{3,14}{64} 200^4}{6000^2} = 215 \cdot 10^3 = 215 \quad .$$

(8.7)

$$[P] = [\sigma] \varphi F = 10 \cdot 0,22 \frac{3,14 \cdot 200^2}{4} = 69,1 \cdot 10^3 = 69,1 \quad ;$$

$$[n_y] = \frac{P}{[P]} = \frac{215 \cdot 10^3}{69,1 \cdot 10^3} = 3,12.$$

$$- \Delta\lambda = 10, \Delta\varphi = -0,08.$$

$$\lambda = 107, \varphi(107) = \varphi + \Delta\varphi \cdot 0,7 = 0,60 - 0,08 \cdot 0,7 = 0,544.$$

φ

$$30, F = 49,9 \text{ }^2, i_{\min} = 2,95 \text{ }.$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu \ell}{i_{\min}} = \frac{2 \cdot 1,5 \cdot 10^3}{2,95 \cdot 10} = 102 \text{ }.$$

$$\lambda \quad \varphi = 0,584.$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F} = \frac{400 \cdot 10^3}{49,9 \cdot 10^2} = 80,2 \text{ } / \text{ }^2.$$

$$[\sigma] = \varphi[\sigma] = 0,584 \cdot 160 = 93,3 \text{ } / \text{ }^2.$$

$$\delta = \frac{99,3 - 80,2}{93,3} 100 \% = 14 \%.$$

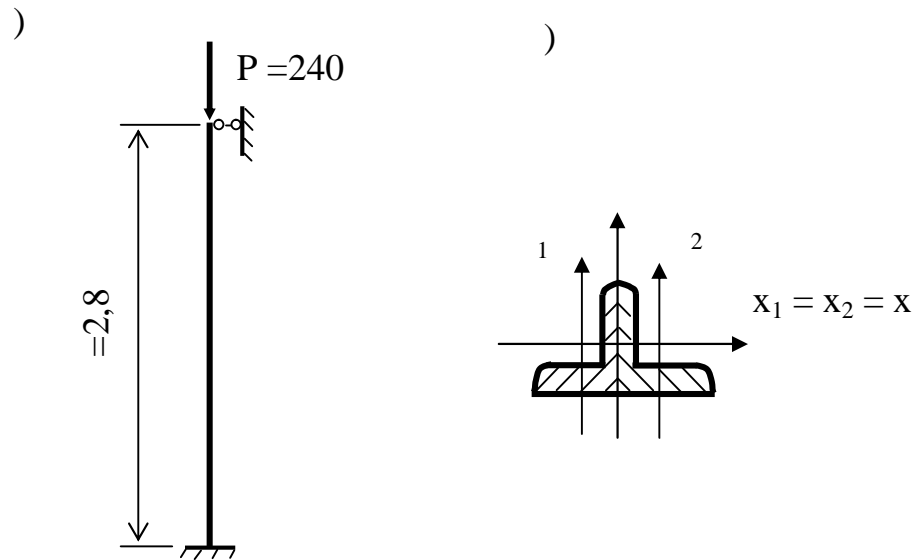
6,2 %, ,

(30)

30.

8.5.

$$\ell = 2,8 \text{ } , \quad = 240 \text{ } , \quad .3, [\sigma] = 160 \text{ } / \text{ }^2.$$



. 8.7.

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$$\varphi = 0,5,$$

$$F \geq \frac{P}{\varphi[\sigma]} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{0,5 \cdot 160} = 30 \cdot 10^2 \quad \text{cm}^2 = 30 \quad \text{cm}^2.$$

90×90×9. -

$$F = 2 \cdot 15,6 = 31,2 \quad \text{cm}^2; \quad J_x = 2 \cdot 118 = 236 \quad \text{cm}^4;$$

$$J_y = 2 \cdot 219 = 438 \quad \text{cm}^4, \quad i_{\min} = i_x = \sqrt{J_x / F} = \sqrt{236 / 31,2} = 2,75 \text{ cm}.$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu l}{i_{\min}} = \frac{0,7 \cdot 2,8 \cdot 10^3}{27,5} = 71.$$

 φ

,

8.4

$$\varphi(71) = \varphi(70) + \Delta\varphi \cdot 0,1 = 0,81 - 0,06 \cdot 0,1 = 0,804.$$

$$[\sigma] = \varphi[\sigma] = 0,804 \cdot 160 = 128,6 \quad \text{MPa}.$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{31,2 \cdot 10^2} = 77 \quad \text{MPa},$$

$$\varphi = \frac{0,5 + 0,804}{2} = 0,65,$$

$$F \geq \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{\varphi[\sigma]} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{0,65 \cdot 160} = 23 \cdot 10^2 \quad \text{N} = 23 \cdot 10^2.$$

75×75×8

$$F = 2 \cdot 11,5 = 23 \cdot 10^2, \quad i_{\min} = i_x = 2,28 \text{ cm},$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu \ell}{i_{\min}} = \frac{0,7 \cdot 2,8 \cdot 10^3}{22,8} = 85,5 \rightarrow \varphi = 0,717.$$

$$[\sigma_y] = \varphi[\sigma] = 0,717 \cdot 160 = 114,7 \quad \text{N/mm}^2.$$

$$\sigma = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{F} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{23 \cdot 10^2} = 104,4 \quad \text{N/mm}^2.$$

$$\delta = \frac{114,7 - 104,4}{114,7} 100\% = 9\%.$$

$$\varphi = \frac{0,65 + 0,717}{2} = 0,683.$$

$$F \geq \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{\varphi[\sigma]} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{0,683 \cdot 160} = 22 \cdot 10^2 \quad \text{N}.$$

70×70×8

$$F = 2 \cdot 10,7 = 21,4 \quad \text{cm}^2, \quad i_{\min} = i_x = 2,13 \quad \text{cm},$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\mu \ell}{i_{\min}} = \frac{0,7 \cdot 2,8 \cdot 10^3}{2,13} = 92.$$

$$\varphi = 0,672,$$

$$[\sigma_y] = \varphi[\sigma] = 0,672 \cdot 160 = 107,6 \quad \text{MPa}.$$

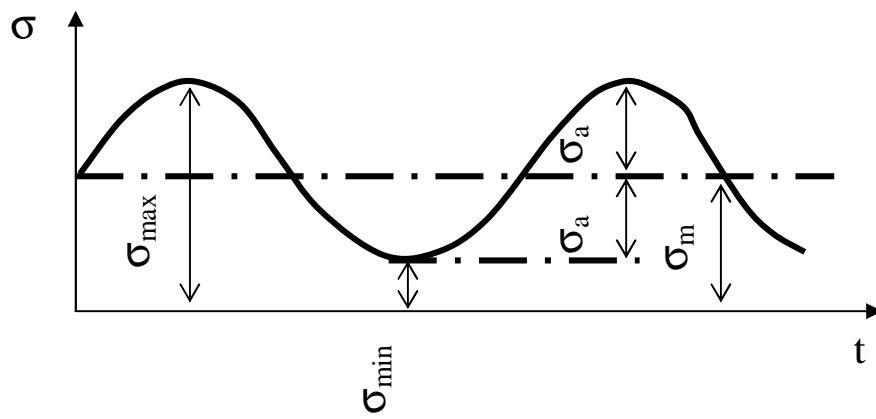
$$\sigma = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{240 \cdot 10^3}{21,4 \cdot 10^2} = 112 \quad \text{MPa}.$$

$$\delta = \frac{112 - 107,6}{112} 100\% = 4\%.$$

70×70×8.

9.

9.1.



.9.1.

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$$\begin{aligned} & \sigma_{\max} = -\sigma_{\min}, \\ & \sigma_{\max} = \sigma_{\min} \\ & \sigma_{\max} = \sigma_{\min} \end{aligned} \quad (9.1)$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = \sigma_m + \sigma_a; \quad \sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_{\max} + \sigma_{\min}}{2}; \quad (9.1)$$

$$\sigma_{\min} = \sigma_m - \sigma_a; \quad \sigma_a = \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2}, \quad (9.2)$$

$$\sigma_m = \dots; \quad \sigma_a = \dots$$

$$R = \frac{\sigma_{\min}}{\sigma_{\max}}. \quad (9.3)$$

$$n_\sigma = \frac{\sigma_{-1}}{\frac{\kappa_\sigma}{\epsilon\beta} \sigma_a + \Psi_\sigma \sigma_m}; \quad n_\tau = \frac{\tau_{-1}}{\frac{\kappa_\tau}{\epsilon\beta} \tau_a + \Psi_\tau \tau_m}, \quad (9.4)$$

$$\sigma_{-1}, \tau_{-1} = \dots$$

$$\kappa_\sigma, \kappa_\tau = \dots$$

$$\epsilon = \dots$$

$$\beta = \dots$$

$$\Psi_\sigma, \Psi_\tau = \dots$$

$$\sigma_a = \frac{\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}}{2} = \frac{\sigma_{\max} - (-\sigma_{\max})}{2} = \sigma_{\max}, \quad (9.5)$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{M}{W} = \frac{M}{0,1d^3} = \sigma, \quad (9.6)$$

$$\sigma_m = \frac{\sigma_{\max} + (-\sigma_{\max})}{2} = 0. \quad (9.7)$$

(),

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$$\tau_a = \frac{\tau_{\max} - \tau_{\min}}{2} = \frac{\tau_{\max} - 0}{2} = \frac{\tau_{\max}}{2}, \quad (9.8)$$

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M_{\kappa}}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{M_{\kappa}}{0,2d^3}.$$

n_{σ} n_{τ} () ($n \geq n_0$):

$$n = \frac{n_{\sigma} n_{\tau}}{\sqrt{n_{\sigma}^2 + n_{\tau}^2}}. \quad (9.9)$$

,

$$d = d = \sqrt[3]{\frac{n_0}{n}}, \quad (9.10)$$

d — ; n — ; n_0 — .

1. —

2. ()

3.

4. [σ]

5. « ».

6. () () ()

« »

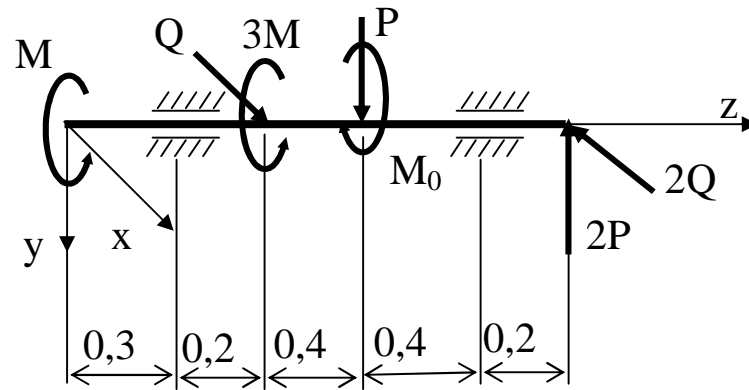
9.2.

9.1.

$M = 320 \text{ H}$; $\dots = 1,8$; $\dots = 410$; $Q = 180 \text{ H}$; $n_0 = 2$.

— 40 , —

I.



. 9.2.

$$\sum M = 0, R_{By} 1,8 - 820 \cdot 2,16 + 410 \cdot 1,08 = 0,$$

$$R_{By} = 738 \quad ,$$

$$\sum = 0, R_{Ay} 1,8 - 410 \cdot 0,72 - 820 \cdot 0,36 = 0,$$

$$R_{Ay} = 328 \quad .$$

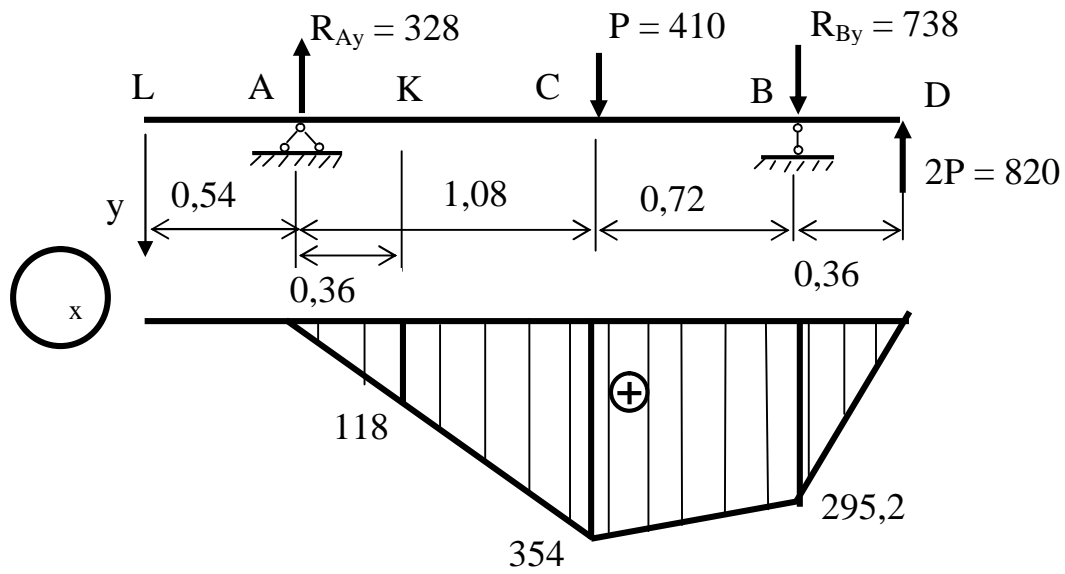
$$: 328 + 820 - 738 - 410 = 1128 - 1148 \approx 0.$$

$$M_x = 0,$$

$$M_x = 328 \cdot 1,08 = 354 \quad . \quad ,$$

$$M_x = 820 \cdot 0,36 = 295,2 \quad . \quad ,$$

$$D_x = 0.$$



. 9.3.

$$\sum \quad = 0, \quad R_{Bx} \cdot 1,8 - 360 \cdot 2,16 + 180 \cdot 0,36 = 0,$$

$$R_{Bx} = 396 \quad ,$$

$$\sum \quad = 0, \quad -R_{Ax} \cdot 1,8 + 180 \cdot 1,44 + 360 \cdot 0,36 = 0,$$

$$R_{Ax} = 216 \quad .$$

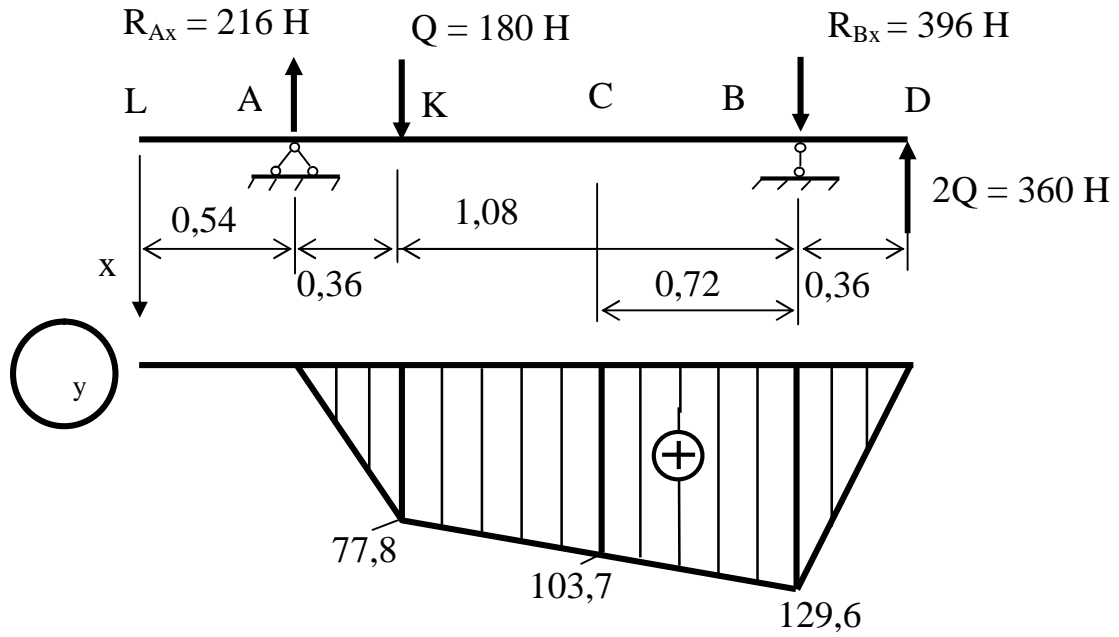
:

$$y = 0,$$

$$Dy = 0,$$

$$y = 216 \cdot 0,36 = 77,8 \quad . \quad ,$$

$$y = 360 \cdot 0,36 = 129,6 \quad . \quad .$$

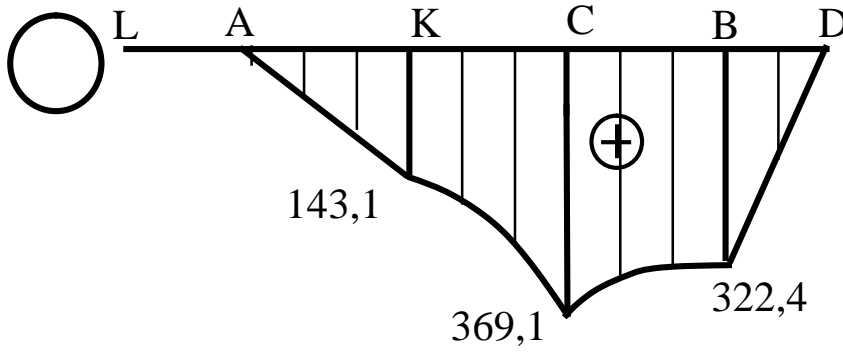


. 9.4.

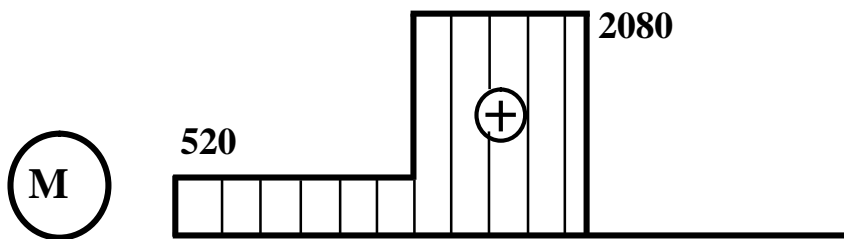
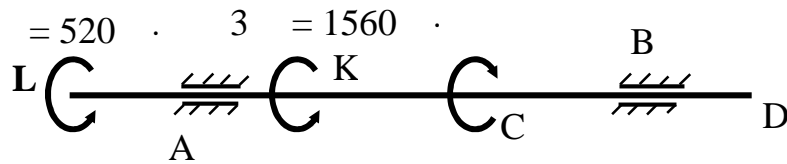
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{y}}, \\
 &= 0, \\
 &= \sqrt{118^2 + 77,8^2} = \sqrt{1997,7} = 141,34 \quad \cdot, \\
 &= \sqrt{354,2^2 + 103,7^2} = 369,1 \quad \cdot, \\
 &= \sqrt{295,2^2 + 129,6^2} = 322,4 \quad \cdot.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = 520 \quad \cdot,$$

$$K = L + 3 = 520 + 1560 = 2080 \quad \cdot.$$



. 9.5.



. 9.6.

3-

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$$M_p^{\text{III}} = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{369,1^2 + 2080^2} = 2112,5 \quad ,$$

$$W \geq \frac{\sqrt{2^2 + 2^2}}{[\sigma]}, \quad W_y \cong 0,1d^3.$$

$$40 : \sigma = 360 / \quad ,$$

$$[\sigma] = \frac{\sigma}{n_0} = \frac{360}{2} = 180 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

$$d \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{2112,5 \cdot 10^3}{0,1 \cdot 180}} = 49 \quad .$$

$$d = 50 \quad (\quad . \quad . 3).$$

2.

() .

(. . 4

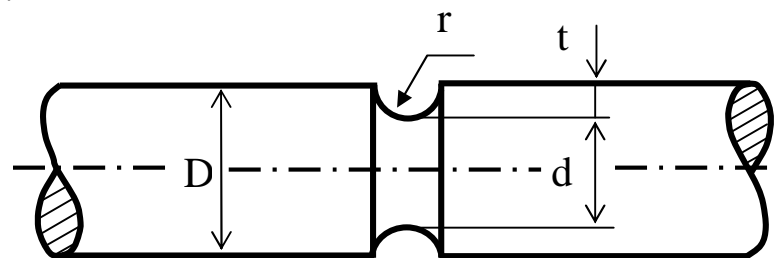
5):

$$\sigma = 360 \quad / \quad ^2, \quad \sigma = 700 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

$$\sigma_{-1} = 0,31\sigma + 70 = 0,31 \cdot 700 + 70 = 287 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

$$\tau_{-1} = 0,54\sigma_{-1} = 0,54 \cdot 287 = 155 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

$$\psi_{\sigma} = 0,05, \quad \psi_{\tau} = 0.$$



. 9.7.

$$b = \frac{r}{d} = 0,05, \quad \frac{t}{r} = 1.$$

6

$$\sigma = 1 + \alpha(\sigma_0 - 1) = 1 + 1(1,8 - 1) = 1,8,$$

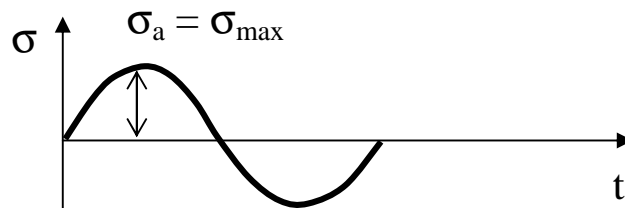
$$\sigma_0 = 1,8 \quad r/d = 0,05 \quad \sigma = 700 \quad / \quad 2,$$

$$\alpha = 1, \quad \beta = 0,79, \quad \varepsilon = 0,8, \quad \psi_{\sigma} = 0,05.$$

$$\tau = 1 + \alpha(\tau_0 - 1) = 1 + 1(1,51 - 1) = 1,51,$$

$$\tau_0 = 1,51 \quad r/d = 0,05 \quad \sigma = 700 \quad / \quad 2,$$

$$\alpha = 1, \quad \beta = 0,79, \quad \varepsilon = 0,8, \quad \psi_{\tau} = 0.$$

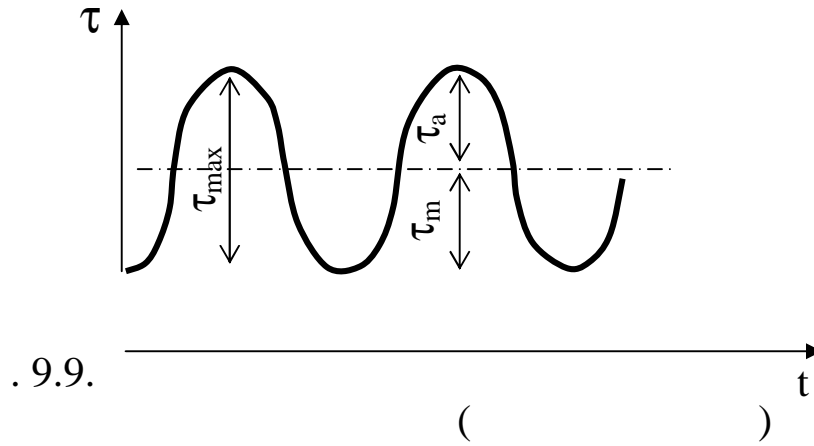


. 9.8.

(9.4). (. 9.8):

$$\sigma_{\max} = \sigma_a = \frac{M}{W_y} = \frac{369,1 \cdot 10^3}{0,1 d^3} = \frac{369,1 \cdot 10^3}{0,1 \cdot 50^3} = 29,5 \quad / \quad 2,$$

$$n_{\sigma} = \frac{287}{\frac{29,5 \cdot 1,8}{0,8 \cdot 0,79}} = 3,42 > 2.$$



(. 9.9):

$$\tau = \frac{2080 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 0,2 d^3} = \frac{2080 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 0,2 \cdot 50^3} = 41,6 \quad / \quad ^2;$$

$$n_\tau = \frac{155}{\frac{41,6 \cdot 1,51}{0,8 \cdot 0,79}} = 1,56 < 2;$$

$$n = \frac{3,42 \cdot 1,56}{\sqrt{3,42^2 + 1,56^2}} = 1,42 < 2.$$

$$n < n_0, \dots$$

$$d = 50 \sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{1,42}} = 50 \sqrt[3]{1,41} = 50 \cdot 1,12 = 56$$

$$(\quad - 6636-69) d = 56$$

n.

:

$$K_0 = 1,8; \quad \beta = 0,8; \quad \varepsilon = 0,78.$$

$$\sigma = \sigma_{\max} = \frac{M}{0,1d^3} = \frac{369,1 \cdot 10^3}{0,1 \cdot 56^3} = 20 \quad / \quad 2;$$

$$n_{\sigma} = \frac{287}{\frac{20 \cdot 1,8}{0,8 \cdot 0,78}} = 4,77.$$

$$\tau = \frac{\tau_{\max}}{2} = \frac{2080 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 0,2 \cdot 5,6^3 \cdot 10^3} = 29,6 \quad / \quad 2,$$

$$n_{\tau} = \frac{155}{\frac{29,6 \cdot 1,51}{0,8 \cdot 0,78}} = 2,16,$$

$$n = \frac{4,77 \cdot 2,16}{\sqrt{4,77^2 + 2,16^2}} = 1,97 \approx 2.$$

$$n < n_0,$$

$$d = 56 \quad .$$

n_{τ} .

(. 9.10):

1).

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{\tau_{-1} - \psi_{\tau} \tau'_m}{\kappa_{\tau} / \epsilon \beta} + \tau'_m,$$

$$\tau'_m -$$

$$\tau'_m = 0 \quad \tau_{\max} = \frac{\tau_{-1} - \psi_{\tau} \tau'_m}{\kappa_{\tau} / \epsilon \beta} = \frac{155 \cdot 0,78 \cdot 0,8}{1,51} = 64 \quad / \quad 2,$$

$$\tau'_m = 40 \quad / \quad 2$$

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{\tau_{-1} - \psi_{\tau} \tau_m}{\kappa_{\tau} / \varepsilon \beta} + \tau'_m = \frac{155 \cdot 0,78 \cdot 0,8}{1,51} + 40,0 = 104,0 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

N

2).

$$\tau = 0,5 \sigma = 0,5 \cdot 360,0 = 180,0 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

3).

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M}{W_{\rho}} = \frac{2080 \cdot 10^3}{0,2 \cdot 56^3} = 59,2 \quad / \quad ^2,$$

$$\tau_m = \tau = \frac{\tau_{\max}}{2} = \frac{59,2}{2} = 29,6 \quad / \quad ^2.$$

()

4).

 (τ_0)

$$(\tau_0) \cong 130 \quad / \quad ^2.$$

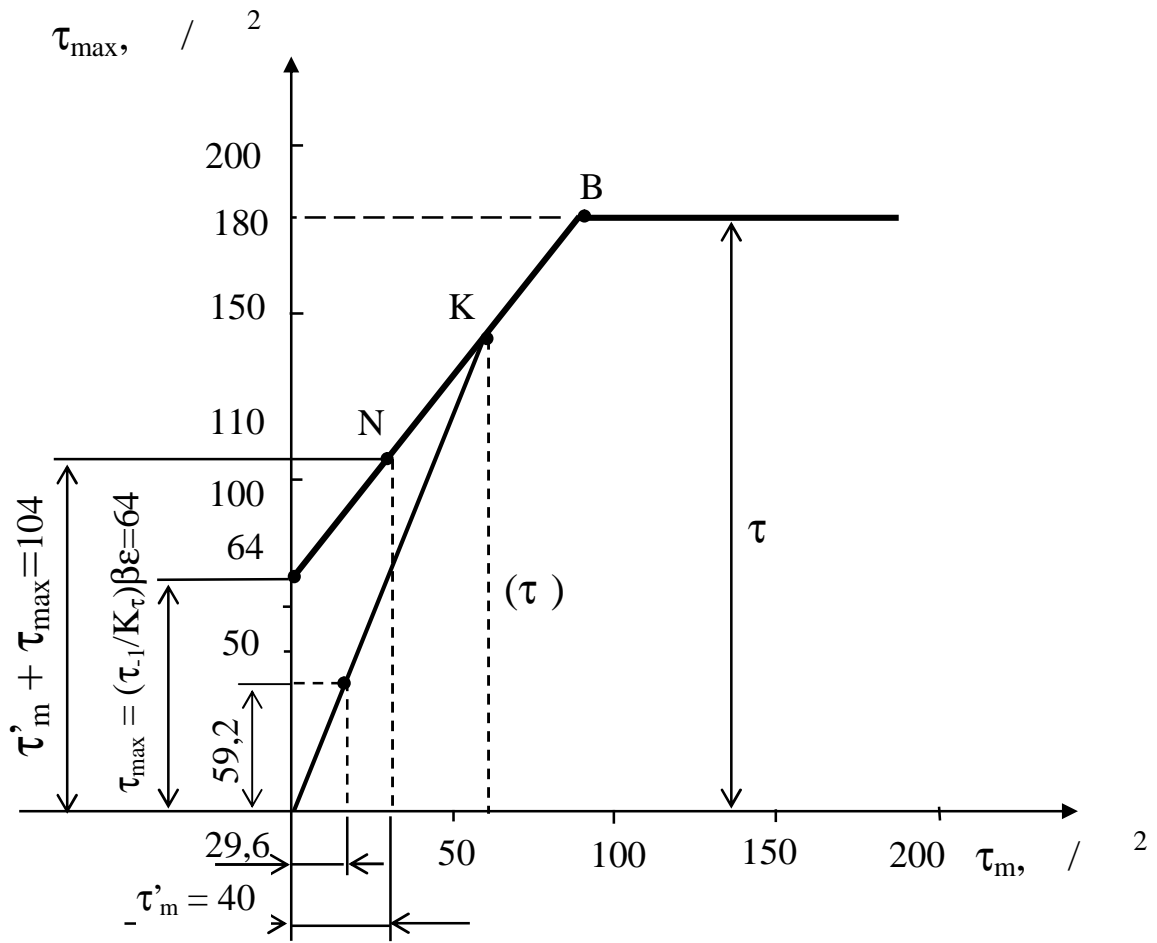
5).

 n_{τ}

$$n_{\tau} = \frac{(\tau_0)A}{\tau_{\max}} = \frac{130,0}{59,2} = 2,2.$$

 n_{τ}

$$\delta = \frac{2,2 - 2,16}{2,16} \cdot 100 \% = 1,85 \%,$$



. 9.10.

—

$\lambda_0 \leq \lambda \leq \lambda = \sqrt{\frac{\pi^2}{\sigma}}$				
	λ_0	λ	, / ²	, / ²
.2, .3, 10, 15, 20	40	100	310	1,14
.5, 30, 35		100	464	3,26
40		90	321	1,16
15, 18, 2, 25, 2		100	589	3,82
()	0	110	29,3	0,194

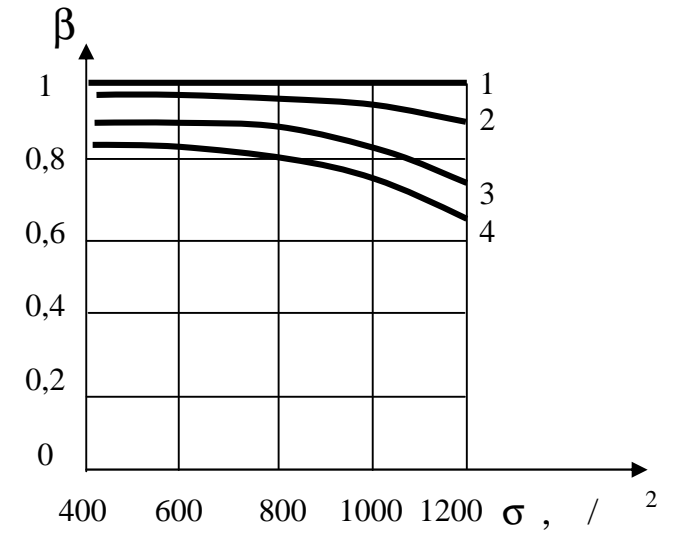
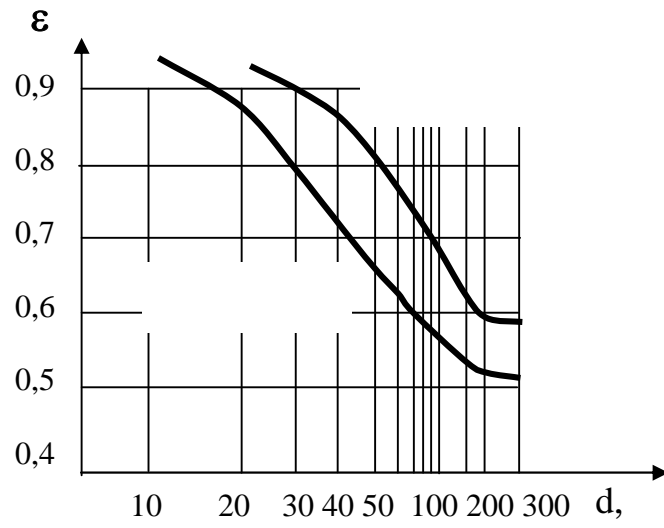
$\sigma = a - \lambda + c\lambda^2;$
 $= 776 / \lambda^2; = 12 / \lambda^2;$
 $c = 0,053 / \lambda^2; \lambda = 80$

(6636-69 ") R 20

4; 4,5; 5; 5,6; 6,3; 7,1; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 14; 16; 18; 20; 22; 25; 28; 32; 36; 40; 45; 50; 56; 63; 71; 80; 90; 100; 110; 125; 140; 160; 180; 200; 220; 250; 280; 320; 360; 400.

Ψ

σ , / ²	350-550	520-750	700-1000	1000-1200	1200-1400
$\Psi\sigma$	0	0,05	0,1	0,2	0,25
$\Psi\tau$	0	0	0,05	0,1	0,15

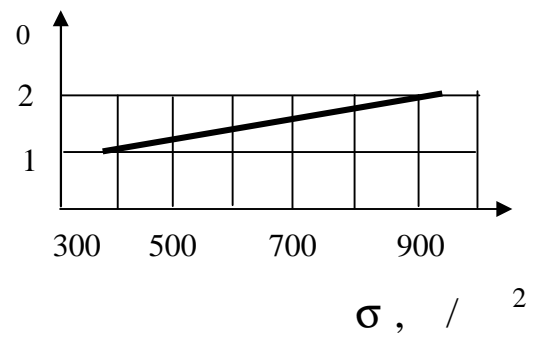
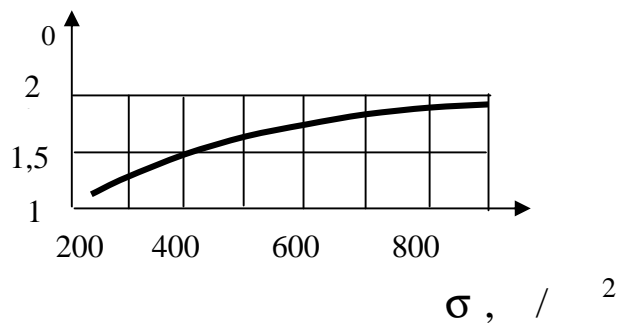
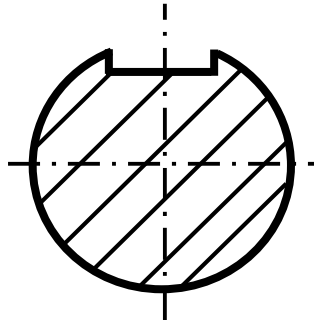


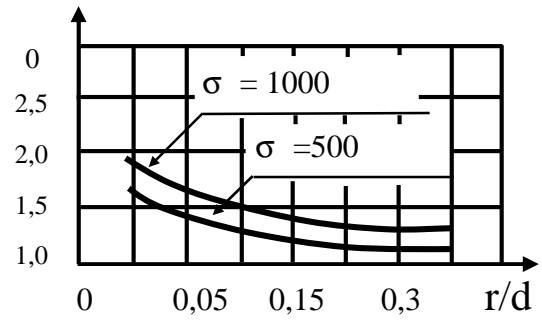
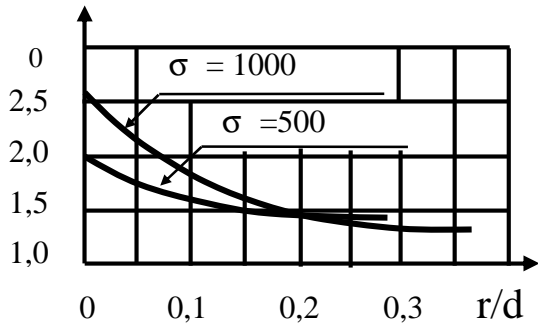
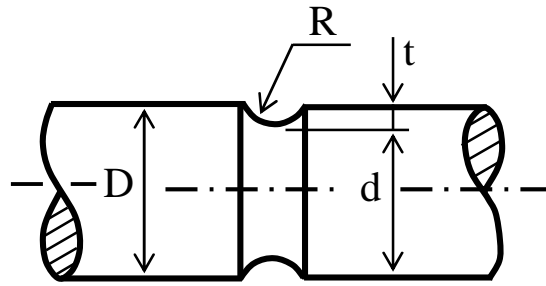
- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

()						
	-	σ , / 2	σ , / 2	- - , / 2	- - , / 2	- - , / 2
1	3		230-250/240	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,33 \sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,53 \sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,716 \sigma_{-1}$
2	4	420-520/480	240-260/250			
3	5	500-620/580	270-290/280			
4	6	600-720/630	300-320/310			
5	7	>700	330-350/340			
6	20	400-540/510	260	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,33 \sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,53 \sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,716 \sigma_{-1}$
7	25	480-580/550	280			
8	30	520-620/580	300			
9	35	560-660/620	320			
10	40	600-720/660	340			
11	45	640-760/700	360			
12	50	680-800/730	380	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,33 \sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,53 \sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,71 \sigma$
13	55	710-830/760	400			
14	60	730-850/780	420			
15	65	760-880/800	430			
16	70	780-900/820	440			

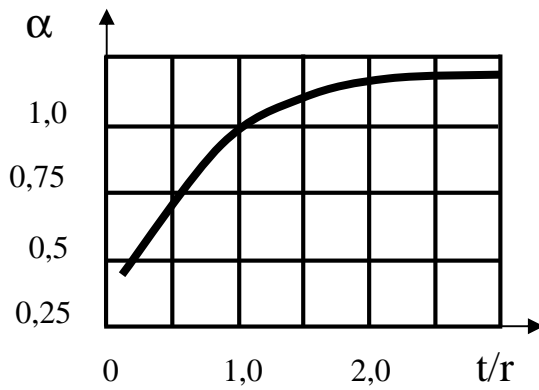
		σ , /	σ , / ²	- / ² ,	- / ²	- / ²
1	<u>20</u>	800	650	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,3\sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,58\sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,77\sigma_{-1}$
2	40	1000	850			
3	45	1050	900			
4	12	1000	850			
5	12 2	1200	1000			
6	20	950	800			
7	20 2	1400	1200			
8	30	1100	900			
9	18	1150	950			
10	30	1500	1300			
11	35	1150	950			
12	40	1050	1050			
13	38	800	800			
14	30	950	950			
15	35	1400	1400			
16	20	800	800			
17	40	950	950			

()						
	-	$\sigma, / 2$	$\sigma, / 2$	$, / 2$	$, / 2$	$, / 2$
1	15	500	250	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,31\sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,54\sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,73\sigma_{-1}$
2	20	520	280			
3	30	620	320			
4	40	700	360			
5	45	720	380			
6	50	800	400			
7	15 2	560	210			
8	20 2	610	340			
9	30 2	700	400			
10	35 2	780	430			
11	40 2	820	460			
12	45 2	880	490			
13	50 2	910	520			
14	20	800	650	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,3\sigma + 70$	$\tau_{-1} = 0,58\sigma_{-1}$	$\sigma_{-1} = 0,77\sigma_{-1}$
15	30	900	750			
16	35	950	800			
17	40	1000	850			
18	45	1050	900			



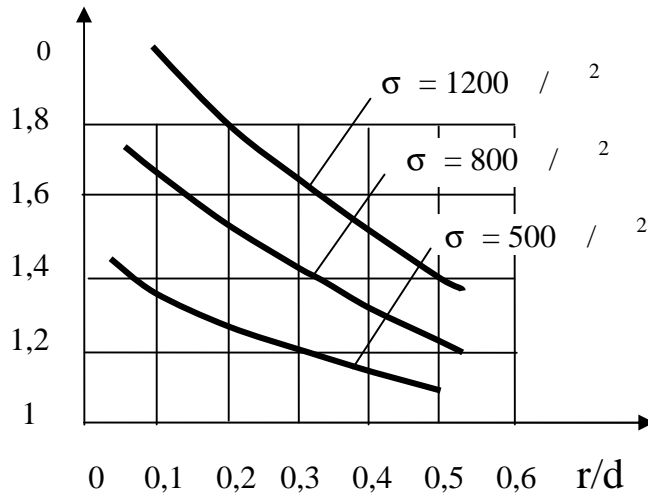
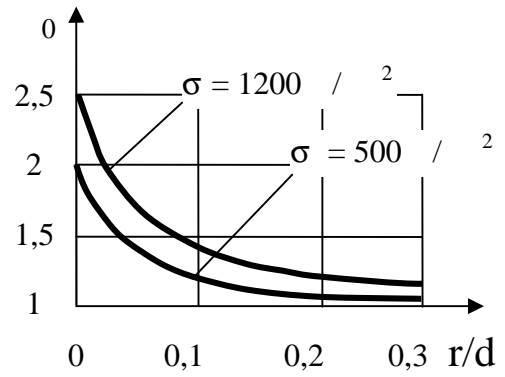
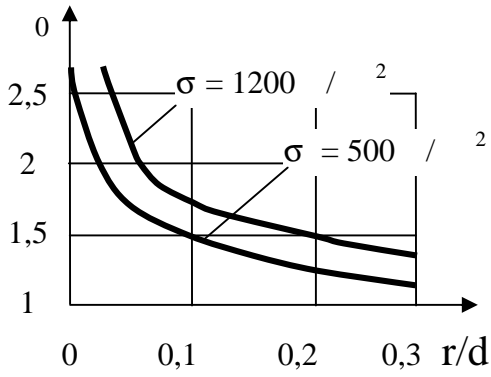
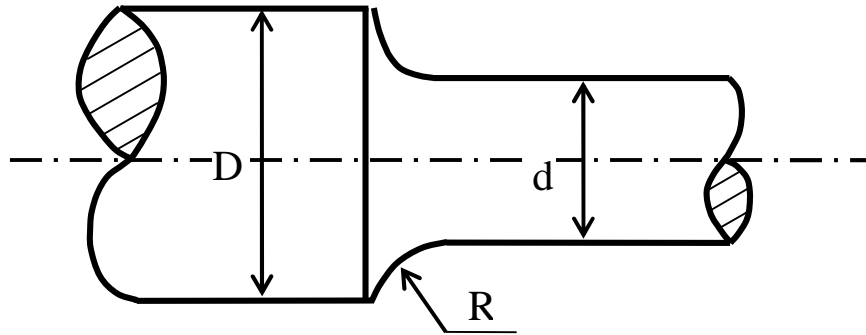


$t/r = 1$

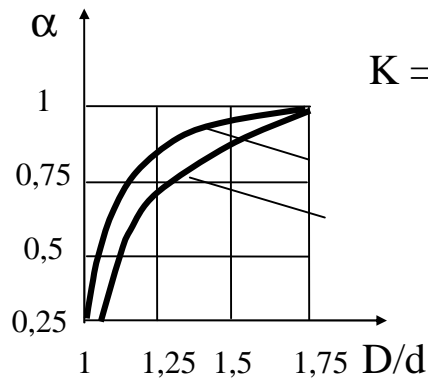


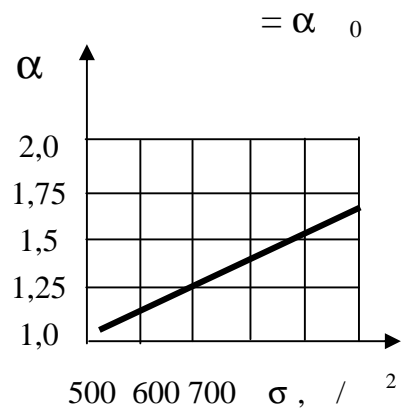
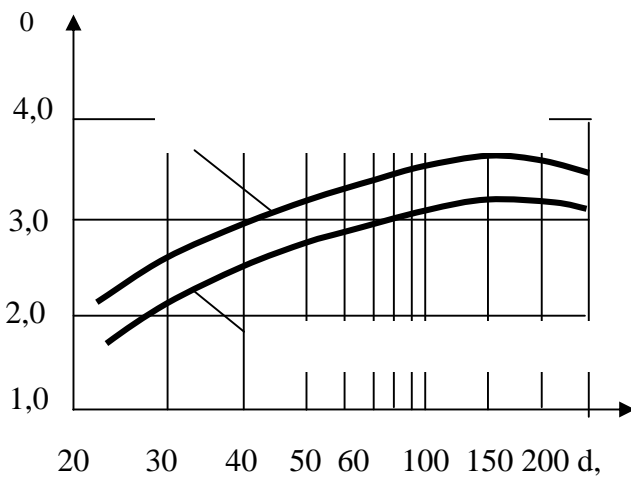
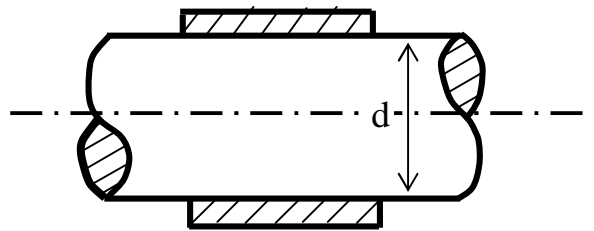
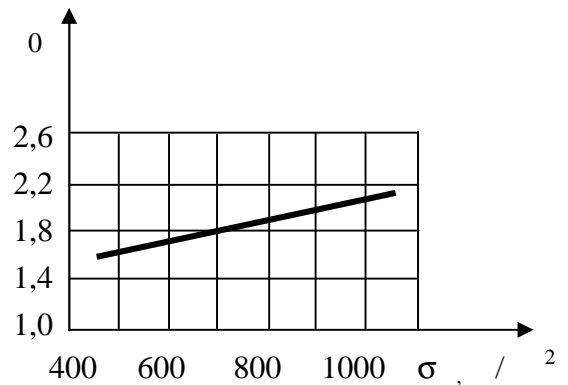
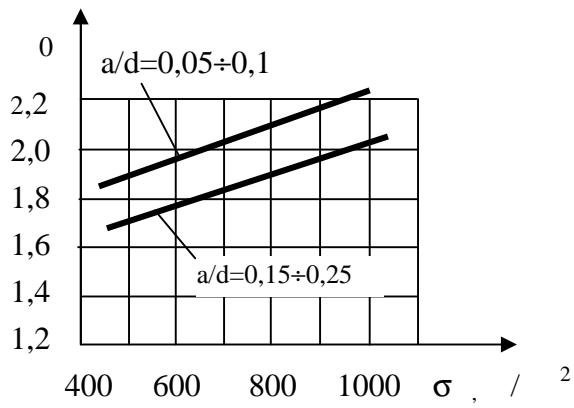
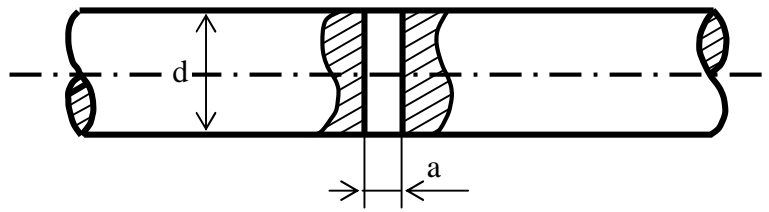
$= 1 + \alpha (\sigma_0 - 1)$

6 ()



$D/d = 2$





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3. , - . : . . - 2008. - 350 .
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